

# **CDF**

## **Visual Basic Reference Manual**

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# Chapter 1

## 1 Compiling

VB-CDF distribution is packaged in a self-extracting installer. Once the installer is downloaded and run, all distributed files, i.e., APIs, test programs, batch files, help information and the document, will be placed into a directory of choice, and environment variables, **PATH** and **CsharpCDFDir**, are automatically set. If an older version already exists in the host machine, the installer will try to remove it before the new one is installed.

To VB, CDF library is unmanaged code distributed in the native DLL. The distributed .DLLs were built from a 32-bit (x86) Windows and they can be run on a 32-bit Windows via the x86-compatible Common Language Runtime (CLR), as well as a 64-bit Windows under WOW64.

### 1.1 Namespaces

Several classes are created for VB applications that facilitate the calls to the native **CDF DLL**. The **CDF namespace** has been set up to include these CDF related classes: **CDFConstants**, **CDFException**, **CDFAPIs**, and **CDFUtils**. **CDFConstants** provides commonly used constants that mimic to those defined in the .DLL **CDFException** provides the exception handling when a failed CDF operation is detected. **CDFAPIs** provide all (static) public (and private) methods that VB applications can call to interact with the similar, underlining functions provided by the CDF Standard Interface in the .DLL. **CDFUtils** provides several small utility tools. These classes are distributed in the form of **signed assemblies**, as **.DLLs**. To facilitate the access to functions in DLL, each VB application must use the “**cdf**” namespace in order to call the VB-CDF APIs. The following namespaces should be included by VB applications that call CDF APIs:

```
imports System
imports System.Runtime.InteropServices
imports CDF
```

### 1.2 Base Classes

**CDFAPIs** is the main class that provides the VB-CDF APIs. Class **CDFAPIs** inherits from **CDFConstants** class, which defines all constants referenced by the CDF. A VB application, if inheriting from the **CDFAPIs** class, can call all

CDFAPIs methods and refer CDFConstants' constants directly, without specifying their class names. CDFException class inherits from VB's Exception class and CDFUtils class inherits from CDFConstants class as well, .

## 1.3 Compiling with Compiler Options

If a test application, e.g., TestCDF.vb, resides in the same directory as all distributed .dll files, the following command can be used to create an executable

```
vbc /platform:x86 /r:CDFAPIs.dll,CDFException.dll,
CDFConstants.dll,CDFUtils.dll TestCDF.vb
```

**vbc.exe**, the VB compiler, can be called automatically from an IDE such as Visual Studio .NET, or run from the command line if the PATH environment variable is set properly. vbc.exe can be found in the **Windows's .NET Framework** directory, <windows>\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v#. # (v#. # as v3.5 or in the latest release version).

**/platform:x86** option is required for the Windows running 64-bit OS as VB-CDF is built on an **x86** (32-bit) platform.

When the VB-CDF package is installed, the **PATH** environment variable is automatically modified to include the installation directory so the native CDF .DLL, **dllcdfsharp.dll**, becomes available when a VB application calls CDF functions. Once the executable, TestCDF.exe, is created, it can be run from any directory.

If the VB applications that call CDF APIs reside in the directories other than the VB-CDF installation directory, the following compilation command can be used to create an executable (.exe):

```
vbc /platform:x86
/lib:%CsharpCDFDir%
/r:cdfapis.dll,cdfconstants.dll,cdfexception.dll,cdfutils.dll
TestCDF.vb
```

where environment variable CsharpCDFDir, the installation directory for VB-CDF package, is set when the installer is run.

When the executable is run, an exception of "**FileNotFoundException**" will be encountered as CDFAPIs could not be loaded. It's because the distributed CDF assemblies are considered **private** in the .NET environment. The .NET Framework's runtime, **Common Language Runtime (CLR)**, will not be able to locate the files if the application resides in a different directory from the called assemblies. To make these assemblies **global** so CLR can locate, they need to be placed in the **Global Assembly Cache (GAC)** repository. Use the following steps to do so:

```
gacutil /i CDFConstants.dll
gacutil /i CDFException.dll
gacutil /i CDFAPIs.dll
gacutil /i CDFUtils.dll
```

**gacutil.exe** (Global Assembly Cache utility) is a **Microsoft Software Development Kits (SDKs)** utility that can insert, list and remove the assemblies to and from GAC. Gacutil.exe usually can be found at <Program Files>\Microsoft SDKs\Windows\v#. #\bin (v#. # as v6.0A or in the latest release version). Use "gacutil /u" to remove assemblies of older versions from GAC.

**ildasm.exe** is another SDKs utility that can be used to browse the assemblies for information as versions, keys, etc..

## 1.4 Sample programs

A couple of sample programs are included for distribution. **Qst2vb.vb** and **Qst2vb2.vb**, the quick test programs for VB. Qst2vb.vb uses the VB value type for data read and write to a CDF file. Qst2vb2.vb passes in the base class **objects** for arguments while reading the data from a CDF. **Qts2cEpoch.vb**, **Qst2cEpoch16.vb** and **Qst2cTT2000.vb** are three sample programs that show how EPOCH-related functions are used. A batch file, **tocompileVB.bat**, is distributed along with the sample programs. Execute it from a Command Prompt window to compile the programs into executables (.exe). Run **totestvb.bat** to test the executables to make sure they all work fine.



# Chapter 2

## 2 Programming Interface

### 2.1 Item Referencing

The following sections describe various aspects of the programming interface for VB applications.

For VB applications, all item numbers are referenced starting at zero (0). These include variable, attribute, and attribute entry numbers, record numbers, dimensions, and dimension indices. Note that both rVariables and zVariables are numbered starting at zero (0).

### 2.2 Compatible Types

As VB and CDF .DLL may have different sizes of the same data types, e.g. long, the size compatibility must be enforced when passing the data between the two. On 32-bit Windows, **4-byte long** has been used all over in the CDF .DLL. However, long in VB is defined as **8-byte**. So, to make the size compatible, 4-byte **integer** is used, instead, in VB for each long type variable in the .DLL. For CDF data of type CDF\_CHAR, or CDF\_UCHAR, it is represented by a string in VB. They are not size compatible, so conversion, performed in the APIs, is needed between a character array in .DLL and string in VB.

The VB-CDF operations normally involve two variables: the operation status, status, and the CDF identifier, id:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| status | All VB-CDF functions, except CDFvarNum, CDFgetVarNum, CDFattrNum and CDFgetAttrNum, return an operation status. This status is defined as an <b>integer</b> in .DLL and VB. The CDFerror method can be used to inquire the meaning of any status code. Appendix A lists the possible status codes along with their explanations. Chapter 5 describes how to interpret status codes. |
| id     | An identifier (or handle) for a CDF that must be used when referring to a CDF. This identifier has a type of <b>long</b> in VB. A new identifier is established whenever a CDF is created or opened, establishing a connection to that CDF on disk. This long value is used in all subsequent operations on a particular CDF. The value must not be altered by an application.      |

## 2.3 CDFConstants

CDF defines a set of constants that are used all over the .DLL. These constants are mimicked in CDFConstants class with compatible data types.

## 2.4 CDF status

These constants are of same type as the operation status, mentioned in 2.2.

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| CDF_OK   | A status code indicating the normal completion of a CDF function.       |
| CDF_WARN | Threshold constant for testing severity of non-normal CDF status codes. |

Status less than CDF\_OK normally indicate an error. For most cases, an exception will be thrown.

## 2.5 CDF Formats

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| SINGLE_FILE | The CDF consists of only one file. This is the default file format.  |
| MULTI_FILE  | The CDF consists of one header file for control and attribute data and one additional file for each variable in the CDF. |

## 2.6 CDF Data Types

One of the following constants must be used when specifying a CDF data type for an attribute entry or variable.

|           |                             |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| CDF_BYTE  | 1-byte, signed integer.     |
| CDF_CHAR  | 1-byte, signed character.   |
| CDF_INT1  | 1-byte, signed integer.     |
| CDF_UCHAR | 1-byte, unsigned character. |
| CDF_UINT1 | 1-byte, unsigned integer.   |
| CDF_INT2  | 2-byte, signed integer.     |
| CDF_UINT2 | 2-byte, unsigned integer.   |
| CDF_INT4  | 4-byte, signed integer.     |

|                 |                             |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| CDF_UINT4       | 4-byte, unsigned integer.   |
| CDF_INT8        | 8-byte, signed integer.     |
| CDF_REAL4       | 4-byte, floating point.     |
| CDF_FLOAT       | 4-byte, floating point.     |
| CDF_REAL8       | 8-byte, floating point.     |
| CDF_DOUBLE      | 8-byte, floating point.     |
| CDF_EPOCH       | 8-byte, floating point.     |
| CDF_EPOCH16     | two 8-byte, floating point. |
| CDF_TIME_TT2000 | 8-byte, signed integer.     |

The following table depicts the equivalent data type between the CDF and VB:

| <b>CDF Data Type</b> | <b>VB Data Type</b>    |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| CDF_BYTE             | sbyte                  |
| CDF_INT1             | sbyte                  |
| CDF_UINT1            | byte                   |
| CDF_INT2             | short                  |
| CDF_UINT2            | ushort                 |
| CDF_INT4             | integer                |
| CDF_UINT4            | uinteger               |
| CDF_INT8             | long                   |
| CDF_REAL4            | single                 |
| CDF_FLOAT            | single                 |
| CDF_REAL8            | double                 |
| CDF_DOUBLE           | double                 |
| CDF_EPOCH            | double                 |
| CDF_EPOCH16          | double(2) <sup>1</sup> |
| CDF_TIME_TT2000      | long                   |
| CDF_CHAR             | string                 |
| CDF_UCHAR            | string                 |

CDF\_CHAR and CDF\_UCHAR are considered character data types. These are significant because only variables of these data types may have more than one element per value (representing the length of the string, where each element is a character).

**NOTE:** Keep in mind that a long is 8 bytes and that an integer is 4 bytes. Use integer for CDF data types CDF\_INT4 and CDF\_UINT4, rather than long. Use long for CDF\_INT8 and CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 data types.

---

<sup>1</sup> CDF\_EPOCH16 has two doubles, which corresponds to an array as double() in VB.



## 2.7 Data Encodings

A CDF's data encoding affects how its attribute entry and variable data values are stored (on disk). Attribute entry and variable values passed into the CDF library (to be written to a CDF) should always be in the host machine's native encoding. Attribute entry and variable values read from a CDF by the CDF library and passed out to an application will be in the currently selected decoding for that CDF (see the Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide).

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| HOST_ENCODING       | Indicates host machine data representation (native). This is the default encoding, and it will provide the greatest performance when reading/writing on a machine of the same type. |
| NETWORK_ENCODING    | Indicates network transportable data representation (XDR).  |
| VAX_ENCODING        | Indicates VAX data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in Digital's D_FLOAT representation.  |
| ALPHAVMSd_ENCODING  | Indicates DEC Alpha running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in Digital's D_FLOAT representation.                                    |
| ALPHAVMSg_ENCODING  | Indicates DEC Alpha running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in Digital's G_FLOAT representation.                                    |
| ALPHAVMSi_ENCODING  | Indicates DEC Alpha running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in IEEE representation.   |
| ALPHAOSF1_ENCODING  | Indicates DEC Alpha running OSF/1 data representation.  |
| SUN_ENCODING        | Indicates SUN data representation.  |
| SGi_ENCODING        | Indicates Silicon Graphics Iris and Power Series data representation.   |
| DECSTATION_ENCODING | Indicates DECstation data representation.   |
| IBMRS_ENCODING      | Indicates IBMRS data representation (IBM RS6000 series).  |
| HP_ENCODING         | Indicates HP data representation (HP 9000 series).  |
| IBMPC_ENCODING      | Indicates PC data representation.   |
| NeXT_ENCODING       | Indicates NeXT data representation.   |
| MAC_ENCODING        | Indicates Macintosh data representation.  |
| ARM_LITTLE_ENCODING | Indicates ARM architecture running little-endian data representation.   |
| ARM_BIG_ENCODING    | Indicates ARM architecture running big-endian data representation.  |
| IA64VMSi_ENCODING   | Indicates Itanium 64 running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in IEEE representation.  |

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| IA64VMSd_ENCODING | Indicates Itanium 64 running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in Digital's D_FLOAT representation. |
| IA64VMSg_ENCODING | Indicates Itanium 64 running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in Digital's G_FLOAT representation. |

When creating a CDF (via CDFcreate) or respecifying a CDF's encoding (via CDFsetEncoding), you may specify any of the encodings listed above. Specifying the host machine's encoding explicitly has the same effect as specifying HOST\_ENCODING.

When inquiring the encoding of a CDF, either NETWORK\_ENCODING or a specific machine encoding will be returned. (HOST\_ENCODING is never returned.)

## 2.8 Data Decodings

A CDF's decoding affects how its attribute entry and variable data values are passed out to a calling application. The decoding for a CDF may be selected and reselected any number of times while the CDF is open. Selecting a decoding does not affect how the values are stored in the CDF file(s) - only how the values are decoded by the CDF library. Any decoding may be used with any of the supported encodings. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes a CDF's decoding in more detail.

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| HOST_DECODING       | Indicates host machine data representation (native). This is the default decoding.   |
| NETWORK_DECODING    | Indicates network transportable data representation (XDR).   |
| VAX_DECODING        | Indicates VAX data representation. Double-precision floating-point values will be in Digital's D_FLOAT representation.                       |
| ALPHAVMSd_DECODING  | Indicates DEC Alpha running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values will be in Digital's D_FLOAT representation. |
| ALPHAVMSg_DECODING  | Indicates DEC Alpha running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values will be in Digital's G_FLOAT representation. |
| ALPHAVMSi_DECODING  | Indicates DEC Alpha running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values will be in IEEE representation.              |
| ALPHAOSF1_DECODING  | Indicates DEC Alpha running OSF/1 data representation.   |
| SUN_DECODING        | Indicates SUN data representation.   |
| SGi_DECODING        | Indicates Silicon Graphics Iris and Power Series data representation.  |
| DECSTATION_DECODING | Indicates DECstation data representation.  |
| IBMRS_DECODING      | Indicates IBMRS data representation (IBM RS6000 series).   |

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| HP_DECODING         | Indicates HP data representation (HP 9000 series).  |
| IBMPc_DECODING      | Indicates PC data representation.   |
| NeXT_DECODING       | Indicates NeXT data representation.   |
| MAC_DECODING        | Indicates Macintosh data representation.  |
| ARM_LITTLE_DECODING | Indicates ARM architecture running little-endian data representation.   |
| ARM_BIG_DECODING    | Indicates ARM architecture running big-endian data representation.  |
| IA64VMSi_DECODING   | Indicates Itanium 64 running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in IEEE representation.              |
| IA64VMSd_DECODING   | Indicates Itanium 64 running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in Digital's D_FLOAT representation. |
| IA64VMSg_DECODING   | Indicates Itanium 64 running OpenVMS data representation. Double-precision floating-point values are encoded in Digital's G_FLOAT representation. |

The default decoding is HOST\_DECODING. The other decodings may be selected via the CDFsetDecoding method. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes those situations in which a decoding other than HOST\_DECODING may be desired.

## 2.9 Variable Majorities

A CDF's variable majority determines the order in which variable values (within the variable arrays) are stored in the CDF file(s). The majority is the same for rVariables and zVariables.

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| ROW_MAJOR    | C-like array ordering for variable storage. The first dimension in each variable array varies the slowest. This is the default. |
| COLUMN_MAJOR | Fortran-like array ordering for variable storage. The first dimension in each variable array varies the fastest.                |

Knowing the majority of a CDF's variables is necessary when performing hyper reads and writes. During a hyper read the CDF library will place the variable data values into the memory buffer in the same majority as that of the variables. The buffer must then be processed according to that majority. Likewise, during a hyper write, the CDF library will expect to find the variable data values in the memory buffer in the same majority as that of the variables.

The majority must also be considered when performing sequential reads and writes. When sequentially reading a variable, the values passed out by the CDF library will be ordered according to the majority. When sequentially writing a variable, the values passed into the CDF library are assumed (by the CDF library) to be ordered according to the majority.

As with hyper reads and writes, the majority of a CDF's variables affect multiple variable reads and writes. When performing a multiple variable write, the full-physical records in the buffer passed to the CDF library must have the

CDF's variable majority. Likewise, the full-physical records placed in the buffer by the CDF library during a multiple variable read will be in the CDF's variable majority.

For C applications the compiler-defined majority for arrays is row major. The first dimension of multi-dimensional arrays varies the slowest in memory.

## 2.10 Record/Dimension Variances

Record and dimension variances affect how variable data values are physically stored.

VARY True record or dimension variance.

NOVARY False record or dimension variance.

If a variable has a record variance of VARY, then each record for that variable is physically stored. If the record variance is NOVARY, then only one record is physically stored. (All of the other records are virtual and contain the same values.)

If a variable has a dimension variance of VARY, then each value/subarray along that dimension is physically stored. If the dimension variance is NOVARY, then only one value/subarray along that dimension is physically stored. (All other values/subarrays along that dimension are virtual and contain the same values.)

## 2.11 Compressions

The following types of compression for CDFs and variables are supported. For each, the required parameters are also listed. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes how to select the best compression type/parameters for a particular data set. Among the available types, GZIP provides the best result.

NO\_COMPRESSION No compression.

RLE\_COMPRESSION Run-length encoding compression. There is one parameter.

1. The style of run-length encoding. Currently, only the run-length encoding of zeros is supported. This parameter must be set to RLE\_OF\_ZEROS.

HUFF\_COMPRESSION Huffman compression. There is one parameter.

1. The style of Huffman encoding. Currently, only optimal encoding trees are supported. An optimal encoding tree is determined for each block of bytes being compressed. This parameter must be set to OPTIMAL\_ENCODING\_TREES.

AHUFF\_COMPRESSION Adaptive Huffman compression. There is one parameter.

1. The style of adaptive Huffman encoding. Currently, only optimal encoding trees are supported. An optimal encoding tree is determined

for each block of bytes being compressed. This parameter must be set to OPTIMAL\_ENCODING\_TREES.

GZIP\_COMPRESSION

Gnu's "zip" compression.<sup>2</sup> There is one parameter.

1. The level of compression. This may range from 1 to 9. 1 provides the least compression and requires less execution time. 9 provide the most compression but require the most execution time. Values in-between provide varying compromises of these two extremes. 6 normally provides a better balance between compression and execution.

## 2.12 Sparseness

### 2.12.1 Sparse Records

The following types of sparse records for variables are supported.

NO\_SPARSERECORDS

No sparse records.

PAD\_SPARSERECORDS

Sparse records - the variable's pad value is used when reading values from a missing record.

PREV\_SPARSERECORDS

Sparse records - values from the previous existing record are used when reading values from a missing record. If there is no previous existing record the variable's pad value is used.

### 2.12.2 Sparse Arrays

The following types of sparse arrays for variables are supported.<sup>3</sup>

NO\_SPARSEARRAYS

No sparse arrays.

**Note:** sparse array is not supported and will not be implemented.

## 2.13 Attribute Scopes

Attribute scopes are simply a way to explicitly declare the intended use of an attribute by user applications (and the CDF toolkit).

GLOBAL\_SCOPE

Indicates that an attribute's scope is global (applies to the CDF as a whole).

---

<sup>2</sup> Disabled for PC running 16-bit DOS/Windows 3.x.

<sup>3</sup> Obviously, sparse arrays are not yet supported.

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| VARIABLE_SCOPE | Indicates that an attribute's scope is by variable. (Each rEntry or zEntry corresponds to an rVariable or zVariable, respectively.) |
|----------------|---|

## 2.14 Read-Only Modes

Once a CDF has been opened, it may be placed into a read-only mode to prevent accidental modification (such as when the CDF is simply being browsed). Read-only mode is selected via CDFsetReadOnlyMode method. When read-only mode is set, all metadata is read into memory for future reference. This improves overall metadata access performance but is extra overhead if metadata is not needed. Note that if the CDF is modified while not in read-only mode, subsequently setting read-only mode in the same session will not prevent future modifications to the CDF.

|             |                           |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| READONLYon  | Turns on read-only mode.  |
| READONLYoff | Turns off read-only mode. |

## 2.15 zModes

Once a CDF has been opened, it may be placed into one of two variations of zMode. zMode is fully explained in the Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide. A zMode is selected via CDFsetzMode method.

|           |                   |
|-----------|-------------------|
| zMModeoff | Turns off zMode.  |
| zMModeon1 | Turns on zMode/1. |
| zMModeon2 | Turns on zMode/2. |

## 2.16 -0.0 to 0.0 Modes

Once a CDF has been opened, the CDF library may be told to convert -0.0 to 0.0 when read from or written to that CDF. This mode is selected via CDFsetNegtoPosfp0Mode method.

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| NEGtoPOSfp0on  | Convert -0.0 to 0.0 when read from or written to a CDF.        |
| NEGtoPOSfp0off | Do not convert -0.0 to 0.0 when read from or written to a CDF. |

## 2.17 Operational Limits

These are limits within the CDF library. If you reach one of these limits, please contact CDF User Support.

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| CDF_MAX_DIMS | Maximum number of dimensions for the rVariables or a zVariable. |
|--------------|---|

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| CDF_MAX_PARMS | Maximum number of compression or sparseness parameters. |
|---------------|---|

The CDF library imposes no limit on the number of variables, attributes, or attribute entries that a CDF may have. on the PC, however, the number of rVariables and zVariables will be limited to 100 of each in a multi-file CDF because of the 8.3 naming convention imposed by MS-DOS.

## 2.18 Limits of Names and Other Character Strings

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| CDF_PATHNAME_LEN     | Maximum length of a CDF file name. A CDF file name may contain disk and directory specifications that conform to the conventions of the operating systems being used (including logical names on OpenVMS systems and environment variables on UNIX systems). |
| CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256  | Maximum length of a variable name.   |
| CDF_ATTR_NAME_LEN256 | Maximum length of an attribute name.   |
| CDF_COPYRIGHT_LEN    | Maximum length of the CDF Copyright text.  |
| CDF_STATUSTEXT_LEN   | Maximum length of the explanation text for a status code.  |

## 2.19 Backward File Compatibility with CDF 2.7

By default, a CDF file created by CDF V3.0 or a later release is not readable by any of the CDF releases before CDF V3.0 (e.g. CDF 2.7.x, 2.6.x, 2.5.x, etc.). The file incompatibility is due to the 64-bit file offset used in CDF 3.0 and later releases (to allow for files greater than 2G bytes). Note that before CDF 3.0, 32-bit file offset was used.

There are two ways to create a file that's backward compatible with CDF 2.7 and 2.6, but not 2.5. A method, **CDFsetFileBackward**, can be called to control the backward compatibility from an application before a CDF file is created (i.e. CDFcreateCDF). This method takes an argument to control the backward file compatibility. Passing a flag value of **BACKWARDFILEon**, defined in **CDFConstants**, to the method will cause new files being created to be backward compatible. The created files are of version V2.7.2, not V3.\*. This option is useful for those who wish to create and share files with colleagues who still use a CDF V2.7/V2.6 library. If this option is specified, the maximum file size is limited to 2G bytes. Passing a flag value of **BACKWARDFILEoff** will use the default file creation mode and newly created files will not be backward compatible with older libraries. The created files are of version 3.\* and thus their file sizes can be greater than 2G bytes. Not calling this method has the same effect of calling the method with an argument value of **BACKWARDFILEoff**.

The following example creates two CDF files: "MY\_TEST1.cdf" is a V3.\* file while "MY\_TEST2.cdf" a V2.7 file.

```
.
.
dim id1 as long, id2 as long          ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                ' Returned status code.

try
    status = CDFcreateCDF("MY_TEST1", id1)
```

```

..
CDFsetFileBackward(BACKWARDFILEon)
status = CDFCreateCDF("MY_TEST2", id2)

```

```

catch ex as Exception

```

```

end try
.

```

Another method is through an environment variable and no method call is needed (and thus no code change involved in any existing applications). The environment variable, **CDF\_FILEBACKWARD** on Windows, is used to control the CDF file backward compatibility. If its value is set to “**TRUE**”, all new CDF files are backward compatible with CDF V2.7 and 2.6. This applies to any applications or CDF tools dealing with creation of new CDFs. If this environment variable is not set, or its value is set to anything other than “**TRUE**”, any files created will be of the CDF 3.\* version and these files are not backward compatible with the CDF 2.7.2 or earlier versions .

Normally, only one method should be used to control the backward file compatibility. If both methods are used, the method call through **CDFsetFileBackward** will take the precedence over the environment variable.

You can use the **CDFgetFileBackward** method to check the current value of the backward-file-compatibility flag. It returns 1 if the flag is set (i.e. create files compatible with V2.7 and 2.6) or **0** otherwise.

```

.
.
dim flag as integer                                     ' Returned status code.
.
flag = CDFgetFileBackward()

```

## 2.20 Checksum

To ensure the data integrity while transferring CDF files from/to different platforms at different locations, the checksum feature was added in CDF V3.2 as an option for the single-file format CDF files (not for the multi-file format). By default, the checksum feature is not turned on for new files. Once the checksum bit is turned on for a particular file, the data integrity check of the file is performed every time it is open and a new checksum is computed and stored when it is closed. This overhead (performance hit) may be noticeable for large files. Therefore, it is strongly encouraged to turn off the checksum bit once the file integrity is confirmed or verified.

If the checksum bit is turned on, a 16-byte signature message (a.k.a. message digest) is computed from the entire file and appended to the end of the file when the file is closed (after any create/write/update activities). Every time such file is open, other than the normal steps for opening a CDF file, this signature, serving as the authentic checksum, is used for file integrity check by comparing it to the re-computed checksum from the current file. If the checksums match, the file’s data integrity is verified. Otherwise, an error message is issued. Currently, the valid checksum modes are: **NO\_CHECKSUM** and **MD5\_CHECKSUM**, both defined in **CDFConstants** class. With **MD5\_CHECKSUM**, the **MD5** algorithm is used for the checksum computation. The checksum operation can be applied to CDF files that were created with V2.7 or later.

There are several ways to add or remove the checksum bit. One way is to use the method call with a proper checksum mode. Another way is through the environment variable. Finally, **CDFedit** and **CDFconvert** (CDF tools included as part of the standard CDF distribution package) can be used for adding or removing the checksum bit. Through the Interface call, you can set the checksum mode for both new or existing CDF files while the environment variable method only allows to set the checksum mode for new files.



The environment variable **CDF\_CHECKSUM** on Windows is used to control the checksum option. If its value is set to “**MD5**”, all new CDF files will have their checksum bit set with a signature message produced by the MD5 algorithm. If the environment variable is not set or its value is set to anything else, no checksum is set for the new files.

The following example set a new CDF file with the MD5 checksum and set another existing file’s checksum to none.

```
.
.
.
Dim id1 as long, id2 as long          ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                ‘ Returned status code.
Dim checksum as integer              ‘ Checksum code.
.
.
status = CDFCreateCDF(“MY_TEST1”, id1)
.
status = CDFsetChecksum (id1, MD5_CHECKSUM)
.
status = CDFclose(id1)
.
status = CDFopen(“MY_TEST2”, id2)
.
status = CDFsetChecksum (id2, NO_CHECKSUM)
.
status = CDFclose(id2)
.
.
```

## 2.21 Data Validation

To ensure the data integrity of CDF files and secure operation of CDF-based applications, a data validation feature has been added to the CDF opening logic. This process, as the default, performs sanity checks on the data fields in the CDF's internal data structures to make sure that the values are within valid ranges and consistent with the defined values/types/entries. It also ensures that the variable and attribute associations within the file are valid. Any compromised CDF files, if not validated properly, could cause applications to function unexpectedly, e.g., segmentation fault due to a buffer overflow. The main purpose of this feature is to safeguard the CDF operations, catch any bad data in the file and end the application gracefully if any bad data is identified. Using this feature, in most cases, will slow down the file opening process especially for large or very fragmented files. Therefore, it is recommended that this feature be turned off once a file’s integrity is confirmed or verified. Or, the file in question may need a file conversion, which will consolidate the internal data structures and eliminate the fragmentations. Check the **cdffconvert** tool program in the CDF User’s Guide for further information. <sup>4</sup>

This validation feature is controlled by setting/unsetting the environment variable **CDF\_VALIDATE** on Windows is not set or set to “**yes**”, all CDF files are subjected to the data validation process. If the environment variable is set to “**no**”, then no validation is performed. The environment variable can be set at logon or through the command line, which goes into effect during a terminal session, or within an application, which is good only while the application is running. Setting the environment variable, using C method **CDFsetValidate**, at application level will overwrite the setup from the command line. The validation is set to be on when **VALIDATEFILEon** is passed in as an argument. **VALIDATEFILEoff** will turn off the validation. The function, **CDFgetValidate**, will return the validation mode, **1** (one) means data being validated, **0** (zero) otherwise. If the environment variable is not set, the default is to validate the

---

<sup>4</sup> The data validation during the open process will not check the variable data. It is still possible that data could be corrupted, especially compression is involved. To fully validate a CDF file, use **cdfdump** tool with “-detect” switch.

CDF file upon opening.

The following example sets the data validation on when the CDF file, “TEST”, is open.

```
.  
.br/>dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.  
Dim status as integer                        ' Returned status code.  
.br/>.br/>CDFsetValidate (VALIDATEFILEon)  
status = CDFopen(“TEST”, id)  
.br/>.
```

The following example turns off the data validation when the CDF file, “TEST” is open.

```
.  
.br/>dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.  
Dim status as integer                        ' Returned status code.  
.br/>.br/>CDFsetValidate (VALIDATEFILEoff)  
status = CDFopen(“TEST”, id)  
.br/>.
```

## 2.22 8-Byte Integer

Both data types of CDF\_INT8 and CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 use 8-bytes signed integer. VB’s “long” type is the one that matches to these two types.

## 2.23 Leap Seconds

CDF’s **CDF\_TIME\_TT2000** is the epoch value in nanoseconds since **J2000** (2000-01-01T12:00:00.000000000) with leap seconds included. The CDF uses an external or internal table for computing the leap seconds. The external table, if present and properly pointed to by a predefined environment variable, will be used over the internal one. When the VB package is installed, the external table and environment variables are set so it can be used. If the external table is deleted or no longer pointed by the environment variable, the internal, hard-coded table in the library is used. When a new leap second is added, if the external table is updated accordingly, then the software does not need to be upgraded. Refer to CDF User’s Guide for leap seconds.

A tool program, **CDFleapsecondsInfo** distributed with the CDFpackage, will show how the table is referred and when the last leap second was added. Optionally, it can dump the table contents.



# Chapter 3

## 3 Understanding the Application Interface

This chapter provides some basic information about the VB's Application Interfaces (APIs) to CDF, and the native CDF .DLL. The following chapter will describe each API in detail.

### 3.1 Arguments Passing

Each CDF API has a sequence of parameters, which define the set of arguments that must be provided for that method in VB applications. Being a strongly typed language, VB's APIs to CDF follow the same rules for the parameters. Arguments for APIs that perform CDF data **get**, **put** or **inquire** operations are required to have the signatures of the defined VB value/string type or basic **Object** classes.

The **input parameters** in APIs for the **CDF identifier**, **variable number**, **attribute number**, **entry number**, **record number**, **record counts** and **record indices**, etc, are always of fixed types. They must be a scalar of type **long** for CDF identifier, **integer** for variable/attribute/entry number and record number/count, or an array of integers, **integer()**, for variable dimensional sizes/variances and record data indices, counts and intervals. The **output parameters** must be in either of the defined type or the VB base Object class. For example, for a returned data of type integer, the passing argument in the calling application can be either a defined integer variable, or a variable of object class. Compilation error will occur if any one of the such arguments from the applications does not match to that defined in the API.

A CDF identifier, when a CDF is open or created, is presented as a long variable, even in the underlying C# and CDF native library it is a pointer.

For example, **CDFsetEncoding** and **CDFgetEncoding** are used to set and get the data encoding of a CDF. Both APIs take two parameters, the CDF identifier, always a long, and the encoding, an integer. **CDFsetEncoding** take both parameters from applications for input, while **CDFgetEncoding** has the CDF identifier as input and the encoding for output. The following code shows how these methods can be used.

To set a CDF's encoding,

```
dim status as integer
dim id as long
dim encoding as integer
...
```

```
encoding = IBMP_C_ENCODING
status = CDFsetEncoding(id, encoding)
```

The CDF identifier, id, is set when a CDF is open or created. The encoding is set to PC encoding, defined in CDFConstants class.

Similarly, to get the CDF's encoding:

```
status = CDFgetEncoding(id, encoding)
```

APIs that read or write CDF data, either variable's data (and their pad value) or metadata, are flexible when dealing with data of different pre-defined CDF types, e.g., CDF\_INT1, CDF\_UINT1, CDF\_FLOAT, CDF\_CHAR, CDF\_EPOCH, etc. To pass the data value(s) to the APIs, one of the following forms can be used, depending on the data type: **VB numeric type or string in a scalar or array** or **simply the VB base object class**. String or an array of strings involves data of **CDF\_CHAR** or **CDF\_UCHAR** type. As VB's character/string has a different characteristic from the ASCII-based code in the CDF native DLL library, some manipulations are performed by the APIs when dealing with such data. VB objects can be used, as a general form for all data value(s), when reading/writing data from CDF. The called APIs will handle the passed object and map it to its corresponding CDF data type. **Type casting** the objects returned by the APIs may be needed.

For example, methods: **CDFputzVarData** and **CDFgetzVarData** are used to write and read a **single data value** for an zVariable in a CDF. Both take five parameters. The first four, the CDF identifier, variable number, record number and indices, are for input and of fixed types of: **long**, **integer**, **integer** and an **array of integers (integer())**, respectively. The last parameter is for data value, as an input for CDFputzVarData or an output for CDFgetzVarData. To call CDFputzVarData, the data value has to be defined to match to variable's underlying data type and given a value. It is passed in as is. To retrieve the data by CDFgetzVarData, just specifies the variable with a proper data type and pass in to the API.

The following samples show how these arguments are set up to write a data value to record 1, indices (1,1) for zVariable, "zVar1", a 2-dimentional of CDF\_INT2.

```
dim status as integer
dim id as long
dim varNum as integer
dim recNum as integer = 1
dim indices() as integer = {1,1}
dim value as short = 100
...
varNum = CDFvarNum (id, "zVar1")
status = CDFputzVarData(id, varNum, recNum, indices, value)
```

To read the data value the same variable at the same record and indices:

**dim value as short**

```
...
status = CDFgetzVarData(id, varNum, recNum, indices, value)
```

Similarly, value can be defined as a VB base object:

**Dim valueo as object**

```
status = CDFgetzVarData(id, varNum, recNum, indices, valueo)
```

Either use such statement:

Dim value as short = valueo

Or, use a proper type casting method, such as **CType** or **DirectCast** for a scalar, to make it a value type after the object is returned. For object of an array, just assign it to a properly type-defined, dimensional variable.

```
dim value as short = CType(valueo, short)
```

APIs that handle **multiple data values** reads and writes, e.g., **CDFputzVarRecordData** and **CDFgetzVarRecordData** for writing and reading a full data record an zVariable, are similar. They both take four parameters: the first three, as input, are the CDF identifier, variable number, record number of the fixed types of **long**, **integer** and **integer**, respectively, and the last one is the data values, input for CDFputzVarRecordData or output for CDFgetzVarRecordData. The data values have to be defined (and assigned for input), according to the variable's underlying data type, and passed in as is.

The following samples show how the arguments are set in CDFputzVarRecordData to write the full record 1 for zVariable, "zVar1", a 2-dim (2,3) of type short. The first one passes the data value object as is, while the second one uses a pointer to the data values.

```
dim status as integer
dim id as long
dim varNum as integer
dim recNum as integer = 1
dim values(.) as short = {{1,2,3},{11,12,13}}
...
varNum = CDFvarNum (id, "zVar1")
status = CDFputzVarRecordData(id, varNum, recNum, values)
```

For CDFgetzVarRecordData to read back the same variable's record data, one can use the same arguments as CDFputzVarRecordData.

```
dim id as long
dim varNum as integer
dim recNum as integer = 1
dim values (,) as short
...
varNum = CDFvarNum (id, "zVar1")
status = CDFgetzVarRecordData(id, varNum, recNum, values)
```

```
Console.WriteLine("{0},{1},{2}" + Environment.NewLine + "{3},{4},{5}", values(0.0), values(0.1), values(0.2), _
    values(1.0), values(1.1), values(1.2))
```

Alternatively, use a base object for the output:

```
dim valueso as object
...
status = CDFgetzVarRecordData(id, varNum, recNum, valueso)
```

```
dim values(.) as short = valueo
```

```
Console.WriteLine("{0},{1},{2}" + Environment.NewLine + "{3},{4},{5}", values(0.0), values(0.1), values(0.2), _
    values(1.0), values(1.1), values(1.2))
```

## 3.2 Multi-Dimensional Arrays

For data involved multidimensional arrays, CDF's native .DLL data structure is equivalent to the **rectangular array** in VB. Multidimensional arrays of jagged type are not supported by APIs. An extra dimension is added to the retrieved data if the operations involve multiple records. For example, to read two full records from a variable of two-dimensions, 3-by-4 by the hyper get method, the returned will be a three-dimensional, 2-by-3-by-4, object. Conversely, if the hyper read skips certain dimension(s) from an operation, the returned object's dimensionality will be reduced accordingly. For example, to read a row or column from a variable's two-dimensional record, the returned will be a single array of either column or row count.

## 3.3 Data Type Equivalent

The following list shows the data types used by CDF and their corresponding types in VB:

- CDF\_INT1 sbyte
- CDF\_INT2 short
- CDF\_INT4 int
- CDF\_INT8 long
- CDF\_UINT1 byte
- CDF\_UINT2 ushort
- CDF\_UINT4 uint
- CDF\_BYTE sbyte
- CDF\_REAL single
- CDF\_FLOAT single
- CDF\_DOUBLE double
- CDF\_REAL8 double
- CDF\_EPOCH double
- CDF\_EPOCH16 double(2)
- CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 long
- CDF\_CHAR string (with manipulation)
- CDF\_UCHAR string (with manipulation)

## 3.4 Fixed Statement

Fixed statement is required to pin VB managed data objects, mainly arrays of numeric data, so that pointers of the objects can be safely used and passed to the CDF APIs. By doing so, the objects' addresses in the heap won't be moved around by the garbage collector during the operation.

For example, CDFhyperGetzVarData method can be called to retrieve a number of data values for a zVariable. For instance, the following application code can be used to read the first four (4) records from a zVariable of 2-dim (2,3) of type CDF\_INT4. The declared data buffer, a 3-dimensional of int, is blocked in the fixed statement when the call is made.

```

dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim varNum as integer
dim recNum as integer = 0, recCount as integer = 4, recInterval as integer = 1
dim indices() as integer = {0, 0}
dim counts() as integer = {2, 3}
dim intervals() as integer = {1,1}
dim data(4,2,3) as integer          ' Dimension: record number, row, column
...
...
status = CDFhyperGetzVarData (id, varNum, recNum, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, data)
...
.
```

## 3.5 Exception Handling

Except a few APIs, each call to a CDF method will return an operation status. If the status is abnormal, less than CDF\_OK, an exception might be thrown. It is recommended that the code for the CDF-based application be surrounded by a try-catch block so an exception can be caught and handled. The methods to check the existence of a CDF entity, e.g., entry, attribute, variable, will not throw exception if that entity is not in the CDF. The returned, informational status will reflect so. Once an exception is thrown, the thrown object, if initiated from the CDF APIs, is a CDFException class object. There are a couple of class methods, **GetCurrentStatus** and **GetStatusMsg**, which can be used to acquire the status when an exception is thrown and the descriptive information about that exception.

```

dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim encoding as integer
try
    status = CDFopen("TEST", id)
    ...
    status = CDFgetEncoding(id, encoding)
    ....
    status = CDFclose(id)
catch ex as Exception
    Console.WriteLine("Exception: "+ex.toString())
Or,
    dim status1 as integer = ex.GetCurrentStatus()
    Console.WriteLine("Exception: "+ex.GetStatusMsg(status1))
}
```

## 3.6 Dimensional Limitations

The VB to CDF APIs follow the same dimensional restriction as in the CDF native DLL: a limit of **ten** (10) dimensions a CDF variable's numeric typed data record can have. For **string** typed data, represented in a CDF file with CDF\_CHAR or CDF\_UCHAR type, a limit of four (4) dimensions is applied.





# Chapter 4

## 4 Application Interface

This chapter covers all Application Interfaces (**APIs**) that VB applications can call to interact with CDF. Since C# APIs to CDF had already been developed, they are the base for all .Net Framework applications for CDF. Pointers are used extensively for passing the data, e.g., CDF identifier as void \*, between C# applications, C# APIs and CDF native DLL. Such pointer-based functions are hard to handle in VB application. For that, a new set of APIs is added to C# APIs suite to specifically allow VB applications to use C# functions without the use of pointers.

There are two types of variables (rVariable and zVariable) in CDF, and they can happily coexist in a CDF: Every rVariable in a CDF must have the same number of dimensions and dimension sizes while each zVariable can have its own dimensionality. Since all the rVariables in a CDF must have the same dimensions and dimension sizes, there'll be a lot of disk space wasted if a few variables need big arrays and many variables need small arrays. Since zVariable is more efficient in terms of storage and offers more functionality than rVariable, use of zVariable is strongly recommended. As a matter of fact, there's no reason to use rVariables at all if you are creating a CDF file from scratch. One may wonder why there are rVariables and zVariables, not just zVariables. When CDF was first introduced, only rVariables were available. The inefficiencies with rVariables were quickly realized and addressed with the introduction of zVariables in later CDF releases.

The description for each API will detail its parameters: their types, for input or output and what the method returns. APIs that handle read/write of variable data and attribute entry may use a special indicator: **TYPE**, to specify the parameters that can have different signatures. The acceptable data types for such method are specified. For example, **CDFgetzVarData** method, returning a single zVariable value, is described as:

|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| integer <b>CDFgetEncoding</b> ( | ' out -- Completion status code.                |
| id as long,                     | ' in -- CDF identifier.                         |
| varNum as integer,              | ' in -- Variable number.                        |
| recNum as integer,              | ' in -- Record number.                          |
| indices as integer(),           | ' in -- Dimension indices.                      |
| value as <b>TYPE</b> )          | ' out -- Data value.                            |
|                                 | ' <b>TYPE</b> -- VB value/string type or object |

**TYPE**, as specified, can be defined a VB value or string (matching to the variable's underlying data type) or simply a VB base Object. The following sample shows how the API is used to retrieve a data value from the zVariable "my\_var", a 2-dimensional, CDF\_INT4 type at indices of {1,1} for record 1:

```
dim status as integer
dim indices() as integer = {1, 1}
dim id as long
dim value as integer
....
status = CDFgetEncoding(id, CDFvarNum(id, "my_var"), 1, indices, value)
```

Alternatively, value can be defined as object:

```
dim value as object
....
status = CDFgetEncoding(id, CDFvarNum(id, "my_var"), 1, indices, value)
```

APIs are grouped, based on the CDF entities they operate on. These groups consist of general library information, CDF as a whole, variable and attribute/entry.

## 4.1 Library Information

The functions in this section are related to the current CDF library being used for the CDF operations, and they provide useful information such as the current library version number and Copyright notice.

### 4.1.1 CDFgetDataTypeSize

```
integer CDFgetDataTypeSize (
dataType as integer,
numBytes as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF data type.  
‘ out -- # of bytes for the given type.

CDFgetDataTypeSize returns the size (in bytes) of the specified CDF data type.

The arguments to CDFgetDataTypeSize are defined as follows:

|          |                              |
|----------|------------------------------|
| dataType | The CDF supported data type. |
| numBytes | The size of dataType.        |

#### 4.1.1.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the size of the data type CDF\_INT4 that is 4 bytes.

```
.
.
.
dim status as integer
Dim numBytes as integer
.
.
try
....
status = CDFgetDataTypeSize(CDF_INT4, &numBytes)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
```

‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Number of bytes.

```
...
end try
```

### 4.1.2 CDFgetLibraryCopyright

```
integer CDFgetLibraryCopyright (
copyright as string)
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ out -- Library copyright.
```

CDFgetLibraryCopyright returns the Copyright notice of the CDF library being used.

The arguments to CDFgetLibraryCopyright are defined as follows:

|           |                       |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| copyright | The Copyright notice. |
|-----------|-----------------------|

#### 4.1.2.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the Copyright of the CDF library being used.

```
.
.
.
dim status as integer
Dim copyright as string
.
.
try
....
status = CDFgetLibraryCopyright(copyright)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
‘ Returned status code.
‘ CDF library copyright.
```

### 4.1.3 CDFgetLibraryVersion

```
integer CDFgetLibraryVersion (
version as integer,
release as integer,
increment as integer,
subIncrement as string)
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ out -- Library version.
‘ out -- Library release.
‘ out -- Library increment.
‘ out -- Library sub-increment.
```

CDFgetLibraryVersion returns the version and release information of the CDF library being used.

The arguments to CDFgetLibraryVersion are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| version      | The library version number.                             |
| release      | The library release number.                             |
| increment    | The library incremental number.                         |
| subIncrement | The library sub-incremental string, a single character. |

#### 4.1.3.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the version and release information of the CDF library that is being used.

```

.
.
.
dim status as integer          ' Returned status code.
Dim version as integer        ' CDF library version number.
Dim release as integer        ' CDF library release number.
Dim increment as integer      ' CDF library incremental number.
Dim subIncrement as string    ' CDF library sub-incremental character.
.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetLibraryVersion( version, release, increment, subIncrement)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

#### 4.1.4 CDFgetStatusText

```

dim varNum as integer CDFgetStatusText(          ' out -- Completion status code.
status as integer,                               ' in -- The status code.
message as string)                               ' out -- The status text description.

```

CDFgetStatusText is identical to CDFerror, a legacy CDF function, (see section 4.2.8), and the use of this method is strongly encouraged over CDFerror as it might not be supported in the future. This method is used to inquire the text explanation of a given status code. Chapter 5 explains how to interpret status codes and Appendix A lists all of the possible status codes.

The arguments to CDFgetStatusText are defined as follows:

|         |                                     |
|---------|-------------------------------------|
| status  | The status code to check.           |
| message | The explanation of the status code. |

#### 4.1.4.1. Example(s)

The following example displays the explanation text for the error code that is returned from a call to CDFopenCDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long           ' CDF identifier.  
dim status as integer    ' Returned status code.  
Dim text as string       ' Explanation text.  
.   
.   
try  
....  
status = CDFopenCDF ("giss_wet1", id)  
...  
status = CDFclose(id)  
.   
catch ex as Exception  
    text = CDFgetStatusMsg(ex.CDFgetCurrentStatus()) ...  
end try
```

## 4.2 CDF

The functions in this section provide CDF file-specific operations. Any operations involving variables or attributes are described in the following sections. This CDF has to be a newly created or opened from an existing one.

### 4.2.1 CDFclose

```
Integer CDFclose(           ' out -- Completion status code.  
id as long)                ' in -- CDF identifier.
```

CDFclose closes the specified CDF. The CDF's cache buffers are flushed the CDF's open file is closed (or files in the case of a multi-file CDF) and the CDF identifier is made available for reuse.

**NOTE:** You must close a CDF with CDFclose to guarantee that all modifications you have made will actually be written to the CDF's file(s). If your program exits, normally or otherwise, without a successful call to CDFclose, the CDF's cache buffers are left unflushed.

The arguments to CDFclose are defined as follows:

|    |  |
|----|--|
| id | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen. |
|----|--|

#### 4.2.1.1. Example(s)

The following example will close an open CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.  
dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.  
.   
.   
try  
    ....  
    status = CDFopen("...", id)  
    status = CDFclose (id)  
catch ex as Exception  
    ...  
end try
```

## 4.2.2 CDFcloseCDF

```
Integer CDFcloseCDF (  
id as long)                                     ' out -- Completion status code.  
                                              ' in -- CDF identifier.
```

CDFcloseCDF closes the specified CDF. This method is identical to CDFclose, a legacy CDF function. The use of this method is strongly encouraged over CDFclose as it might not be supported in the future. The CDF's cache buffers are flushed the CDF's open file is closed (or files in the case of a multi-file CDF) and the CDF identifier is made available for reuse.

**NOTE:** You must close a CDF with CDFcloseCDF to guarantee that all modifications you have made will actually be written to the CDF's file(s). If your program exits, normally or otherwise, without a successful call to CDFcloseCDF, the CDF's cache buffers are left unflushed.

The arguments to CDFcloseCDF are defined as follows:

|    |  |
|----|--|
| id | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreateCDF or CDFopenCDF. |
|----|--|

### 4.2.2.1. Example(s)

The following example will close an open CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.  
dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.  
.   
.   
try  
    ....
```

```

status = CDFopenCDF ("giss_wet1", id)
...
status = CDFcloseCDF (id)
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.2.3 CDFcreate

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Integer CDFcreate(<br>CDFname as string,<br>numDims as integer,<br>dimSizes as integer(),<br>encoding as integer,<br>majority as integer,<br>id as long) | <pre> ' out -- Completion status ' in -- CDF file name. ' in -- Number of dimensions, rVariables. ' in -- Dimension sizes, rVariables. ' in -- Data encoding. ' in -- Variable majority. ' out -- CDF identifier. </pre> |
|--|--|

CDFcreate, a legacy CDF function, creates a CDF as defined by the arguments. A CDF cannot be created if it already exists. (The existing CDF will not be overwritten.) If you want to overwrite an existing CDF, you must first open it with CDFopenCDF, delete it with CDFdeleteCDF, and then recreate it with CDFcreate. If the existing CDF is corrupted, the call to CDFopen will fail. (An error code will be returned.) In this case you must delete the CDF at the command line. Delete the dotCDF file (having an extension of .cdf), and if the CDF has the multi-file format, delete all of the variable files (having extensions of .v0,.v1,. . . and .z0,.z1,. . . ).

The arguments to CDFcreate are defined as follows:

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| CDFname  | The file name of the CDF to create. (Do not specify an extension.) This may be at most CDF_PATHNAME_LEN characters. A CDF file name may contain disk and directory specifications that conform to the conventions of the operating system being used (including logical names on OpenVMS systems and environment variables on UNIX systems). |
|          | <b>UNIX:</b> File names are case-sensitive.  |
| numDims  | Number of dimensions the rVariables in the CDF are to have. This may be as few as zero (0) and at most CDF_MAX_DIMS.   |
| dimSizes | The size of each dimension. Each element of dimSizes specifies the corresponding dimension size. Each size must be greater than zero (0). For 0-dimensional rVariables this argument is ignored (but must be present).   |
| encoding | The encoding for variable data and attribute entry data. Specify one of the encodings described in Section 2.7.  |
| majority | The majority for variable data. Specify one of the majorities described in Section 2.9.  |
| id       | The identifier for the created CDF. This identifier must be used in all subsequent operations on the CDF.  |

When a CDF is created, both read and write access are allowed. The default format for a CDF created with CDFcreate is specified in the configuration file of your CDF distribution. Consult your system manager for this default.



**NOTE:** CDFclose must be used to close the CDF before your application exits to ensure that the CDF will be correctly written to disk.

#### 4.2.3.1. Example(s)

The following example creates a CDF named “test1.cdf” with network encoding and row majority.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                          ‘ Returned status code.
dim numDims as integer = 3                    ‘ Number of dimensions, rVariables.
Dim dimSizes() as integer = {180,360,10}      ‘ Dimension sizes, rVariables.
dim majority as integer = ROW_MAJOR           ‘ Variable majority.
.
.
try
    status = CDFcreate ("test1", numDims, dimSizes, NETWORK_ENCODING, majority, id)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.2.4 CDFcreateCDF

```
Integer CDFcreateCDF(                          ‘ out -- Completion status code.
cdfName as string,                             ‘ in -- CDF file name.
id as long)                                    ‘ out -- CDF identifier.
```

CDFcreateCDF creates a CDF file. This method is a simple form of CDFcreate without the number of dimensions, dimensional sizes, encoding and majority arguments. It is the better method if only zVariables are to be created in the CDF. The created CDF will use the default encoding (HOST\_ENCODING) and majority (ROW\_MAJOR). A CDF cannot be created if it already exists. (The existing CDF will not be overwritten.) If you want to overwrite an existing CDF, you can either manually delete the file or open it with CDFopenCDF ,delete it with CDFdeleteCDF, and then recreate it with CDFcreateCDF. If the existing CDF is corrupted, the call to CDFopenCDF will fail. (An error code will be returned.) In this case you must delete the CDF at the command line. Delete the dotCDF file (having an extension of .cdf), and if the CDF has the multi-file format, delete all of the variable files (having extensions of .v0,.v1,. . . and .z0,.z1,. . . ).

Note that a CDF file created with CDFcreateCDF can only accept zVariables, not rVariables. But this is fine since zVariables are more flexible than rVariables. See the third paragraph of Chapter 3 for the differences between rVariables and zVariables.

The arguments to CDFcreateCDF are defined as follows:

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| CDFName | The file name of the CDF to create. (Do not specify an extension.) This may be at most CDF_PATHNAME_LEN characters. A CDF file name may contain disk and directory specifications that conform to the conventions of the operating system being used (including logical names on OpenVMS systems and environment variables on UNIX systems). |
|---------|--|

**UNIX:** File names are case-sensitive.

|    |   |
|----|---|
| id | The identifier for the created CDF. This identifier must be used in all subsequent operations on the CDF. |
|----|---|

When a CDF is created, both read and write access are allowed. The default format for a CDF created with CDFcreateCDF is specified in the configuration file of your CDF distribution. Consult your system manager for this default.

**NOTE:** CDFcloseCDF must be used to close the CDF before your application exits to ensure that the CDF will be correctly written to disk.

#### 4.2.4.1. Example(s)

The following example creates a CDF named “test1.cdf” with the default encoding and majority.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
.
.
try
....
status = CDFcreateCDF ("test1", id)
...
...
status = CDFclose (id)
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.2.5 CDFdelete

|                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| integer CDFdelete(<br>id as long) | ' out -- Completion status code.<br>' in -- CDF identifier. |
|-----------------------------------|---|

CDFdelete, a legacy CDF function, deletes the specified CDF. The CDF files deleted include the dotCDF file (having an extension of .cdf), and if a multi-file CDF, the variable files (having extensions of .v0,.v1,. . . and .z0,.z1,. . . ).

You must open a CDF before you are allowed to delete it. If you have no privilege to delete the CDF files, they will not be deleted. If the CDF is corrupted and cannot be opened, the CDF file(s) must be deleted at the command line.

The arguments to CDFdelete are defined as follows:

|    |  |
|----|--|
| id | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen. |
|----|--|

#### 4.2.5.1. Example(s)

The following example will open and then delete an existing CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
.
.
try
....
status = CDFopen ("test2", id)
status = CDFdelete (id)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.2.6 CDFdeleteCDF

```
integer CDFdeleteCDF(                             ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long)                                       ' in -- CDF identifier.
```

CDFdeleteCDF deletes the specified CDF. This method is identical to CDFdelete, and the use of this method is strongly encouraged over CDFdelete as it might not be supported in the future. The CDF files deleted include the dotCDF file (having an extension of .cdf), and if a multi-file CDF, the variable files (having extensions of .v0,.v1,. . . and .z0,.z1,... ).

You must open a CDF before you are allowed to delete it. If you have no privilege to delete the CDF files, they will not be deleted. If the CDF is corrupted and cannot be opened, the CDF file(s) must be deleted at the command line.

The arguments to CDFdeleteCDF are defined as follows:

|    |  |
|----|--|
| id | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen. |
|----|--|

##### 4.2.6.1. Example(s)

The following example will open and then delete an existing CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
```

```

dim status as integer                                ' Returned status code.
.
.
try
....
status = CDFopenCDF ("test2", id)
...
status = CDFdeleteCDF(id)
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

## 4.2.7 CDFdoc

```

integer CDFdoc(                                     ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                         ' in -- CDF identifier.
version as integer,                                ' out -- Version number.
release as integer,                                ' out -- Release number.
copyright as string)                               ' out -- copyright.

```

CDFdoc is used to inquire general information about a CDF. The version/release of the CDF library that created the CDF is provided (e.g., CDF V3.1 is version 3, release 1) along with the CDF copyright notice. The copyright notice is formatted for printing without modification.

The arguments to CDFdoc are defined as follows:

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| id        | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.                          |
| version   | The version number of the CDF library that created the CDF.   |
| release   | The release number of the CDF library that created the CDF.   |
| copyright | The Copyright notice of the CDF library that created the CDF. This string will contain a newline character after each line of the Copyright notice. |

### 4.2.7.1. Example(s)

The following example returns and displays the version/release and copyright notice.

```

.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
Dim version as integer                            ' CDF version number.
Dim release as integer                            ' CDF release number.
Dim copyright as string                           ' Copyright notice.

```

```

.
.
try
....
    status = CDFdoc (id, version, release, copyright)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

## 4.2.8 CDFError<sup>5</sup>

```

integer CDFError(                                     ' out -- Completion status code.
status as integer,                                   ' in -- Status code.
message as string)                                   ' out -- Explanation text.

```

CDFError, a legacy CDF function, is used to inquire the explanation of a given status code (not just error codes). Chapter 5 explains how to interpret status codes and Appendix A lists all of the possible status codes.

The arguments to CDFError are defined as follows:

|         |                                     |
|---------|-------------------------------------|
| status  | The status code to check.           |
| message | The explanation of the status code. |

### 4.2.8.1. Example(s)

The following example displays the explanation text if an error code is returned from a call to CDFOpen.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
Dim text as string                                ' Explanation text.
.
.
try
....
    status = CDFOpen ("giss_wetl", id)
.
catch ex as Exception
    dim status as integer1 = CDFError(ex.GetCurrentStatus(), out text) ...
end try

```

---

<sup>5</sup> A legacy CDF function. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFgetStatusText is the preferred function for it.

## 4.2.9 CDFgetCacheSize

```
integer CDFgetCacheSize (  
id as long,  
numBuffers as integer)
```

```
` out -- Completion status code.  
` in -- CDF identifier.  
` out -- CDF's cache buffers.
```

CDFgetCacheSize returns the number of cache buffers being used for the dotCDF file when a CDF is open. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for description of caching scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFgetCacheSize are defined as follows:

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| id         | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreateCDF (or CDFcreate) or CDFopen. |
| numBuffers | The number of cache buffers.   |

### 4.2.9.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the cache buffers for the open CDF file.

```
.  
. .  
dim id as long  
dim status as integer  
dim numBuffers as integer  
.  
try  
....  
    status = CDFgetCacheSize (id, numBuffers)  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

```
` CDF identifier.  
` Returned status code.  
` CDF's cache buffers.
```

## 4.2.10 CDFgetChecksum

```
integer CDFgetChecksum (  
id as long,  
checksum as integer)
```

```
` out -- Completion status code.  
` in -- CDF identifier.  
` out -- CDF's
```

CDFgetChecksum returns the checksum mode of a CDF. The CDF checksum mode is described in Section 2.20.

The arguments to CDFgetChecksum are defined as follows:

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreateCDF (or CDFcreate) or CDFopen. |
| checksum | The checksum mode (NO_CHECKSUM or MD5_CHECKSUM).   |

#### 4.2.10.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the checksum code for the open CDF file.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim checksum as integer
.
.
try
    ....

    status = CDFgetChecksum (id, checksum)
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ CDF’s checksum.

#### 4.2.11 CDFgetCompression

```

integer CDFgetCompression (
id as long,
compressionType as integer,
compressionParms as integer(),
compressionPercentage as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- CDF’s compression type.  
‘ out -- Compression parameters.  
‘ out -- Compressed percentage.

CDFgetCompression gets the compression information of the CDF. It returns the compression type (method) and, if compressed, the compression parameters and compression rate. CDF compression types/parameters are described in Section 2.11. The compression percentage is the result of the compressed file size divided by its original, uncompressed file size.<sup>6</sup>

The arguments to CDFgetCompression are defined as follows:

|    |   |
|----|---|
| id | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
|----|---|

---

<sup>6</sup> The compression ratio is (100 – compression percentage): the lower the compression percentage, the better the compression ratio.

compressionType    The type of the compression.

compressionParms    The parameters of the compression.

compressionPercentage    The compression rate.

#### 4.2.11.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the compression information of the open CDF file.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
dim compressType as integer                       ' CDF's compression type.
Dim compressionParms() as integer                ' Compression parameters.
dim compressionPercentage as integer              ' Compression rate.
.
.
try
  ....
  status = CDFgetCompression (id, compression, compressionParms, compressionPercentage)
  ...
  ...
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
```

#### 4.2.12 CDFgetCompressionCacheSize

```
integer CDFgetCompressionCacheSize (               ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                       ' in -- CDF identifier.
numBuffers as integer)                          ' out -- CDF's compressed cache buffers.
```

CDFgetCompressionCacheSize gets the number of cache buffers used for the compression scratch CDF file. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for description of caching scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFgetCompressionCacheSize are defined as follows:

Id                      The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

numBuffers              The number of cache buffers.



#### 4.2.12.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of cache buffers used for the scratch file from the compressed CDF file.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer                        ' Returned status code.
dim numBuffers as integer                    ' Compression cache buffers.
.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetCompressionCacheSize (id, numBuffers)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.2.13 CDFgetCompressionInfo

```
integer CDFgetCompressionInfo (
CDFName as string,                            ' out -- Completion status code.
compType as integer,                         ' in -- CDF name.
cParms as integer(),                         ' out -- CDF compression type.
cSize as long,                               ' out -- Compression parameters.
uSize as long).                             ' out -- CDF compressed size.
                                           ' out -- CDF uncompressed size.
```

CDFgetCompressionInfo returns the compression type/parameters of a CDF without having to open the CDF. This refers to the compression of the CDF - not of any compressed variables.

The arguments to CDFgetCompressionInfo are defined as follows:

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| CDFName  | The pathname of a CDF file without the .cdf file extension.    |
| compType | The CDF compression type.                                      |
| cParms   | The CDF compression parameters.                                |
| cSize    | The compressed CDF file size.                                  |
| uSize    | The size of CDF when decompress the originally compressed CDF. |

#### 4.2.13.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the compression information from a “unopen” CDF named “MY\_TEST.cdf”.

```

.
.
.
dim status as integer
dim compType as integer
dim cParms as integer()
Dim cSize as long
Dim uSize as long
.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetCompressionInfo("MY_TEST", compType, cParms, cSize, uSize)
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

‘ Returned status code.  
 ‘ Compression type.  
 ‘ Compression parameters.  
 ‘ Compressed file size.  
 ‘ Decompressed file size.

## 4.2.14 CDFgetCopyright

```

integer CDFgetCopyright (
id as long,
copyright as string)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
 ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
 ‘ out -- Copyright notice.

CDFgetCopyright gets the Copyright notice in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetCopyright are defined as follows:

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| id        | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| copyright | CDF Copyright.  |

### 4.2.14.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the Copyright in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
Dim copyright as string
.
.
try
....

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
 ‘ Returned status code.  
 ‘ CDF's copyright.

```

status = CDFgetCopyright (id, copyright)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

## 4.2.15 CDFgetDecoding

```

integer CDFgetDecoding (
id as long,
decoding as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- CDF decoding.

CDFgetDecoding returns the decoding code for the data in a CDF. The decodings are described in Section 2.8.

The arguments to CDFgetDecoding are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| decoding | The decoding of the CDF.  |

### 4.2.15.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the decoding for the CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim decoding as integer
.
.
try
....
status = CDFgetDecoding(id, decoding)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Decoding.

## 4.2.16 CDFgetEncoding

|                          |                                  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| integer CDFgetEncoding ( | ‘ out -- Completion status code. |
| id as long,              | ‘ in -- CDF identifier.          |
| encoding as integer)     | ‘ out -- CDF encoding.           |

CDFgetEncoding returns the data encoding used in a CDF. The encodings are described in Section 2.7.

The arguments to CDFgetEncoding are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| encoding | The encoding of the CDF.  |

#### 4.2.16.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the data encoding used for the given CDF.

|                                       |                         |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| ·                                     |                         |
| ·                                     |                         |
| ·                                     |                         |
| dim id as long                        | ‘ CDF identifier.       |
| dim status as integer                 | ‘ Returned status code. |
| dim encoding as integer               | ‘ Encoding.             |
| ·                                     |                         |
| ·                                     |                         |
| try                                   |                         |
| ....                                  |                         |
| status = CDFgetEncoding(id, encoding) |                         |
| ...                                   |                         |
| ...                                   |                         |
| catch ex as Exception                 |                         |
| ...                                   |                         |
| end try                               |                         |

### 4.2.17 CDFgetFileBackward

|                              |                             |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| integer CDFgetFileBackward() | ‘ out – File Backward Mode. |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|

CDFgetFileBackward returns the backward mode information dealing with the creation of a new CDF file. A mode of value 1 indicates when a new CDF file is created, it will be a backward version of V2.7, not the current library version.

The arguments to CDFgetFileBackward are defined as follows:

N/A

#### 4.2.17.1. Example(s)

In the following example, the CDF's file backward mode is acquired.

```
.
.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim mode as integer
.
.
try
....
mode = CDFgetFileBackward ()
if mode = 1 then
.
end if

catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Backward mode.

#### 4.2.18 CDFgetFormat

```
integer CDFgetFormat (
id as long,
format as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- CDF format.

CDFgetFormat returns the file format, single or multi-file, of the CDF. The formats are described in Section 2.5.

The arguments to CDFgetFormat are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| format | The format of the CDF.  |

##### 4.2.18.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the file format of the CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.

```

dim format as integer                                ' Format.
.
.
try
    status = CDFgetFormat(id, format)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

## 4.2.19 CDFgetLeapSecondLastUpdated

```

integer CDFgetLeapSecondLastUpdated (                ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                           ' in -- CDF identifier.
lastUpdated as integer)                             ' out -- CDF format.

```

CDFgetLeapSecondLastUpdated returns the leap second last updated date from the CDF. This value indicates what/if the leap second table this CDF is based on. It is of YYYYMMDD form. The value can also be negative 1 (-1), the field not set (for older CDFs), or zero (0) if the leap second table is not being accessed. This field is only relevant to TT2000 data in the CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetLeapSecondLastUpdated are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| lastUpdated | The date that the latest leap second was added to the leap second table.  |

### 4.2.19.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the date that the last leap second was added to the leap second table from the CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
dim lastUpdated as integer                       ' Format.
.
.
try
    status = CDFgetLeapSecondLastUpdated(id, lastUpdated)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

## 4.2.20 CDFgetMajority

```
integer CDFgetMajority (  
  id as long,  
  majority as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- Variable majority.
```

CDFgetMajority returns the variable majority, row or column-major, of the CDF. The majorities are described in Section 2.9.

The arguments to CDFgetMajority are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| majority | The variable majority of the CDF.   |

### 4.2.20.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the majority of the CDF.

```
.  
. .  
. .  
dim id as long  
dim status as integer  
dim majority as integer  
. .  
. .  
try  
  status = CDFgetMajority (id, majority)  
  
  ...  
  ...  
catch ex as Exception  
  ...  
end try
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Majority.
```

## 4.2.21 CDFgetName

```
integer CDFgetName (  
  id as long,  
  name as string)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- CDF name.
```

CDFgetName returns the file name of the specified CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetName are defined as follows:

|      |   |
|------|---|
| id   | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| name | The file name of the CDF.   |

#### 4.2.21.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the name of the CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
Dim name as string
.
.
try
....
status = CDFgetName (id, name)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

- ‘ CDF identifier.
- ‘ Returned status code.
- ‘ Name of the CDF.

#### 4.2.22 CDFgetNegtoPosfp0Mode

|                                 |                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| integer CDFgetNegtoPosfp0Mode ( | ‘ out -- Completion status code. |
| id as long,                     | ‘ in -- CDF identifier.          |
| negtoPosfp0 as integer)         | ‘ out -- -0.0 to 0.0 mode.       |

CDFgetNegtoPosfp0Mode returns the -0.0 to 0.0 mode of the CDF. You can use CDFsetNegtoPosfp0 method to set the mode. The -0.0 to 0.0 modes are described in Section 2.16.

The arguments to CDFgetNegtoPosfp0Mode are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| negtoPosfp0 | The -0.0 to 0.0 mode of the CDF.  |

#### 4.2.22.1. Example(s)



The following example returns the  $-0.0$  to  $0.0$  mode of the CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
Dim negtoPosfp0 as integer                       ' -0.0 to 0.0 mode.
.
.
try
  ....
  status = CDFgetNegtoPosfp0Mode (id, negtoPosfp0)

  ...
  ....
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try

```

### 4.2.23 CDFgetReadOnlyMode

```

integer CDFgetReadOnlyMode(                        ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                       ' in -- CDF identifier.
readOnlyMode as integer)                        ' out -- CDF read-only mode.

```

CDFgetReadOnlyMode returns the read-only mode for a CDF. You can use CDFsetReadOnlyMode to set the mode of readOnlyMode. The read-only modes are described in Section 2.14.

The arguments to CDFgetReadOnlyMode are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| readOnlyMode | The read-only mode (READONLYon or READONLYoff).   |

#### 4.2.23.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the read-only mode for the given CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer
dim readMode as integer                           ' CDF read-only mode.
.
.
try

```

```

....
status = CDFgetReadOnlyMode (id, readMode)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

## 4.2.24 CDFgetStageCacheSize

```

integer CDFgetStageCacheSize(
id as long,
numBuffers as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- The stage cache size.

CDFgetStageCacheSize returns the number of cache buffers being used for the staging scratch file a CDF. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for the description of the caching scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFgetStageCacheSize are defined as follows:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| id         | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numBuffers | The number of cache buffers.  |

### 4.2.24.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of cache buffers used in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
dim numBuffers as integer
.
.
try
....
status = CDFgetStageCacheSize (id, numBuffers)

...
...
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The number of cache buffers.

## 4.2.25 CDFgetValidate

integer CDFgetValidate()

‘ out – CDF validation mode.

CDFgetValidate returns the data validation mode. This information reflects whether when a CDF is open, its certain data fields are subjected to a validation process. 1 is returned if the data validation is to be performed, 0 otherwise.

The arguments to CDFgetVersion are defined as follows:

N/A

### 4.2.25.1. Example(s)

In the following example, it gets the data validation mode.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long ‘ CDF identifier.  
dim status as integer ‘ Returned status code.  
dim validate as integer ‘ Data validation flag.  
.   
.   
try  
....  
    validate = CDFgetValidate ()  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

## 4.2.26 CDFgetVersion

integer CDFgetVersion(  
id as long,  
version as integer,  
release as integer,  
increment as integer)

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- CDF version.  
‘ out -- CDF release.  
‘ out -- CDF increment.

CDFgetVersion returns the version/release information for a CDF file. This information reflects the CDF library that was used to create the CDF file.

The arguments to CDFgetVersion are defined as follows:

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| id        | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| version   | The CDF version number.   |
| release   | The CDF release number.   |
| increment | The CDF increment number.   |

#### 4.2.26.1. Example(s)

In the following example, a CDF's version/release is acquired.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim version as integer
dim release as integer
dim increment as integer
.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetVersion (id, version, release, increment)
...
....
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ CDF version.  
‘ CDF release  
‘ CDF increment.

#### 4.2.27 CDFgetzMode

```

integer CDFgetzMode(
id as long,
zMode as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- CDF zMode.

CDFgetzMode returns the zMode for a CDF file. The zModes are described in Section 2.15.

The arguments to CDFgetzMode are defined as follows:

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| id    | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| zMode | The CDF zMode.  |

#### 4.2.27.1. Example(s)

In the following example, a CDF's zMode is acquired.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer                         ' Returned status code.
dim zMode as integer                          ' CDF zMode.
.
.
try
  ....
  status = CDFgetzMode (id, zMode)

  ...
  ...
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
```

#### 4.2.28 CDFinquire

```
integer CDFinquire(
id as long,                                ' out -- Completion status code.
numDims as integer,                        ' in -- CDF identifier
dimSizes as integer(),                     ' out -- Number of dimensions, rVariables.
encoding as integer,                       ' out -- Dimension sizes, rVariables.
majority as integer,                       ' out -- Data encoding.
maxRec as integer,                         ' out -- Variable majority.
numVars as integer,                        ' out -- CDF's maximum record number, rVariables.
numAttrs as integer)                      ' out -- Number of rVariables in the CDF.
                                           ' out -- Number of attributes in the CDF.
```

CDFinquire returns the basic characteristics of a CDF. An application needs to know the number of rVariable dimensions and their sizes before it can access rVariable data (since all rVariables' dimension and dimension size are the same). Knowing the variable majority can be used to optimize performance and is necessary to properly use the variable hyper functions (for both rVariables and zVariables).

The arguments to CDFinquire are defined as follows:

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.   |
| numDims  | The number of dimensions for the rVariables in the CDF.  |
| dimSizes | The dimension sizes of the rVariables in the CDF. dimSizes is a 1-dimensional array containing one element per dimension. Each element of dimSizes receives the corresponding dimension size. For 0-dimensional rVariables this argument is ignored (but must be present). |

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| encoding | The encoding of the variable data and attribute entry data. The encodings are defined in Section 2.7.   |
| majority | The majority of the variable data. The majorities are defined in Section 2.9.   |
| maxRec   | The maximum record number written to an rVariable in the CDF. Note that the maximum record number written is also kept separately for each rVariable in the CDF. The value of maxRec is the largest of these. Some rVariables may have fewer records actually written. Use CDFrVarMaxWrittenRecNum to inquire the maximum record written for an individual rVariable. |
| numVars  | The number of rVariables in the CDF.  |
| numAttrs | The number of attributes in the CDF.  |

#### 4.2.28.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the basic information about a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim numDims as integer
Dim dimSizes() as integer
dim encoding as integer
dim majority as integer
dim maxRec as integer

dim numVars as integer
dim numAttrs as integer
.
.
try
....
status = CDFinquire (id, numDims, dimSizes, encoding, majority, _
                    maxRec, numVars, numAttrs)

.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

- ‘ CDF identifier.
- ‘ Returned status code.
- ‘ Number of dimensions, rVariables.
- ‘ Dimension sizes, rVariables
- ‘ Data encoding.
- ‘ Variable majority.
- ‘ Maximum record number,
- ‘ rVariables.
- ‘ Number of rVariables in CDF.
- ‘ Number of attributes in CDF.

#### 4.2.29 CDFinquireCDF

```

integer CDFinquireCDF(
id as long,
numDims as integer,
dimSizes as integer(),

```

- ‘ out -- Completion status code.
- ‘ in -- CDF identifier
- ‘ out -- Number of dimensions for rVariables.
- ‘ out -- Dimension sizes for rVariables.

encoding as integer,  
majority as integer,  
maxrRec as integer,  
numrVars as integer,  
maxzRec as integer,  
numzVars as integer,  
numAttrs as integer)

```
‘ out -- Data encoding.
‘ out -- Variable majority.
‘ out -- Maximum record number among rVariables .
‘ out -- Number of rVariables in the CDF.
‘ out -- Maximum record number among zVariables .
‘ out -- Number of zVariables in the CDF.
‘ out -- Number of attributes in the CDF.
```

CDFInquireCDF returns the basic characteristics of a CDF. This method expands the method CDFInquire by acquiring extra information regarding the zVariables. Knowing the variable majority can be used to optimize performance and is necessary to properly use the variable hyper-get/put functions.

The arguments to CDFInquireCDF are defined as follows:

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.  |
| numDims  | The number of dimensions for the rVariables in the CDF. Note that all the rVariables' dimensionality in the same CDF file must be the same.  |
| dimSizes | The dimension sizes of the rVariables in the CDF (note that all the rVariables' dimension sizes in the same CDF file must be the same). dimSizes is a 1-dimensional array containing one element per dimension. Each element of dimSizes receives the corresponding dimension size. For 0-dimensional rVariables this argument is ignored (but must be present).                       |
| encoding | The encoding of the variable data and attribute entry data. The encodings are defined in Section 2.7.  |
| majority | The majority of the variable data. The majorities are defined in Section 2.9.  |
| maxrRec  | The maximum record number written to an rVariable in the CDF. Note that the maximum record number written is also kept separately for each rVariable in the CDF. The value of maxRec is the largest of these.  |
| numrVars | The number of rVariables in the CDF.   |
| maxzRec  | The maximum record number written to a zVariable in the CDF. Note that the maximum record number written is also kept separately for each zVariable in the CDF. The value of maxRec is the largest of these. Some zVariables may have fewer records than actually written. Use CDFgetzVarMaxWrittenRecNum to inquire the actual number of records written for an individual zVariable. |
| numzVars | The number of zVariables in the CDF.   |
| numAttrs | The number of attributes in the CDF.   |

#### 4.2.29.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the basic information about a CDF.

.

```

.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim numDims as integer
Dim dimSizes() as integer
dim encoding as integer
dim majority as integer
dim maxRec as integer
dim numrVars as integer
dim maxzRec as integer
dim numzVars as integer
dim numAttrs as integer
.
.
try
    status = CDFinquireCDF (id, numDims, dimSizes, encoding, majority, _
                           maxrRec, numrVars, maxzRec, numzVars, numAttrs)

    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
 ‘ Returned status code.  
 ‘ Number of dimensions, rVariables.  
 ‘ Dimension sizes, rVariables .  
 ‘ Data encoding.  
 ‘ Variable majority.  
 ‘ Maximum record number, rVariables.  
 ‘ Number of rVariables in CDF.  
 ‘ Maximum record number, zVariables.  
 ‘ Number of zVariables in CDF.  
 ‘ Number of attributes in CDF.

### 4.2.30 CDFopen

```

integer CDFopen(
CDFname as string,
id as long)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
 ‘ in -- CDF file name.  
 ‘ out -- CDF identifier.

CDFopen, a legacy CDF function, opens an existing CDF. The CDF is initially opened with only read access. This allows multiple applications to read the same CDF simultaneously. When an attempt to modify the CDF is made, it is automatically closed and reopened with read/write access. (The method will fail if the application does not have or cannot get write access to the CDF.)

The arguments to CDFopen are defined as follows:

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| CDFname | The file name of the CDF to open. (Do not specify an extension.) This may be at most CDF_PATHNAME_LEN characters. A CDF file name may contain disk and directory specifications that conform to the conventions of the operating system being used (including logical names on OpenVMS systems and environment variables on UNIX systems). |
|         | <b>UNIX:</b> File names are case-sensitive.  |
| id      | The identifier for the opened CDF. This identifier must be used in all subsequent operations on the CDF.   |

**NOTE:** CDFclose must be used to close the CDF before your application exits to ensure that the CDF will be correctly written to disk.



#### 4.2.30.1. Example(s)

The following example will open a CDF named "NOAA1.cdf".

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer                         ' Returned status code.
Dim CDFname as string = "NOAA1"              ' file name of CDF.
.
.
try
    status = CDFopen (CDFname, id)
.
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
```

#### 4.2.31 CDFopenCDF

```
Integer CDFopenCDF(                            ' out -- Completion status code.
CDFname as string,                             ' in -- CDF file name.
id as long)                                    ' out -- CDF identifier.
```

CDFopenCDF opens an existing CDF. This method is identical to CDFopen, and the use of this method is strongly encouraged over CDFopen as it might not be supported in the future. The CDF is initially opened with only read access. This allows multiple applications to read the same CDF simultaneously. When an attempt to modify the CDF is made, it is automatically closed and reopened with read/write access. The method will fail if the application does not have or cannot get write access to the CDF.

The arguments to CDFopenCDF are defined as follows:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| CDFname                                     | The file name of the CDF to open. (Do not specify an extension.) This may be at most CDF_PATHNAME_LEN characters. A CDF file name may contain disk and directory specifications that conform to the conventions of the operating system being used (including logical names on OpenVMS systems and environment variables on UNIX systems). |
| <b>UNIX:</b> File names are case-sensitive. |  |
| id  | The identifier for the opened CDF. This identifier must be used in all subsequent operations on the CDF.   |

**NOTE:** CDFcloseCDF must be used to close the CDF before your application exits to ensure that the CDF will be correctly written to disk.

#### 4.2.31.1. Example(s)

The following example will open a CDF named “NOAA1.cdf”.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long ‘ CDF identifier.  
dim status as integer ‘ Returned status code.  
Dim CDFname as string = "NOAA1" ‘ file name of CDF.  
.   
.   
try  
....  
status = CDFopenCDF (CDFname, id)  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

#### 4.2.32 CDFselect

```
integer CDFselect(  
id as long) ‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
```

CDFselect selects an opened CDF as the current CDF. Only one CDF is allowed to be current. To access data from a CDF, that CDF must be selected as the current. This method is no longer needed as the methods involved CDF operations always need the CDF identifier, as the first argument, so it can be set as current before other operations can be applied.

The arguments to CDFselect are defined as follows:

|    |  |
|----|--|
| id | The identifier for the opened CDF. This identifier must be used in all subsequent operations on the CDF. |
|----|--|

**NOTE:** When a CDF is opened, it becomes the current. No CDF is current after CDFcloseCDF is called to close the file.

##### 4.2.32.1. Example(s)

The following example will select a CDF named “NOAA1.cdf” as the current CDF while another file “NOAA2.cdf” is also opened.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id1 as long, id2 as long ‘ CDF identifier.
```

```

dim status as integer
Dim CDFname1 as string = "NOAA1"
Dim CDFname2 as string = "NOAA2"
.
try
....
status = CDFopenCDF (CDFname1, id1)

status = CDFopenCDF (CDFname2, id2)

status = CDFselect(id1)
....
status = CDFclose(id1)
status = CDFclose(id2)
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ Returned status code.  
‘ file name of CDF.  
‘ file name of CDF. .

### 4.2.33 CDFselectCDF

```

integer CDFselectCDF(
id as long)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.

CDFselectCDF selects an opened CDF as the current CDF. Only one CDF is allowed to be current. To access data from a CDF, that CDF must be selected as the current. This method is no longer needed as the methods involved CDF operations always need the CDF identifier, as the first argument, so it can be set as current before other operations can be applied. This method is identical to CDFselect.

The arguments to CDFselectCDF are defined as follows:

id                      The identifier for the opened CDF. This identifier must be used in all subsequent operations on the CDF.

**NOTE:** When a CDF is opened, it becomes the current. No CDF is current after CDFcloseCDF is called to close the file.

#### 4.2.33.1. Example(s)

The following example will select a CDF named “NOAA1.cdf” as the current CDF while another file “NOAA2.cdf” is also opened.

```

.
.
.
dim id1 as long, i2 as long
dim status as integer
Dim CDFname1 as string = "NOAA1"
Dim CDFname2 as string = "NOAA2"
.

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ file name of CDF.  
‘ file name of CDF. .

```

try
....
status = CDFopenCDF (CDFname1, id1)

status = CDFopenCDF (CDFname2, id2)

status = CDFselectCDF(id1)
....
status = CDFclose(id1)
status = CDFclose(id2)
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

## 4.2.34 CDFsetCacheSize

```

integer CDFsetCacheSize (
id as long,
numBuffer as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- CDF’s cache buffers.

CDFsetCacheSize specifies the number of cache buffers being used for the dotCDF file when a CDF is open. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for the description of the cache scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFsetCacheSize are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

numBuffers The number of cache buffers.

### 4.2.34.1. Example(s)

The following example extends the number of cache buffers to 500 for the open CDF file. The default number is 300 for a single-file format CDF on Unix systems.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim cacheBuffers as integer
.
.
cacheBuffers = 500
try
....
status = CDFsetCacheSize (id, cacheBuffers)
...
...

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ CDF’s cache buffers.

```

catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.2.35 CDFsetChecksum

```

integer CDFsetChecksum (
id as long,
checksum as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- CDF’s checksum mode.

CDFsetChecksum specifies the checksum mode for the CDF. The CDF checksum mode is described in Section 2.20.

The arguments to CDFsetChecksum are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

checksum    The checksum mode (NO\_CHECKSUM or MD5\_CHECKSUM).

#### 4.2.35.1. Example(s)

The following example turns off the checksum flag for the open CDF file..

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim checksum as integer
.
.
checksum= NO_CHECKSUM
try
....
status = CDFsetChecksum (id, checksum)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ CDF’s checksum.

### 4.2.36 CDFsetCompression

```

integer CDFsetCompression (
id as long,

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.

compressionType as integer,  
CompressionParms as integer())

‘ in -- CDF’s compression type.  
‘ in -- CDF’s compression parameters.

CDFsetCompression specifies the compression type and parameters for a CDF. This compression refers to the CDF, not of any variables. The compressions are described in Section 2.11.

The arguments to CDFsetCompression are defined as follows:

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| id               | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| compressionType  | The compression type .  |
| compressionParms | The compression parameters.   |

#### 4.2.36.1. Example(s)

The following example uses GZIP.6 to compress the CDF file.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim compressionType as integer
Dim compressionParms(1) as integer
.
.
compressionType = GZIP_COMPRESSION
compressionParms(0) = 6
try
....
status = CDFsetCompression (id, compressionType, compressionParms) ...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ CDF’s compression type.  
‘ CDF’s compression parameters.

#### 4.2.37 CDFsetCompressionCacheSize

integer CDFsetCompressionCacheSize (  
id as long,  
numBuffers as integer)

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- CDF’s compressed cache buffers.

CDFsetCompressionCacheSize specifies the number of cache buffers used for the compression scratch CDF file. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for the description of the cache scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFsetCompressionCacheSize are defined as follows:

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| id                    | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| compressionNumBuffers | The number of cache buffers.  |

#### 4.2.37.1. Example(s)

The following example extends the number of cache buffers used for the scratch file from the compressed CDF file to 100. The default cache buffers is 80 for Unix systems.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long           ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer    ' Returned status code.
dim numBuffers as integer = 100 ' CDF's compression cache buffers.
.
.
try
  ....
  status = CDFsetCompressionCacheSize (id, numBuffers)
  ...
  ...
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try

```

### 4.2.38 CDFsetDecoding

|                          |                                  |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| integer CDFsetDecoding ( | ' out -- Completion status code. |
| id as long,              | ' in -- CDF identifier.          |
| decoding as integer)     | ' in -- CDF decoding.            |

CDFsetDecoding sets the decoding of a CDF. The decodings are described in Section 2.8.

The arguments to CDFsetDecoding are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| decoding | The decoding of a CDF.  |

#### 4.2.38.1. Example(s)

The following example sets NETWORK\_DECODING to be the decoding scheme in the CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim decoding as integer
.
.
decoding = NETWORK_DECODING
try
....
status = CDFsetDecoding (id, decoding)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Decoding.

## 4.2.39 CDFsetEncoding

```

integer CDFsetEncoding (
id as long,
encoding as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- CDF encoding.

CDFsetEncoding specifies the data encoding of the CDF. A CDF's encoding may not be changed after any variable values have been written. The encodings are described in Section 2.7.

The arguments to CDFsetEncoding are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| encoding | The encoding of the CDF.  |

### 4.2.39.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the encoding to HOST\_ENCODING for the CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim encoding as integer
.
.
encoding = HOST_ENCODING
try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Encoding.



```

    status = CDFsetEncoding(id, encoding)
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

## 4.2.40 CDFsetFileBackward

```

void CDFsetFileBackward(
mode as integer)                                     ‘ in -- File backward Mode.

```

CDFsetFileBackward sets the backward mode. When the mode is set as FILEBACKWARDOn, any new CDF files created are of version 2.7, instead of the underlining library version. If mode FILEBACKWARDOff is used, the default for creating new CDF files, the library version is the version of the file.

The arguments to CDFsetFileBackward are defined as follows:

|      |                    |
|------|--------------------|
| mode | The backward mode. |
|------|--------------------|

### 4.2.40.1. Example(s)

In the following example, it sets the file backward mode to FILEBACKWARDOff, which means that any files to be created will be of version V3.\*, the same as the library version.

```

.
.
try
    ....
    CDFsetFileBackward (FILEBACKWARDOff)
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
.

```

## 4.2.41 CDFsetFormat

|                        |                                  |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| integer CDFsetFormat ( | ‘ out -- Completion status code. |
| id as long,            | ‘ in -- CDF identifier.          |
| format as integer)     | ‘ in -- CDF format.              |

CDFsetFormat specifies the file format, either single or multi-file format, of the CDF. A CDF's format may not be changed after any variable values have been written. The formats are described in Section 2.5.

The arguments to CDFsetFormat are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| format | The file format of the CDF.   |

#### 4.2.41.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the file format to MULTI\_FILE for the CDF. The default is SINGLE\_FILE format.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long          ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer   ' Returned status code.
Dim format as integer   ' Format.
.
.
format = MULTI_FILE
try
    ....
    status = CDFsetFormat(id, format)
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
```

#### 4.2.42 CDFsetLeapSecondLastUpdated

```
integer CDFsetLeapSecondLastUpdated (
id as long,
lastUpdated as integer)
' out -- Completion status code.
' in -- CDF identifier.
' in -- Leap second last updated date
```

CDFsetLeapSecondLastUpdated respecifies the leap second last updated date in the CDF. The value, in YYYYMMDD form, indicates what/if the leap second table this CDF is based upon. The value is either a valid entry in the currently used leap second table, or zero (0). Value zero means the CDF is not using any leap second table. This field is only relevant to TT2000 data. Normally, this function is used for older CDFs that have not had the field set.

The arguments to CDFsetLeapSecondLastUpdated are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| lastUpdated | The date the latest leap second was added to the leap second table.   |

#### 4.2.42.1. Example(s)

The following example resets the leap second last updated date in the CDF. Likely, the file's field was not set originally (an older CDF).

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer                        ' Returned status code.
dim lastUpdated as integer                  ' Leap second last updated.
.
.
lastUpdated = 20150701
try
  ....
  status = CDFsetLeapSecondLastUpdated (id, lastUpdated)
  ...
  ...
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
```

#### 4.2.43 CDFsetMajority

```
integer CDFsetMajority (                      ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                  ' in -- CDF identifier.
majority as integer)                         ' in -- CDF variable majority.
```

CDFsetMajority specifies the variable majority, either row or column-major, of the CDF. A CDF's majority may not be changed after any variable values have been written. The majorities are described in Section 2.9.

The arguments to CDFsetMajority are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| majority | The variable majority of the CDF.   |

##### 4.2.43.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the majority to COLUMN\_MAJOR for the CDF. The default is ROW\_MAJOR.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
```

```

Dim status as integer
Dim majority as integer
.
.
majority = COLUMN_MAJOR
try
....
status = CDFsetMajority (id, majority)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Majority.

## 4.2.44 CDFsetNegtoPosfp0Mode

```

integer CDFsetNegtoPosfp0Mode (
id as long,
negtoPosfp0 as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- -0.0 to 0.0 mode.

CDFsetNegtoPosfp0Mode specifies the -0.0 to 0.0 mode of the CDF. The -0.0 to 0.0 modes are described in Section 2.16.

The arguments to CDFsetNegtoPosfp0Mode are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| negtoPosfp0 | The -0.0 to 0.0 mode of the CDF.  |

### 4.2.44.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the -0.0 to 0.0 mode to ON for the CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim negtoPosfp0 as integer
.
.
negtoPosfp0 = NEGtoPOSfp0on
try
....
status = CDFsetNegtoPosfp0Mode (id, negtoPosfp0)
...
catch ex as Exception
...

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ -0.0 to 0.0 mode.

end try

#### 4.2.45 CDFsetReadOnlyMode

```
integer CDFsetReadOnlyMode(  
id as long,  
readOnlyMode as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- CDF read-only mode.

CDFsetReadOnlyMode specifies the read-only mode for a CDF. The read-only modes are described in Section 2.14.

The arguments to CDFsetReadOnlyMode are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| readOnlyMode | The read-only mode.   |

##### 4.2.45.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the read-only mode to OFF for the CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long  
Dim readMode as integer  
Dim status as integer  
.   
.   
readMode = READONLYoff  
try  
....  
status = CDFsetReadOnlyMode (id, readMode)  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ CDF read-only mode.

#### 4.2.46 CDFsetStageCacheSize

```
integer CDFsetStageCacheSize(  
id as long,  
numBuffers as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- The stage cache size.

CDFsetStageCacheSize specifies the number of cache buffers being used for the staging scratch file a CDF. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for the description of the caching scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFsetStageCacheSize are defined as follows:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| id         | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numBuffers | The number of cache buffers.  |

#### 4.2.46.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the number of stage cache buffers to 10 for a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim numBuffers as integer                    ' The number of cache buffers.
Dim status as integer
.
.
numBuffers = 10
try
....
status = CDFsetStageCacheSize (id, numBuffers)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.2.47 CDFsetValidate

```
void CDFsetValidate(
mode as integer)                                ' in -- File Validation Mode.
```

CDFsetValidate sets the data validation mode. The validation mode dedicates whether certain data in an open CDF file will be validated. This mode should be set before the any files are opened. Refer to Data Validation Section 2.21.

The arguments to CDFsetVersion are defined as follows:

|      |                      |
|------|----------------------|
| mode | The validation mode. |
|------|----------------------|

#### 4.2.47.1. Example(s)

In the following example, it sets the validation mode to be on, so any following CDF files are subjected to the data validation process when they are open.

```
.  
.   
.   
try  
    ....  
    CDFsetValidate (VALIDATEFILEon)  
    ...  
catch ex as Exception  
    ...  
end try
```

#### 4.2.48 CDFsetzMode

```
integer CDFsetzMode(  
id as long,  
zMode as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- CDF zMode.

CDFsetzMode specifies the zMode for a CDF file. The zModes are described in Section 2.15 and see the Concepts chapter in the CDF User’s Guide for a more detailed information on zModes. zMode is used when dealing with a CDF file that contains 1) rVariables, or 2) rVariables and zVariables. If you want to treat rVariables as zVariables, it’s highly recommended to set the value of zMode to zMODEon2.

The arguments to CDFsetzMode are defined as follows:

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| id    | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| zMode | The CDF zMode.  |

##### 4.2.48.1. Example(s)

In the following example, a CDF’s zMode is specified to zMODEon2: all rVariables are treated as zVariables with NOVARY dimensions being eliminated.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long  
Dim status as integer  
Dim zMode as integer  
.   
.   
zMode = zMODEon2  
try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ CDF zMode.

```

....
status = CDFsetzMode (id, zMode)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

## 4.3 Variables

The methods in this section are all CDF variable-specific. A variable, either a rVariable or zVariable, is identified by its unique name in a CDF or a variable number. Before you can perform any operation on a variable, the CDF in which it resides in must be opened.

### 4.3.1 CDFcloserVar

```

integer CDFcloserVar(                                     ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                              ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer)                                     ' in -- rVariable number.

```

CDFcloserVar closes the specified rVariable file from a multi-file format CDF. Note that rVariables in a single-file CDF don't need to be closed. The variable's cache buffers are flushed before the variable's open file is closed. However, the CDF file is still open.

**NOTE:** For the multi-file CDF, you must close all open variable files to guarantee that all modifications you have made will actually be written to the CDF's file(s). If your program exits, normally or otherwise, without a successful call to CDFcloseCDF, the CDF's cache buffers are left unflushed.

The arguments to CDFcloserVar are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.             |
| varNum | The variable number for the open rVariable's file. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreaterVar or CDFgetVarNum. |

#### 4.3.1.1. Example(s)

The following example will close an open rVariable file from a multi-file CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
Dim varNum as integer                             ' rVariable number.

```



```

.
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "VAR_NAME1")
.
status = CDFcloseVar (id, varNum)
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.2 CDFcloseVar

```

integer CDFcloseVar(                                     ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                             ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer)                                     ' in -- zVariable number.

```

CDFcloseVar closes the specified zVariable file from a multi-file format CDF. Note that zVariables in a single-file CDF don't need to be closed. The variable's cache buffers are flushed before the variable's open file is closed. However, the CDF file is still open.

**NOTE:** For the multi-file CDF, you must close all open variable files to guarantee that all modifications you have made will actually be written to the CDF's file(s). If your program exits, normally or otherwise, without a successful call to CDFcloseCDF, the CDF's cache buffers are left unflushed.

The arguments to CDFcloseVar are defined as follows:

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| id     | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.            |
| varNum | The variable number for the open zVariable's file. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreateVar or CDFgetVarNum. |

#### 4.3.2.1. Example(s)

The following example will close an open zVariable file from a multi-file CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
Dim varNum as integer                             ' zVariable number.
.
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "VAR_NAME1")

```

```

.
status = CDFclosezVar (id, varNum)
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.3 CDFconfirmrVarExistence

```

integer CDFconfirmrVarExistence(
id as long,
varName as string)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- rVariable name.

CDFconfirmrVarExistence confirms the existence of a rVariable with a given name in a CDF. If the rVariable does not exist, an error code will be returned. No exception is thrown if the variable is not found.

The arguments to CDFconfirmrEntryExistence are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

varName      The rVariable name to check.

#### 4.3.3.1. Example(s)

The following example checks the existence of rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
.
.
try
....
status = CDFconfirmrVarExistence (id, “MY_VAR”)
if status <> CDF_OK then UserStatusHandler (status)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.

### 4.3.4 CDFconfirmrVarPadValueExistence

```
integer CDFconfirmrVarPadValueExistence(
id as long,
varNum as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- rVariable number.
```

CDFconfirmrVarPadValueExistence confirms the existence of an explicitly specified pad value for the specified rVariable in a CDF. If an explicit pad value has not been specified, the informational status code NO\_PADVALUE\_SPECIFIED will be returned. No exception is thrown if the variable’s pad value is not defined.

The arguments to CDFconfirmrVarPadValueExistence are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |

#### 4.3.4.1. Example(s)

The following example checks the existence of the pad value of rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim varNum as integer
.
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum(id, "MY_VAR")
status = CDFconfirmrVarPadValueExistence (id, varNum)
if status <> NO_PADVALUE_SPECIFIED then
.
end if
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.
‘ Returned status code.
‘ rVariable number.
```

### 4.3.5 CDFconfirmzVarExistence

```
integer CDFconfirmzVarExistence(
id as long,
varName as string)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- zVariable name.
```

CDFconfirmzVarExistence confirms the existence of a zVariable with a given name in a CDF. If the zVariable does not exist, an error code will be returned. No exception is thrown if the variable is not found.

The arguments to CDFconfirmEntryExistence are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varName | The zVariable name to check.  |

#### 4.3.5.1. Example(s)

The following example checks the existence of zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
.
.
try
....
status = CDFconfirmzVarExistence (id, "MY_VAR")
if status <> CDF_OK then UserStatusHandler (status)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

#### 4.3.6 CDFconfirmzVarPadValueExistence

|  |                                  |
|--|----------------------------------|
| integer CDFconfirmzVarPadValueExistence( | ' out -- Completion status code. |
| id as long,                              | ' in -- CDF identifier.          |
| varNum as integer)                       | ' in -- zVariable number.        |

CDFconfirmzVarPadValueExistence confirms the existence of an explicitly specified pad value for the specified zVariable in a CDF. If an explicit pad value has not been specified, the informational status code NO\_PADVALUE\_SPECIFIED will be returned. No exception is thrown if the variable’s pad value is not defined.

The arguments to CDFconfirmzVarPadValueExistence are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |

#### 4.3.6.1. Example(s)

The following example checks the existence of the pad value of zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long id          ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer      ' Returned status code.
Dim varNum as integer      ' zVariable number.
.
.
try
    ....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum(id, "MY_VAR")
    status = CDFconfirmzVarPadValueExistence (id, varNum)
    if status <> NO_PADVALUE_SPECIFIED then
.
    end if
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
```

#### 4.3.7 CDFcreatorVar

```
integer CDFcreatorVar(
id as long,                ' out -- Completion status code.
varName as string,         ' in -- CDF identifier.
dataType as integer,       ' in -- rVariable name.
numElements as integer,   ' in -- Data type.
recVariance as integer,   ' in -- Number of elements (of the data type).
dimVariances as integer(), ' in -- Record variance.
varNum as integer)        ' in -- Dimension variances.
                          ' out -- rVariable number.
```

CDFcreatorVar is used to create a new rVariable in a CDF. A variable (rVariable or rVariable) with the same name must not already exist in the CDF.

The arguments to CDFcreatorVar are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varName  | The name of the rVariable to create. This may be at most CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Variable names are case-sensitive.   |
| dataType | The data type of the new rVariable. Specify one of the data types defined in Section 2.6.                                     |

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| numElements  | The number of elements of the data type at each value. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string (each value consists of the entire string). For all other data types this must always be one (1) - multiple elements at each value are not allowed for non-character data types. |
| recVariance  | The rVariable's record variance. Specify one of the variances defined in Section 2.10.  |
| dimVariances | The rVariable's dimension variances. Each element of dimVariances specifies the corresponding dimension variance. For each dimension specify one of the variances defined in Section 2.10. For 0-dimensional rVariables this argument is ignored (but must be present).   |
| varNum       | The number assigned to the new rVariable. This number must be used in subsequent CDF function calls when referring to this rVariable. An existing rVariable's number may be determined with the CDFgetVarNum function.  |

#### 4.3.7.1. Example(s)

The following example will create several rVariables in a 2-dimensional CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim EPOCHrecVary as integer = VARY
Dim LATrecVary as integer = NOVARY
Dim LONrecVary as integer = NOVARY
Dim TMPrecVary as integer = VARY
Dim EPOCHdimVarys() as integer = {NOVARY,NOVARY}
Dim LATdimVarys() as integer = {VARY,VARY}
Dim LONdimVarys() as integer = {VARY,VARY}
Dim TMPdimVarys() as integer = {VARY,VARY}
Dim EPOCHvarNum as integer
Dim LATvarNum as integer
Dim LONvarNum as integer
Dim TMPvarNum as integer
.
.
try
    status = CDFcreatorVar (id, "EPOCH", CDF_EPOCH, 1, EPOCHrecVary, _
                           EPOCHdimVarys, EPOCH varNum)
    status = CDFcreatorVar (id, "LATITUDE", CDF_INT2, 1, LATrecVary, LATdimVarys, LATvarNum)
    status = CDFcreatorVar (id, "INTITUDE", CDF_INT2, 1, LONrecVary, LONdimVarys, LONvarNum)
    status = CDFcreatorVar (id, "TEMPERATURE", CDF_REAL4, 1, TMPrecVary, _
                           TMPdimVarys, TMPvarNum)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ EPOCH record variance.  
‘ LAT record variance.  
‘ LON record variance.  
‘ TMP record variance.  
‘ EPOCH dimension variances.  
‘ LAT dimension variances.  
‘ LON dimension variances.  
‘ TMP dimension variances.  
‘ EPOCH rVariable number.  
‘ LAT rVariable number.  
‘ LON rVariable number.  
‘ TMP rVariable number.

### 4.3.8 CDFcreatezVar

```
integer CDFcreatezVar(  
  id as long,  
  varName as string,  
  dataType as integer,  
  numElements as integer,  
  numDims as integer,  
  dimSizes as integer(),  
  recVariance as integer,  
  dimVariances as integer(),  
  varNum as integer)  
  ' out -- Completion status code.  
  ' in -- CDF identifier.  
  ' in -- zVariable name.  
  ' in -- Data type.  
  ' in -- Number of elements (of the data type).  
  ' in -- Number of dimensions.  
  ' in -- Dimension sizes  
  ' in -- Record variance.  
  ' in -- Dimension variances.  
  ' out -- zVariable number.
```

CDFcreatezVar is used to create a new zVariable in a CDF. A variable (rVariable or zVariable) with the same name must not already exist in the CDF.

The arguments to CDFcreatezVar are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.   |
| varName      | The name of the zVariable to create. This may be at most CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Variable names are case-sensitive.   |
| dataType     | The data type of the new zVariable. Specify one of the data types defined in Section 2.6.   |
| numElements  | The number of elements of the data type at each value. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string (each value consists of the entire string). For all other data types this must always be one (1) - multiple elements at each value are not allowed for non-character data types. |
| numDims      | Number of dimensions the zVariable. This may be as few as zero (0) and at most CDF_MAX_DIMS.  |
| dimSizes     | The size of each dimension. Each element of dimSizes specifies the corresponding dimension size. Each size must be greater than zero (0). For 0-dimensional zVariables this argument is ignored (but must be present).  |
| recVariance  | The zVariable's record variance. Specify one of the variances defined in Section 2.10.  |
| dimVariances | The zVariable's dimension variances. Each element of dimVariances specifies the corresponding dimension variance. For each dimension specify one of the variances defined in Section 2.10. For 0-dimensional zVariables this argument is ignored (but must be present).   |
| varNum       | The number assigned to the new zVariable. This number must be used in subsequent CDF function calls when referring to this zVariable. An existing zVariable's number may be determined with the CDFgetVarNum function.  |

#### 4.3.8.1. Example(s)

The following example will create several zVariables in a CDF. In this case EPOCH is a 0-dimensional, LAT and LON are 2-dimensional, and TMP is a 1-dimensional.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim EPOCHrecVary as integer = VARY
Dim LATrecVary as integer = NOVARY
Dim LONrecVary as integer = NOVARY
Dim TMPrecVary as integer = VARY
Dim EPOCHdimVarys() as integer = (NOVARY)
Dim LATdimVarys() as integer = {VARY,VARY}
Dim LONdimVarys() as integer = {VARY,VARY}
Dim TMPdimVarys() as integer = {VARY,VARY}
Dim EPOCHvarNum as integer
Dim LATvarNum as integer
Dim LONvarNum as integer
Dim TMPvarNum as integer
Dim EPOCHdimSizes() as integer = {3}
Dim LATLONdimSizes() as integer = {2,3}
Dim TMPdimSizes() as integer = {3}
.
.
try
    status = CDFcreatezVar (id, "EPOCH", CDF_EPOCH, 1, 0, EPOCHdimSizes, EPOCHrecVary, _
        EPOCHdimVarys, EPOCHvarNum)
    status = CDFcreatezVar (id, "LATITUDE", CDF_INT2, 1, 2, LATLONdimSizes, LATrecVary, _
        LATdimVarys, LATvarNum)
    status = CDFcreatezVar (id, "INTITUDE", CDF_INT2, 1, 2, LATLONdimSizes, LONrecVary, _
        LONdimVarys, LONvarNum)
    status = CDFcreatezVar (id, "TEMPERATURE", CDF_REAL4, 1, 1, TMPdimSizes, TMPrecVary, _
        TMPdimVarys, TMPvarNum)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ EPOCH record variance.  
‘ LAT record variance.  
‘ LON record variance.  
‘ TMP record variance.  
‘ EPOCH dimension variances.  
‘ LAT dimension variances.  
‘ LON dimension variances.  
‘ TMP dimension variances.  
‘ EPOCH zVariable number.  
‘ LAT zVariable number.  
‘ LON zVariable number.  
‘ TMP zVariable number.  
‘ EPOCH dimension sizes.  
‘ LAT/LON dimension sizes.  
‘ TMP dimension sizes.

#### 4.3.9 CDFdeleterVar

```
integer CDFdeleterVar(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- rVariable identifier.

CDFdeleterVar deletes the specified rVariable from a CDF.

The arguments to CDFdeleterVar are defined as follows:



|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number to be deleted.   |

#### 4.3.9.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes the rVariable named MY\_VAR in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim varNum as integer
.
.
try
    ....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    status = CDFdeleterVar (id, varNum)
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.

‘ Returned status code.

‘ rVariable number.

#### 4.3.10 CDFdeleterVarRecords

|  |   |
|--|---|
| integer CDFdeleterVarRecords(<br>id as long,<br>varNum as integer,<br>startRec as integer,<br>endRec as integer) | <p>‘ out -- Completion status code.</p> <p>‘ in -- CDF identifier.</p> <p>‘ in -- rVariable identifier.</p> <p>‘ in -- Starting record number.</p> <p>‘ in -- Ending record number.</p> |
|--|---|

CDFdeleterVarRecords deletes a range of data records from the specified rVariable in a CDF. If this is a variable with sparse records, the remaining records after deletion will not be renumbered.<sup>7</sup>

The arguments to CDFdeleterVarRecords are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The identifier of the rVariable.  |

---

<sup>7</sup> Normal variables without sparse records have contiguous physical records. Once a section of the records get deleted, the remaining ones automatically fill the gap.

startRec     The starting record number to delete.

endRec       The ending record number to delete.

#### 4.3.10.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes 11 records (from record numbered 11 to 21) from the rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF. Note: The first record is numbered as 0.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim varNum as integer
Dim startRec as integer
Dim endRec as integer
.
.
try
    ....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    startRec = 10
    endRec = 20
    status = CDFdeleterVarRecords (id, varNum, startRec, endRec)
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ rVariable number.  
‘ Starting record number.  
‘ Ending record number.

#### 4.3.11 CDFdeleterVarRecordsRenumber

```
integer CDFdeleterVarRecordsRenumber(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
startRec as integer,
endRec as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- rVariable identifier.  
‘ in -- Starting record number.  
‘ in -- Ending record number.

CDFdeleterVarRecordsRenumber deletes a range of data records from the specified rVariable in a CDF. If this is a variable with sparse records, the remaining records after deletion will be renumbered, just like non-sparse variable’s records.

The arguments to CDFdeleterVarRecordsRenumber are defined as follows:

id             The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

varNum     The identifier of the rVariable.

startRec   The starting record number to delete.

endRec     The ending record number to delete.

#### 4.3.11.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes 11 records (from record numbered 11 to 21) from the rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.  
Note: The first record is numbered as 0. If the last record number is 100, then after the deletion, the record will be 89.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim varNum as integer
Dim startRec as integer
Dim endRec as integer
.
.
try
    ....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    startRec = 10
    endRec = 20
    status = CDFdeleteVarRecordsRenummer (id, varNum, startRec, endRec)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ rVariable number.  
‘ Starting record number.  
‘ Ending record number.

#### 4.3.12 CDFdeleteVar

```
integer CDFdeleteVar(
id as long,
varNum as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- zVariable identifier.

CDFdeleteVar deletes the specified zVariable from a CDF.

The arguments to CDFdeleteVar are defined as follows:

id             The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

varNum        The zVariable number to be deleted.

#### 4.3.12.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes the zVariable named MY\_VAR in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim varNum as integer
.
.
try
    ....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    status = CDFdeletezVar (id, varNum)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ zVariable number.

#### 4.3.13 CDFdeletezVarRecords

```
integer CDFdeletezVarRecords(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
startRec as integer,
endRec as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- zVariable identifier.  
‘ in -- Starting record number.  
‘ in -- Ending record number.

CDFdeletezVarRecords deletes a range of data records from the specified zVariable in a CDF. If this is a variable with sparse records, the remaining records after deletion will not be renumbered.

The arguments to CDFdeletezVarRecords are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The identifier of the zVariable.  |
| startRec | The starting record number to delete.   |
| endRec   | The ending record number to delete.   |

#### 4.3.13.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes 11 records (from record numbered 11 to 21) from the zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF. Note: The first record is numbered as 0.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                         ' Returned status code.
Dim varNum as integer                         ' zVariable number.
Dim startRec as integer                       ' Starting record number.
Dim endRec as integer                         ' Ending record number.
.
.
try
    ....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    startRec = 10
    endRec = 20
    status = CDFdeletezVarRecords (id, varNum, startRec, endRec)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.14 CDFdeletezVarRecordsRenumber

```
integer CDFdeletezVarRecordsRenumber(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
startRec as integer,
endRec as integer)

' out -- Completion status code.
' in -- CDF identifier.
' in -- zVariable identifier.
' in -- Starting record number.
' in -- Ending record number.
```

CDFdeletezVarRecordsRenumber deletes a range of data records from the specified zVariable in a CDF. If this is a variable with sparse records, the remaining records after deletion will be renumbered, just like non-sparse variable's records.

The arguments to CDFdeletezVarRecordsRenumber are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The identifier of the zVariable.  |
| startRec | The starting record number to delete.   |
| endRec   | The ending record number to delete.   |

#### 4.3.14.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes 11 records (from record numbered 11 to 21) from the zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF. Note: The first record is numbered as 0. If the last record number is 100, then after the deletion, the record will be 89.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
Dim varNum as integer                             ' zVariable number.
Dim startRec as integer                           ' Starting record number.
Dim endRec as integer                             ' Ending record number.
.
.
try
  ....
  varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
  startRec = 10
  endRec = 20
  status = CDFdeletezVarRecordsRenummer (id, varNum, startRec, endRec)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
```

#### 4.3.15 CDFgetMaxWrittenRecNums

```
integer CDFgetMaxWrittenRecNums (                  ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                       ' in -- CDF identifier.
rVarsMaxNum as integer,                         ' out -- Maximum record number among all rVariables.
zVarsMaxNum as integer)                         ' out -- Maximum record number among all zVariables.
```

CDFgetMaxWrittenRecNums returns the maximum written record number for the rVariables and zVariables in a CDF. The maximum record number for rVariables or zVariables is one less than the maximum number of records among all respective variables.

The arguments to CDFgetMaxWrittenRecNums are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| rVarsMaxNum | The maximum record number among all rVariables.   |
| zVarsMaxNum | The maximum record number among all zVariables.   |

#### 4.3.15.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the maximum written record numbers among all rVariables and zVariables of the CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer         ' Returned status code.
Dim rVarsMaxNum as integer    ' Maximum record number among all rVariables.
Dim zVarsMaxNum as integer    ' Maximum record number among all zVariables.
.
.
try
    ....
    status = CDFgetMaxWrittenRecNums (id, rVarsMaxNum, zVarsMaxNum)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.16 CDFgetNumrVars

```
integer CDFgetNumrVars (      ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                  ' in -- CDF identifier.
numVars as integer)          ' out -- Total number of rVariables.
```

CDFgetNumrVars returns the total number of rVariables in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetNumrVars are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numVars | The number of rVariables.   |

##### 4.3.16.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the total number of rVariables in a CDF.

```
.
.

dim status as integer         ' Returned status code.
dim id as long                ' CDF identifier.
Dim numVars as integer        ' Number of zVariables.
```

```

.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetNumzVars (id, numVars)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.17 CDFgetNumzVars

```

integer CDFgetNumzVars (
id as long,
numVars as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- Total number of zVariables.

CDFgetNumzVars returns the total number of zVariables in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetNumzVars are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numVars | The number of zVariables.   |

#### 4.3.17.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the total number of zVariables in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim status as integer
dim id as long
Dim numVars as integer

```

‘ Returned status code.  
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Number of zVariables.

```

.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetNumzVars (id, numVars)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```



### 4.3.18 CDFgetrVarAllocRecords

```
integer CDFgetrVarAllocRecords(  
  id as long,  
  varNum as integer,  
  numRecs as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Allocated number of records.

CDFgetrVarAllocRecords returns the number of records allocated for the specified rVariable in a CDF. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for a description of allocating variable records in a single-file CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarAllocRecords are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.   |
| numRecs | The number of allocated records.  |

#### 4.3.18.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of allocated records for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.  
. .  
. .  
dim id as long  
Dim varNum as integer  
Dim numRecs as integer  
Dim status as integer  
. .  
try  
  ....  
  varNum = CDFgetrVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")  
. .  
  status = CDFgetrVarAllocRecords (id, varNum, numRecs)  
  ...  
  ...  
catch ex as Exception  
  ...  
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ rVariable number.  
‘ The allocated records.

### 4.3.19 CDFgetrVarBlockingFactor

```
integer CDFgetrVarBlockingFactor(  
  out -- Completion status code.
```

```
id as long,
varNum as integer,
bf as integer)
```

```
` in -- CDF identifier.
` in -- Variable number.
` out -- Blocking factor.
```

CDFgetrVarBlockingFactor returns the blocking factor for the specified rVariable in a CDF. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for a description of the blocking factor.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarBlockingFactor are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |
| bf     | The blocking factor. A value of zero (o) indicates that the default blocking factor will be used.                                     |

#### 4.3.19.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the blocking factor for the rVariable "MY\_VAR" in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim varNum as integer
Dim bf as integer
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetrVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")

status = CDFgetrVarBlockingFactor (id, varNum, bf) .
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

```
` CDF identifier.
` rVariable number.
` The blocking factor.
```

#### 4.3.20 CDFgetrVarCacheSize

```
integer CDFgetrVarCacheSize(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
numBuffers as integer)
```

```
` out -- Completion status code.
` in -- CDF identifier.
` in -- Variable number.
` out -- Number of cache buffers.
```

CDFgetrVarCacheSize returns the number of cache buffers being for the specified rVariable in a CDF. This operation is not applicable to a single-file CDF. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for a description of caching scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarCacheSize are defined as follows:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| id         | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum     | The rVariable number.   |
| numBuffers | The number of cache buffers.  |

#### 4.3.20.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of cache buffers for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim varNum as integer                         ' rVariable number.
Dim numBuffers as integer                     ' The number of cache buffers.
dim status as integer
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFgetrVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
.
    status = CDFgetrVarCacheSize (id, varNum, numBuffers)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.21 CDFgetrVarCompression

```
integer CDFgetrVarCompression(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
compType as integer,
cParms as integer(),
cPct as integer)

' out -- Completion status code.
' in -- CDF identifier.
' in -- Variable number.
' out -- Compression type.
' out -- Compression parameters.
' out -- Compression percentage.
```

CDFgetrVarCompression returns the compression type/parameters and compression percentage of the specified rVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.11 for a description of the CDF supported compression types/parameters. The compression percentage is the result of the compressed size from all variable records divided by its original, uncompressed variable size.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarCompression are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The rVariable number.   |
| compType | The compression type.   |
| cParms   | The compression parameters.   |
| cPct     | The percentage of the uncompressed size of rVariable's data values needed to store the compressed values.                             |

#### 4.3.21.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the compression information for rVariable "MY\_VAR" in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                ' CDF identifier.
Dim varNum as integer         ' rVariable number.
Dim compType as integer       ' The compression type.
Dim cParms(1) as integer      ' The compression parameters.
Dim cPct as integer           ' The compression percentage.
.
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    status = CDFgetrVarCompression (id, varNum, compType, cParms, cPct)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

#### 4.3.22 CDFgetrVarData

```

integer CDFgetrVarData(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
recNum as integer,
indices as integer(),
value as TYPE)

```

' out -- Completion status code.  
 ' in -- CDF identifier.  
 ' in -- Variable number.  
 ' in -- Record number.  
 ' in -- Dimension indices.  
 ' out -- Data value.  
 ' **TYPE** -- VB value/string type or object.

CDFgetrVarData returns a data value from the specified indices, the location of the element, in the given record of the specified rVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarData are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.   |
| recNum  | The record number.  |
| indices | The dimension indices within the record.  |
| value   | The data value.   |

#### 4.3.22.1. Example(s)

The following example returns two data values, the first and the fifth element, in Record 0 from rVariable “MY\_VAR”, a 2-dimensional (2 by 3) CDF\_DOUBLE type variable, in a row-major CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim varNum as integer
Dim recNum as integer
Dim indices(2) as integer
Dim value1 as double, value2 as double
.
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
recNum = 0
indices(0) = 0
indices(1) = 0
status = CDFgetrVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value1)
indices(0) = 1
indices(1) = 1
object value2o
status = CDFgetrVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value2o)
value2 = value2o
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

- ‘ CDF identifier.
- ‘ rVariable number.
- ‘ The record number.
- ‘ The dimension indices.
- ‘ The data values.

#### 4.3.23 CDFgetrVarDataType

```

integer CDFgetrVarDataType(
id as long,
varNum as integer,

```

- ‘ out -- Completion status code.
- ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
- ‘ in -- Variable number.

dataType as integer)

‘ out -- Data type.

CDFgetrVarDataType returns the data type of the specified rVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.6 for a description of the CDF data types.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarDataType are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The rVariable number.   |
| dataType | The data type.  |

#### 4.3.23.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the data type of rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim varNum as integer
Dim dataType as integer
dim status as integer
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFgetrVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    status = CDFgetrVarDataType (id, varNum, dataType)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ rVariable number.  
‘ The data type.

#### 4.3.24 CDFgetrVarDimVariances

```
integer CDFgetrVarDimVariances(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
dimVarys as integer())
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Dimension variances.

CDFgetrVarDimVariances returns the dimension variances of the specified rVariable in a CDF. For 0-dimensional rVariable, this operation is not applicable. The dimension variances are described in section 2.10.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarDimVariances are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The rVariable number.   |
| dimVarys | The dimension variances.  |

#### 4.3.24.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the dimension variances of the 2-dimensional rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim dimVarys(2) as integer                    ' The dimension variances.
.
.
try
....

    status = CDFgetrVarDimVariances (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), dimVarys)

...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.25 CDFgetrVarInfo

```
integer CDFgetrVarInfo(                        ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                  ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                           ' in -- Variable number.
dataType as integer,                         ' out -- Data type.
numElems as integer,                        ' out -- Number of elements.
numDims as integer,                         ' out -- Number of dimensions.
dimSizes as integer())                      ' out -- Dimension sizes.
```

CDFgetrVarInfo returns the basic information about the specified rVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarInfo are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| dataType | The data type of the variable.                            |
| numElems | The number of elements for the data type of the variable. |
| numDims  | The number of dimensions.                                 |
| dimSizes | The dimension sizes.                                      |

#### 4.3.25.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the basic information of rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long          ' CDF identifier.
Dim dataType as integer ' The data type.
Dim numElems as integer ' The number of elements.
Dim numDims as integer  ' The number of dimensions.
Dim dimSizes() as integer ' The dimension sizes.
dim status as integer
.
try
....

    status = CDFgetrVarInfo (id, CDFgetrVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), dataType, numElems, _
                           numDims, dimVarys)

...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.26 CDFgetrVarMaxAllocRecNum

```
integer CDFgetrVarMaxAllocRecNum(          ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                               ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                        ' in -- Variable number.
maxRec as integer)                        ' out -- Maximum allocated record #.
```

CDFgetrVarMaxAllocRecNum returns the number of records allocated for the specified rVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarMaxAllocRecNum are defined as follows:

|    |   |
|----|---|
| id | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
|----|---|



|        |                                  |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| varNum | The rVariable number.            |
| maxRec | The number of records allocated. |

#### 4.3.26.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the maximum allocated record number for the rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim maxRec as integer                        ' The maximum record number.
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetrVarMaxAllocRecNum (id, CDFgetrVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), maxRec)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.3.27 CDFgetrVarMaxWrittenRecNum

|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| integer CDFgetrVarMaxWrittenRecNum ( | ' out -- Completion status code.        |
| id as long,                          | ' in -- CDF identifier.                 |
| varNum as integer,                   | ' in -- Variable number.                |
| maxRec as integer)                   | ' out -- Maximum written record number. |

CDFgetrVarMaxWrittenRecNum returns the maximum record number written for the specified rVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarMaxWrittenRecNum are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |
| maxRec | The maximum written record number.  |

#### 4.3.27.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the maximum record number written for the rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim maxRec as integer                             ' The maximum record number.
Dim status as integer.
.
try
    ....
    status = CDFgetrVarMaxWrittenRecNum (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), maxRec)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.28 CDFgetrVarName

```

integer CDFgetrVarName(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
varName as string)

```

' out -- Completion status code.  
 ' in -- CDF identifier.  
 ' in -- Variable number.  
 ' out -- Variable name.

CDFgetrVarName returns the name of the specified rVariable, by its number, in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarName are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.   |
| varName | The name of the variable.   |

#### 4.3.28.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the name of the rVariable whose variable number is 1.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim varNum as integer                             ' rVariable number.
Dim varName as string                             ' The name of the variable.
Dim status as integer.
.
varNum = 1
try
    ....

```

```

        status = CDFgetrVarName (id, varNum, varName)
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

### 4.3.29 CDFgetrVarNumElements

```

integer CDFgetrVarNumElements(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
numElems as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
 ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
 ‘ in -- Variable number.  
 ‘ out -- Number of elements.

CDFgetrVarNumElements returns the number of elements for each data value of the specified rVariable in a CDF. For character data type (CDF\_CHAR and CDF\_UCHAR), the number of elements is the number of characters in the string. For other data types, the number of elements will always be one (1).

The arguments to CDFgetrVarNumElements are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The rVariable number.   |
| numElems | The number of elements.   |

#### 4.3.29.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of elements for the data type from rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim numElems as integer
Dim status as integer.
.
try
    ....
    status = CDFgetrVarNumElements (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), numElems) ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
 ‘ The number of elements.

### 4.3.30 CDFgetrVarNumRecsWritten

```
integer CDFgetrVarNumRecsWritten(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
numRecs as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Number of written records.
```

CDFgetrVarNumRecsWritten returns the number of records written for the specified rVariable in a CDF. This number may not correspond to the maximum record written if the rVariable has sparse records.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarNumRecsWritten are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.   |
| numRecs | The number of written records.  |

#### 4.3.30.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of written records from rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.  
.  
.  
dim id as long  
Dim numRecs as integer  
Dim status as integer  
.  
try  
....  
    status = CDFgetrVarNumRecsWritten (id, CDFgetrVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), numRecs)  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The number of written records.
```

### 4.3.31 CDFgetrVarPadValue

```
integer CDFgetrVarPadValue(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
value as TYPE)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Pad value.  
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type or object.
```

CDFgetrVarPadValue returns the pad value of the specified rVariable in a CDF. If a pad value has not been explicitly specified for the rVariable through CDFsetrVarPadValue, the informational status code **NO\_PADVALUE\_SPECIFIED** will be returned. Since a variable's pad value is an optional, no exception is thrown while trying to get its value if its value is not set. It's recommended to check the returned status after the method is called.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarPadValue are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |
| value  | The pad value.  |

#### 4.3.31.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the pad value from rVariable "MY\_VAR", a CDF\_INT4 type variable, in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim padValue as integer                       ' The pad value.
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
    object padValueo
    status = CDFgetrVarPadValue (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), padValueo)
    if status <> NO_PADVALUE_SPECIFIED then
.    padValue = Ctype(padValueo, integer)
    end if
.
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.32 CDFgetrVarRecordData

|                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| integer CDFgetrVarRecordData( | ' out -- Completion status code.              |
| id as long,                   | ' in -- CDF identifier.                       |
| varNum as integer,            | ' in -- Variable number.                      |
| dim recNum as integer,        | ' in -- Record number.                        |
| buffer as <b>TYPE</b> )       | ' out -- Record data.                         |
|                               | ' <b>TYPE</b> -- VB value/string type (likely |
|                               | ' an array) or object.                        |

CDFgetrVarRecordData returns an entire record at a given record number for the specified rVariable in a CDF. The buffer should be large enough to hold the entire data values form the variable.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarRecordData are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |
| recNum | The record number.  |
| buffer | The buffer holding the entire record data.  |

#### 4.3.32.1. Example(s)

The following example will read two full records (record numbers 2 and 5) from rVariable “MY\_VAR”, a 2-dimension (2 by 3), CDF\_INT4 type variable, in a CDF. The variable’s dimension variances are all VARY.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim varNum
Dim buffer1(.) as integer
Dim buffer2(.) as integer
Dim status as integer
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetrVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
status = CDFgetrVarRecordData (id, varNum, 2, buffer1)
dim buffer2o as object
status = CDFgetrVarRecordData (id, varNum, 5, buffer2o)
buffer2 = buffer2o
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

- ‘ CDF identifier.
- ‘ rVariable number.
- ‘ The data holding buffer – pre-allocation.
- ‘ The data holding buffer – API allocation.

#### 4.3.33 CDFgetrVarRecVariance

```
integer CDFgetrVarRecVariance(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
recVary as integer)
```

- ‘ out -- Completion status code.
- ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
- ‘ in -- Variable number.
- ‘ out -- Record variance.

CDFgetrVarRecVariance returns the record variance of the specified rVariable in a CDF. The record variances are described in Section 2.10.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarRecVariance are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.   |
| recVary | The record variance.  |

#### 4.3.33.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the record variance for the rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim recVary as integer                        ' The record variance.
.Dim status as integer
.
try
....
status = CDFgetrVarRecVariance (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), recVary) ...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.3.34 CDFgetrVarReservePercent

```
integer CDFgetrVarReservePercent(
id as long,                                ' out -- Completion status code.
varNum as integer,                         ' in -- CDF identifier.
percent as integer)                        ' in -- Variable number.
                                           ' out -- Reserve percentage.
```

CDFgetrVarReservePercent returns the compression reserve percentage being used for the specified rVariable in a CDF. This operation only applies to compressed rVariables. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for a description of the reserve scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarReservePercent are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |

percent                      The reserve percentage.

#### 4.3.34.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the compression reserve percentage from the compressed rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                      ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim percent as integer            ‘ The compression reserve percentage.
dim status as integer
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetrVarReservePercent (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), percent)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.3.35 CDFgetrVarsDimSizes

```
integer CDFgetrVarsDimSizes(                      ‘ out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                      ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
dimSizes as integer())                      ‘ out -- Dimension sizes.
```

CDFgetrVarsDimSizes returns the size of each dimension for the rVariables in a CDF. (all rVariables have the same dimensional sizes.) For 0-dimensional rVariables, this operation is not applicable.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarsDimSizes are defined as follows:

id                      The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

dimSizes                      The dimension sizes. Each element of dimSizes receives the corresponding dimension size.

#### 4.3.35.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the dimension sizes for rVariables in a CDF.

```
.
.
```



```

.
dim id as long
dim dimSizes() as integer
Dim status as integer
.try
....
    status = CDFgetrVarsDimSizes (id, dimSizes)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Dimensional sizes.

### 4.3.36 CDFgetrVarSeqData

```

integer CDFgetrVarSeqData(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
value as TYPE)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Data value.  
‘ **TYPE** -- VB value/string type or object.

CDFgetrVarSeqData reads one value from the specified rVariable in a CDF at the current sequential value (position). After the read, the current sequential value is automatically incremented to the next value. An error is returned if the current sequential value is past the last record of the rVariable. Use CDFsetrVarSeqPos method to set the current sequential value (position).

The arguments to CDFgetrVarSeqData are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number from which to read data.   |
| value  | The buffer to store the value.  |

#### 4.3.36.1. Example(s)

The following example will read the first two data values from the beginning of record number 2 (from a 2-dimensional rVariable whose data type is CDF\_INT4) in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim varNum as integer
Dim value1 as integer, value2 as integer
Dim indices(2) as integer
Dim recNum as integer
Dim status as integer.
.

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The variable number from which to read data  
‘ The data value.  
‘ The indices in a record.  
‘ The record number.

```

recNum = 2
indices(0) = 0
indices(1) = 0
try
  ....
  status = CDFsetrVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices)
  status = CDFgetrVarSeqData (id, varNum, value1)
  object value2o
  status = CDFgetrVarSeqData (id, varNum, value2o)
  value2 = value2o
  ...
  ...
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try

```

### 4.3.37 CDFgetrVarSeqPos

|                           |                                  |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| integer CDFgetrVarSeqPos( | ‘ out -- Completion status code. |
| id as long,               | ‘ in -- CDF identifier.          |
| varNum as integer,        | ‘ in -- Variable number.         |
| recNum as integer,        | ‘ out -- Record number.          |
| indices as integer())     | ‘ out -- Indices in a record.    |

CDFgetrVarSeqPos returns the current sequential value (position) for sequential access for the specified rVariable in a CDF. Note that a current sequential value is maintained for each rVariable individually. Use CDFsetrVarSeqPos method to set the current sequential value.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarSeqPos are defined as follows:

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.                                    |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.  |
| recNum  | The rVariable record number.   |
| indices | The dimension indices. Each element of indices receives the corresponding dimension index. For 0-dimensional rVariable, this argument is ignored, but must be presented. |

#### 4.3.37.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the location for the current sequential value (position), the record number and indices within it, from a 2-dimensional rVariable named MY\_VAR in a CDF.

|                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| .                     |                      |
| .                     |                      |
| .                     |                      |
| dim id as long        | ‘ CDF identifier.    |
| Dim recNum as integer | ‘ The record number. |

```

Dim indices() as integer
dim status as integer
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetrVarSeqPos (id, CDFgetrVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), recNum, indices)
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ The indices.

### 4.3.38 CDFgetrVarsMaxWrittenRecNum

```

integer CDFgetrVarsMaxWrittenRecNum(
id as long,
recNum as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ out -- Maximum record number.

CDFgetrVarsMaxWrittenRecNum returns the maximum record number among all of the rVariables in a CDF. Note that this is not the number of written records but rather the maximum written record number (that is one less than the number of records). A value of negative one (-1) indicates that rVariables contain no records. The maximum record number for an individual rVariable may be acquired using the CDFgetrVarMaxWrittenRecNum method call.

Suppose there are three rVariables in a CDF: Var1, Var2, and Var3. If Var1 contains 15 records, Var2 contains 10 records, and Var3 contains 95 records, then the value returned from CDFgetrVarsMaxWrittenRecNum would be 95.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarsMaxWrittenRecNum are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| recNum | The maximum written record number.  |

#### 4.3.38.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the maximum record number for all of the rVariables in a CDF.

```

.
.
dim id as long
Dim recNum as integer
Dim status as integer
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetrVarsMaxWrittenRecNum (id, recNum)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The maximum record number.

```
end try
```

### 4.3.39 CDFgetrVarsNumDims

```
integer CDFgetrVarsNumDims(                                     ‘ out -- Completion status code.  
id as long,                                                    ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
numDims as integer)                                           ‘ out -- Number of dimensions.
```

CDFgetrVarsNumDims returns the number of dimensions (dimensionality) for the rVariables in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarsNumDims are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numDims | The number of dimensions.   |

#### 4.3.39.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of dimensions for rVariables in a CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long                                     ‘ CDF identifier.  
Dim numDims as integer                             ‘ The dimensionality of the variable.  
Dim status as integer.  
.   
try  
....  
    status = CDFgetrVarsNumDims (id, numDims)  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

### 4.3.40 CDFgetrVarSparseRecords

```
integer CDFgetrVarSparseRecords(                               ‘ out -- Completion status code.  
id as long,                                                    ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
varNum as integer,                                             ‘ in -- The variable number.  
sRecordsType as integer)                                       ‘ out -- The sparse records type.
```

CDFgetrVarSparseRecords returns the sparse records type of the rVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.12.1 for the description of sparse records.

The arguments to CDFgetrVarSparseRecords are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum       | The variable number.  |
| sRecordsType | The sparse records type.  |

#### 4.3.40.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the sparse records type of the rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim sRecordsType as integer                    ' The sparse records type.
Dim status as integer
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetrVarSparseRecords (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), sRecordsType) ...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.41 CDFgetVarNum <sup>8</sup>

```
integer CDFgetVarNum(                                ' out -- Variable number.
id as long,                                           ' in -- CDF identifier.
varName as string)                                   ' in -- Variable name.
```

CDFgetVarNum returns the variable number for the given variable name (rVariable or zVariable). If the variable is found, CDFgetVarNum returns its variable number - which will be equal to or greater than zero (0). If an error occurs (e.g., the variable does not exist in the CDF), an error code (of type int) is returned, and an exception is thrown. Error codes are less than zero (0). The returned variable number should be used in the functions of the same variable type, rVariable or zVariable. If it is an rVariable, functions dealing with rVariables should be used. Similarly, functions for zVariables should be used for zVariables.

The arguments to CDFgetVarNum are defined as follows:

---

<sup>8</sup> Since no two variables, either rVariable or zVariable, can have the same name, this function now returns the variable number for the given rVariable or zVariable name (if the variable name exists in a CDF).

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varName | The name of the variable to search. This may be at most CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Variable names are case-sensitive.    |

CDFgetVarNum may be used as an embedded function call where an rVariable or zVariable number is needed.

#### 4.3.41.1. Example(s)

In the following example CDFgetVarNum is used as an embedded function call when inquiring about a zVariable.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long id          ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer      ' Returned status code.
Dim varName as string      ' Variable name.
Dim dataType as integer    ' Data type of the zVariable.
Dim numElements as integer ' Number of elements (of the data type).
Dim numDims as integer     ' Number of dimensions.
Dim dimSizes() as integer  ' Dimension sizes.
Dim recVariance as integer  ' Record variance.
Dim dimVariances() as integer ' Dimension variances.
.
.
try
....
    status = CDFinquirezVar (id, CDFgetVarNum (id,"LATITUDE"), varName, dataType, _
                           numElements, numDims, dimSizes , recVariance, dimVariances)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

In this example the zVariable named LATITUDE was inquired. Note that if LATITUDE did not exist in the CDF, the call to CDFgetVarNum would have returned an error code. Passing that error code to CDFinquirezVar as a zVariable number would have resulted in CDFinquirezVar also returning an error code. Also note that the name written into varName is already known (LATITUDE). In some cases the zVariable names will be unknown - CDFinquirezVar would be used to determine them. CDFinquirezVar is described in Section 4.3.66.

#### 4.3.42 CDFgetzVarAllocRecords

|                                 |                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| integer CDFgetzVarAllocRecords( | ' out -- Completion status code.      |
| id as long,                     | ' in -- CDF identifier.               |
| varNum as integer,              | ' in -- Variable number.              |
| numRecs as integer)             | ' out -- Allocated number of records. |

CDFgetzVarAllocRecords returns the number of records allocated for the specified zVariable in a CDF. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for a description of allocating variable records in a single-file CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarAllocRecords are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| numRecs | The number of allocated records.  |

#### 4.3.42.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of allocated records for zVariable "MY\_VAR" in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim varNum as integer                             ' zVariable number.
Dim numRecs as integer                             ' The allocated records.
Dim status as integer
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFgetzVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    status = CDFgetzVarAllocRecords (id, varNum, numRecs)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.43 CDFgetzVarBlockingFactor

```
integer CDFgetzVarBlockingFactor(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
bf as integer)
' out -- Completion status code.
' in -- CDF identifier.
' in -- Variable number.
' out -- Blocking factor.
```

CDFgetzVarBlockingFactor returns the blocking factor for the specified zVariable in a CDF. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for a description of the blocking factor.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarBlockingFactor are defined as follows:

|    |   |
|----|---|
| id | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
|----|---|

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |
| bf     | The blocking factor. A value of zero (o) indicates that the default blocking factor will be used. |

#### 4.3.43.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the blocking factor for the zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim varNum as integer                        ' zVariable number.
Dim bf as integer                            ' The blocking factor.
dim status as integer
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")

    status = CDFgetzVarBlockingFactor (id, varNum, bf) .
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.44 CDFgetzVarCacheSize

```

integer CDFgetzVarCacheSize(                  ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                          ' in -- Variable number.
numBuffers as integer)                      ' out -- Number of cache

```

CDFgetzVarCacheSize returns the number of cache buffers being for the specified zVariable in a CDF. This operation is not applicable to a single-file CDF. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for a description of caching scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarCacheSize are defined as follows:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| id         | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum     | The zVariable number.   |
| numBuffers | The number of cache buffers.  |



#### 4.3.44.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of cache buffers for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim varNum as integer                        ' zVariable number.
Dim numBuffers as integer                    ' The number of cache buffers.
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
.
    status = CDFgetzVarCacheSize (id, varNum, numBuffers)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.45 CDFgetzVarCompression

```
integer CDFgetzVarCompression(                ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                  ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                           ' in -- Variable number.
compType as integer,                         ' out -- Compression type.
cParms as integer(),                         ' out -- Compression parameters.
cPct as integer)                             ' out -- Compression percentage.
```

CDFgetzVarCompression returns the compression type/parameters and compression percentage of the specified zVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.11 for a description of the CDF supported compression types/parameters. The compression percentage is the result of the compressed size from all variable records divided by its original, uncompressed variable size.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarCompression are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The zVariable number.   |
| compType | The compression type.   |
| cParms   | The compression parameters.   |
| cPct     | The percentage of the uncompressed size of zVariable's data values needed to store the compressed values.                             |

#### 4.3.45.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the compression information for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                ' CDF identifier.
Dim varNum as integer         ' zVariable number.
Dim compType as integer       ' The compression type.
Dim cParms() as integer       ' The compression parameters.
Dim cPct as integer           ' The compression percentage.
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
status = CDFgetVarCompression (id, varNum, compType, cParms, cPct)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.46 CDFgetVarData

```
integer CDFgetVarData(
id as long,                  ' out -- Completion status code.
varNum as integer,           ' in -- CDF identifier.
dim recNum as integer,       ' in -- Variable number.
indices as integer(),        ' in -- Record number.
value as TYPE)               ' in -- Dimension indices.
                              ' out -- Data value.
                              ' TYPE -- VB value/string type or object.
```

CDFgetVarData returns a data value from the specified indices, the location of the element, in the given record of the specified zVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetVarData are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| recNum  | The record number.  |
| indices | The dimension indices within the record.  |
| value   | The data value.   |

#### 4.3.46.1. Example(s)

The following example returns two data values, the first and the fifth element, in Record 0 from zVariable “MY\_VAR”, a 2-dimensional (2 by 3) CDF\_DOUBLE type variable, in a row-major CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim varNum as integer
Dim recNum as integer
Dim indices(2) as integer
Dim value1 as double, value2 as double
.
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
recNum = 0
indices(0) = 0
indices(1) = 0
status = CDFgetzVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value1)
indices(0) = 1
indices(1) = 1
object value2o
status = CDFgetzVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value2o)
value2 = value2o
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ zVariable number.  
‘ The record number.  
‘ The dimension indices.  
‘ The data values.

#### 4.3.47 CDFgetzVarDataType

```
integer CDFgetzVarDataType(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
dataType as integer)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Data type.

CDFgetzVarDataType returns the data type of the specified zVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.6 for a description of the CDF data types.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarDataType are defined as follows:

|    |   |
|----|---|
| id | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
|----|---|

|          |                       |
|----------|-----------------------|
| varNum   | The zVariable number. |
| dataType | The data type.        |

#### 4.3.47.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the data type of zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim varNum as integer
Dim dataType as integer
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”)
    status = CDFgetzVarDataType (id, varNum, dataType)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ zVariable number.  
‘ The data type.

#### 4.3.48 CDFgetzVarDimSizes

```

integer CDFgetzVarDimSizes(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
dimSizes as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Dimension sizes.

CDFgetzVarDimSizes returns the size of each dimension for the specified zVariable in a CDF. For 0-dimensional zVariables, this operation is not applicable.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarDimSizes are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The zVariable number  |
| dimSizes | The dimension sizes. Each element of dimSizes receives the corresponding dimension size.  |

#### 4.3.48.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the dimension sizes for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                ' CDF identifier.
dim dimSizes() as integer     ' Dimensional sizes.
Dim status as integer

.try
....
    status = CDFgetzVarDimSizes (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), dimSizes)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.3.49 CDFgetzVarDimVariances

```
integer CDFgetzVarDimVariances(           ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                               ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                       ' in -- Variable number.
dimVarys as integer())                   ' out -- Dimension variances.
```

CDFgetzVarDimVariances returns the dimension variances of the specified zVariable in a CDF. For 0-dimensional zVariable, this operation is not applicable. The dimension variances are described in section 2.10.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarDimVariances are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The zVariable number.   |
| dimVarys | The dimension variances.  |

#### 4.3.49.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the dimension variances of the 2-dimensional zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                ' CDF identifier.
Dim dimVarys() as integer     ' The dimension variances.
```

```

Dim status as integer.
.
try
....

    status = CDFgetzVarDimVariances (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), dimVarys)

...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.50 CDFgetzVarInfo

```

integer CDFgetzVarInfo(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
dataType as integer,
numElems as integer,
numDims as integer,
dimSizes as integer())

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
 ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
 ‘ in -- Variable number.  
 ‘ out -- Data type.  
 ‘ out -- Number of elements.  
 ‘ out -- Number of dimensions.  
 ‘ out -- Dimension sizes.

CDFgetzVarInfo returns the basic information about the specified zVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarInfo are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The zVariable number.   |
| dataType | The data type of the variable.  |
| numElems | The number of elements for the data type of the variable.   |
| numDims  | The number of dimensions.   |
| dimSizes | The dimension sizes.  |

#### 4.3.50.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the basic information of zVariable "MY\_VAR" in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim dataType as integer

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
 ‘ The data type.

```

Dim numElems as integer
Dim numDims as integer
Dim dimSizes() as integer
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....

    status = CDFgetzVarInfo (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), dataType, numElems, _
                           numDims, dimVarys)

...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ The number of elements.  
‘ The number of dimensions.  
‘ The dimension sizes.

### 4.3.51 CDFgetzVarMaxAllocRecNum

```

integer CDFgetzVarMaxAllocRecNum(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
maxRec as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Maximum allocated record #.

CDFgetzVarMaxAllocRecNum returns the number of records allocated for the specified zVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarMaxAllocRecNum are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |
| maxRec | The number of records allocated.  |

#### 4.3.51.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the maximum allocated record number for the zVariable "MY\_VAR" in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim maxRec as integer
dim status as integer
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetzVarMaxAllocRecNum (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), maxRec)

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The maximum record number.

```

...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.52 CDFgetzVarMaxWrittenRecNum

```

integer CDFgetzVarMaxWrittenRecNum (
id as long,
varNum as integer,
maxRec as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Maximum written record number.

CDFgetzVarMaxWrittenRecNum returns the maximum record number written for the specified zVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarMaxWrittenRecNum are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |
| maxRec | The maximum written record number.  |

#### 4.3.52.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the maximum record number written for the zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim maxRec as integer
Dim status as integer
.
.
try
....
status = CDFgetzVarMaxWrittenRecNum (id, CDFgetzVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), maxRec)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The maximum record number.



### 4.3.53 CDFgetzVarName

```
integer CDFgetzVarName(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
varName as string)
```

```
` out -- Completion status code.  
` in -- CDF identifier.  
` in -- Variable number.  
` out -- Variable name.
```

CDFgetzVarName returns the name of the specified zVariable, by its number, in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarName are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| varName | The name of the variable.   |

#### 4.3.53.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the name of the zVariable whose variable number is 1.

```
.  
.  
.  
dim id as long  
Dim varNum as integer  
Dim varName as string  
Dim status as integer.  
.  
varNum = 1  
try  
  ....  
  status = CDFgetzVarName (id, varNum, varName)  
  ...  
  ...  
catch ex as Exception  
  ...  
end try
```

```
` CDF identifier.  
` zVariable number.  
` The name of the variable.
```

### 4.3.54 CDFgetzVarNumDims

```
integer CDFgetzVarNumDims(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
numDims as integer)
```

```
` out -- Completion status code.  
` in -- CDF identifier.  
` in -- Variable number.  
` out -- Number of dimensions.
```

CDFgetzVarNumDims returns the number of dimensions (dimensionality) for the specified zVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarNumDims are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number  |
| numDims | The number of dimensions.   |

#### 4.3.54.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of dimensions for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim numDims as integer                        ‘ The dimensionality of the variable.
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetzVarNumDims (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), numDims)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.3.55 CDFgetzVarNumElements

|   |   |
|---|---|
| integer CDFgetzVarNumElements(<br>id as long,<br>varNum as integer,<br>numElems as integer) | ‘ out -- Completion status code.<br>‘ in -- CDF identifier.<br>‘ in -- Variable number.<br>‘ out -- Number of elements. |
|---|---|

CDFgetzVarNumElements returns the number of elements for each data value of the specified zVariable in a CDF. For character data type (CDF\_CHAR and CDF\_UCHAR), the number of elements is the number of characters in the string. For other data types, the number of elements will always be one (1).

The arguments to CDFgetzVarNumElements are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |

|          |                         |
|----------|-------------------------|
| numElems | The number of elements. |
|----------|-------------------------|

#### 4.3.55.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of elements for the data type from zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                ' CDF identifier.
dim numElems as integer       ' The number of elements.
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetzVarNumElements (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), numElems) ...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.3.56 CDFgetzVarNumRecsWritten

|                                   |                                     |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| integer CDFgetzVarNumRecsWritten( | ' out -- Completion status code.    |
| id as long,                       | ' in -- CDF identifier.             |
| varNum as integer,                | ' in -- Variable number.            |
| numRecs as integer)               | ' out -- Number of written records. |

CDFgetzVarNumRecsWritten returns the number of records written for the specified zVariable in a CDF. This number may not correspond to the maximum record written if the zVariable has sparse records.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarNumRecsWritten are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| numRecs | The number of written records.  |

#### 4.3.56.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of written records from zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
```

```

.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim numRecs as integer                             ' The number of written records.
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetzVarNumRecsWritten (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), numRecs)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.57 CDFgetzVarPadValue

```

integer CDFgetzVarPadValue(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
value as TYPE)

```

' out -- Completion status code.  
 ' in -- CDF identifier.  
 ' in -- Variable number.  
 ' out -- Pad value.  
 ' **TYPE** -- VB value/string type or object

CDFgetzVarPadValue returns the pad value of the specified zVariable in a CDF. If a pad value has not been explicitly specified for the zVariable through CDFsetzVarPadValue, the informational status code **NO\_PADVALUE\_SPECIFIED** will be returned. Since a variable's pad value is an optional, no exception is thrown while trying to get its value if its value is not set. It's recommended to check the returned status after the method is called.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarPadValue are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |
| value  | The pad value.  |

#### 4.3.57.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the pad value from zVariable "MY\_VAR", a CDF\_INT4 type variable, in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim padValue as integer                             ' The pad value.
Dim status as integer.
.

```

```

try
    ....
    dim padValue0 as object
    status = CDFgetzVarPadValue (id, CDFgetzVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), padValue0)
    if status <> NO_PADVALUE_SPECIFIED then
        padValue = Ctype(padValue0, integer)
    end if
    .
    .
    .
    ....
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

### 4.3.58 CDFgetzVarRecordData

|   |  |
|---|--|
| integer CDFgetzVarRecordData(<br>id as long,<br>varNum as integer,<br>dim recNum as integer,<br>buffer as <b>TYPE</b> ) | ‘ out -- Completion status code.<br>‘ in -- CDF identifier.<br>‘ in -- Variable number.<br>‘ in -- Record number.<br>‘ out -- Record data.<br>‘ <b>TYPE</b> -- VB value/string type (likely an<br>array) or object |
|---|--|

CDFgetzVarRecordData returns an entire record at a given record number for the specified zVariable in a CDF. The buffer should be large enough to hold the entire data values from the variable.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarRecordData are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |
| recNum | The record number.  |
| buffer | The buffer holding the entire record data.  |

#### 4.3.58.1. Example(s)

The following example will read two full records (record numbers 2 and 5) from zVariable "MY\_VAR", a 2-dimension (2 by 3), CDF\_INT4 type variable, in a CDF. The variable's dimension variances are all VARY.

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <pre>         .         .         .         dim id as long         Dim varNum as integer       </pre> | ‘ CDF identifier.<br>‘ zVariable number. |
|---|--|

```

Dim buffer1(2,3) as integer
Dim buffer2 as object
Dim status as integer.

```

- ‘ The data holding buffer – pre-allocation.
- ‘ The data holding buffer – API allocation.

```

.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
status = CDFgetzVarRecordData (id, varNum, 2, buffer1)
status = CDFgetzVarRecordData (id, varNum, 5, buffer2)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.59 CDFgetzVarRecVariance

```

integer CDFgetzVarRecVariance(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
recVary as integer)

```

- ‘ out -- Completion status code.
- ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
- ‘ in -- Variable number.
- ‘ out -- Record variance.

CDFgetzVarRecVariance returns the record variance of the specified zVariable in a CDF. The record variances are described in Section 2.10.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarRecVariance are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| recVary | The record variance.  |

#### 4.3.59.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the record variance for the zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim recVary as integer
dim status as integer
.
try
....
status = CDFgetzVarRecVariance (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), recVary) ...

```

- ‘ CDF identifier.
- ‘ The record variance.

```

...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.60 CDFgetzVarReservePercent

```

integer CDFgetzVarReservePercent(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
percent as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Reserve percentage.

CDFgetzVarReservePercent returns the compression reserve percentage being used for the specified zVariable in a CDF. This operation only applies to compressed zVariables. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for a description of the reserve scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarReservePercent are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| percent | The reserve percentage.   |

#### 4.3.60.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the compression reserve percentage from the compressed zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim percent as integer
Dim status as integer.
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetzVarReservePercent (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), percent)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The compression reserve percentage.

### 4.3.61 CDFgetzVarSeqData

```
integer CDFgetzVarSeqData(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
value as TYPE)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Data value.  
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type or object
```

CDFgetzVarSeqData reads one value from the specified zVariable in a CDF at the current sequential value (position). After the read, the current sequential value is automatically incremented to the next value. An error is returned if the current sequential value is past the last record of the zVariable. Use CDFsetzVarSeqPos method to set the current sequential value (position).

The arguments to CDFgetzVarSeqData are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number from which to read data.   |
| value  | The buffer to store the value.  |

#### 4.3.61.1. Example(s)

The following example will read the first two data values from the beginning of record number 2 (from a 2-dimensional zVariable whose data type is CDF\_INT4) in a CDF.

```
.  
. .  
.  
dim id as long  
Dim varNum as integer  
Dim value1 as integer, value2 as integer  
Dim indices(2) as integer  
Dim recNum as integer  
Dim status as integer.  
.  
recNum = 2  
indices(0) = 0  
indices(1) = 0  
try  
....  
status = CDFsetzVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices)  
status = CDFgetzVarSeqData (id, varNum, value1)  
dim value2o as object  
status = CDFgetzVarSeqData (id, varNum, value2o)  
value2 = value2o  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The variable number from which to read data  
‘ The data value.  
‘ The indices in a record.  
‘ The record number.
```



### 4.3.62 CDFgetzVarSeqPos

```
integer CDFgetzVarSeqPos(  
  id as long,  
  varNum as integer,  
  recNum as integer,  
  indices as integer())
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ out -- Record number.  
‘ out -- Indices in a record.

CDFgetzVarSeqPos returns the current sequential value (position) for sequential access for the specified zVariable in a CDF. Note that a current sequential value is maintained for each zVariable individually. Use CDFsetzVarSeqPos method to set the current sequential value.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarSeqPos are defined as follows:

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.                                    |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.  |
| recNum  | The zVariable record number.   |
| indices | The dimension indices. Each element of indices receives the corresponding dimension index. For 0-dimensional zVariable, this argument is ignored, but must be presented. |

#### 4.3.62.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the location for the current sequential value (position), the record number and indices within it, from a 2-dimensional zVariable named MY\_VAR in a CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long  
Dim recNum as integer  
Dim indices() as integer  
Dim status as integer.  
.   
try  
  ....  
  status = CDFgetzVarSeqPos (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), recNum, indices)  
  ...  
catch ex as Exception  
  ...  
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The record number.  
‘ The indices.

### 4.3.63 CDFgetzVarsMaxWrittenRecNum

```
integer CDFgetzVarsMaxWrittenRecNum(
id as long,
recNum as integer)
```

```
` out -- Completion status code.
` in -- CDF identifier.
` out -- Maximum record number.
```

CDFgetzVarsMaxWrittenRecNum returns the maximum record number among all of the zVariables in a CDF. Note that this is not the number of written records but rather the maximum written record number (that is one less than the number of records). A value of negative one (-1) indicates that zVariables contain no records. The maximum record number for an individual zVariable may be acquired using the CDFgetzVarMaxWrittenRecNum method call.

Suppose there are three zVariables in a CDF: Var1, Var2, and Var3. If Var1 contains 15 records, Var2 contains 10 records, and Var3 contains 95 records, then the value returned from CDFgetzVarsMaxWrittenRecNum would be 95.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarsMaxWrittenRecNum are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| recNum | The maximum written record number.  |

#### 4.3.63.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the maximum record number for all of the zVariables in a CDF.

```
.
.
dim id as long
Dim recNum as integer
dim status as integer
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetzVarsMaxWrittenRecNum (id, recNum)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

```
` CDF identifier.
` The maximum record number.
```

#### 4.3.64 CDFgetzVarSparseRecords

```
integer CDFgetzVarSparseRecords(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
sRecordsType as integer)
```

```
` out -- Completion status code.
` in -- CDF identifier.
` in -- The variable number.
` out -- The sparse records type.
```

CDFgetzVarSparseRecords returns the sparse records type of the zVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.12.1 for the description of sparse records.

The arguments to CDFgetzVarSparseRecords are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum       | The variable number.  |
| sRecordsType | The sparse records type.  |

#### 4.3.64.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the sparse records type of the zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim sRecordsType as integer                  ' The sparse records type.
dim status as integer
.
try
....
    status = CDFgetzVarSparseRecords (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), sRecordsType) ...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.65 CDFHyperGetrVarData

```
integer CDFHyperGetrVarData(
id as long,                                ' out -- Completion status code.
varNum as integer,                        ' in -- CDF identifier.
recStart as integer,                     ' in -- rVariable number.
recCount as integer,                     ' in -- Starting record number.
recInterval as integer,                   ' in -- Number of records.
indices as integer(),                     ' in -- Reading interval between records.
counts as integer(),                     ' in -- Dimension indices of starting value.
intervals as integer(),                   ' in -- Number of values along each dimension.
buffer as TYPE)                           ' in -- Reading intervals along each dimension.
                                           ' out -- Buffer of values.
                                           ' TYPE -- VB value/string type (likely an array)
                                           ' or object
```

CDFHyperGetrVarData is used to read one or more values for the specified rVariable. It is important to know the variable majority of the CDF before using this method because the values placed into the data buffer will be in that majority. CDFInquireCDF can be used to determine the default variable majority of a CDF distribution. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes the variable majorities.

The record number starts at 0, not 1. For example, if you want to read the first 5 records, the starting record number (recStart), the number of records to read (recCount), and the record interval (recInterval) should be 0, 5, and 1, respectively. **Note:** you need to provide dummy arrays, with at least one (1) element, for indices, counts and intervals for scalar variables.

The arguments to CDFHyperGetrVarData are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.   |
| varNum      | The rVariable number from which to read data. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetVarNum.  |
| recStart    | The record number at which to start reading.  |
| recCount    | The number of records to read.  |
| recInterval | The reading interval between records (e.g., an interval of 2 means read every other record).  |
| indices     | The dimension indices (within each record) at which to start reading. Each element of indices specifies the corresponding dimension index. For 0-dimensional rVariable, this argument is ignored (but must be present).   |
| counts      | The number of values along each dimension to read. Each element of counts specifies the corresponding dimension count. For 0-dimensional rVariable, this argument is ignored (but must be present).   |
| intervals   | For each dimension, the dimension interval between reading (e.g., an interval of 2 means read every other value). Each element of intervals specifies the corresponding dimension interval. For 0-dimensional rVariable, this argument is ignored (but must be present).  |
| buffer      | The data holding buffer for the read values. The majority of the values in this buffer will be the same as that of the CDF. This buffer must be large to hold the values. CDFInquirerVar can be used to determine the rVariable's data type and number of elements (of that data type) at each value. If a dimensional array of strings is expected, then use <b>object</b> type. |

#### 4.3.65.1. Example(s)

The following example will read 3 records of data, starting at record number 13 (14<sup>th</sup> record), from a rVariable named Temperature. The variable is a 3-dimensional array with sizes (180,91,10) and the CDF's variable majority is ROW\_MAJOR. The record variance is VARY, the dimension variances are (VARY,VARY,VARY), and the data type is CDF\_REAL4. This example is similar to the CDFgetrVarData example except that it uses a single call to CDFHyperGetrVarData (rather than numerous calls to CDFgetrVarData).

|                                |                                       |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ·                              |                                       |
| ·                              |                                       |
| ·                              |                                       |
| dim id as long                 | ‘ CDF identifier.                     |
| Dim status as integer          | ‘ Returned status code.               |
| Dim tmp(,,) as single          | ‘ Temperature values.                 |
| Dim varN as integer            | ‘ rVariable number.                   |
| Dim recStart as integer = 13   | ‘ Start record number.                |
| Dim recCount as integer = 3    | ‘ Number of records to read           |
| Dim recInterval as integer = 1 | ‘ Record interval – read every record |

```

Dim indices() as integer = {0,0,0}
Dim counts() as integer = {180,91,10}
Dim intervals() as integer = {1,1,1}
.
.
try
    status = CDFHyperGetzVarData (id, varN, recStart, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, _
                                tmp)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

```

‘ Dimension indices.
‘ Dimension counts.
‘ Dimension intervals – read all

```

Note that if the CDF's variable majority had been COLUMN\_MAJOR, the tmp array would have been declared float tmp(10,91,180,3) for proper indexing.

### 4.3.66 CDFHyperGetzVarData

```

integer CDFHyperGetzVarData(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
recStart as integer,
recCount as integer,
recInterval as integer,
indices as integer(),
counts as integer(),
intervals as integer(),
buffer as TYPE)

```

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- zVariable number.
‘ in -- Starting record number.
‘ in -- Number of records.
‘ in -- Reading interval between records.
‘ in -- Dimension indices of starting value.
‘ in -- Number of values along each dimension.
‘ in -- Reading intervals along each dimension.
‘ out -- Buffer of values.
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type (likely an array)
‘ or object.

```

CDFHyperGetzVarData is used to read one or more values for the specified zVariable. It is important to know the variable majority of the CDF before using this method because the values placed into the data buffer will be in that majority. CDFInquireCDF can be used to determine the default variable majority of a CDF distribution. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes the variable majorities.

The record number starts at 0, not 1. For example, if you want to read the first 5 records, the starting record number (recStart), the number of records to read (recCount), and the record interval (recInterval) should be 0, 5, and 1, respectively. **Note:** you need to provide dummy arrays, with at least one (1) element, for indices, counts and intervals for scalar variables.

The arguments to CDFHyperGetzVarData are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The zVariable number from which to read data. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetVarNum.                      |
| recStart | The record number at which to start reading.  |

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| recCount    | The number of records to read.  |
| recInterval | The reading interval between records (e.g., an interval of 2 means read every other record).  |
| indices     | The dimension indices (within each record) at which to start reading. Each element of indices specifies the corresponding dimension index. For 0-dimensional zVariable, this argument is ignored (but must be present).   |
| counts      | The number of values along each dimension to read. Each element of counts specifies the corresponding dimension count. For 0-dimensional zVariable, this argument is ignored (but must be present).   |
| intervals   | For each dimension, the dimension interval between reading (e.g., an interval of 2 means read every other value). Each element of intervals specifies the corresponding dimension interval. For 0-dimensional zVariable, this argument is ignored (but must be present).  |
| buffer      | The data holding buffer for the read values. The majority of the values in this buffer will be the same as that of the CDF. This buffer must be large to hold the values. CDFInquirezVar can be used to determine the zVariable's data type and number of elements (of that data type) at each value. If a dimensional array of strings is expected, then use <b>object</b> type. |

#### 4.3.66.1. Example(s)

The following example will read 3 records of data, starting at record number 13 (14<sup>th</sup> record), from a zVariable named Temperature. The variable is a 3-dimensional array with sizes (180,91,10) and the CDF's variable majority is ROW\_MAJOR. The record variance is VARY, the dimension variances are {VARY,VARY,VARY}, and the data type is CDF\_REAL4. This example is similar to the CDFgetzVarData example except that it uses a single call to CDFHyperGetzVarData (rather than numerous calls to CDFgetzVarData).

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim tmp(,,) as single
Dim varN as integer
Dim recStart as integer = 13
Dim recCount as integer = 3
Dim recInterval as integer = 1
Dim indices() as integer = {0,0,0}
Dim counts() as integer = {180,91,10}
Dim intervals() as integer = {1,1,1}
.
.
.
try
    varN = CDFgetVarNum (id, "Temperature")

    status = CDFHyperGetzVarData (id, varN, recStart, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, _
                                tmp)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
 ‘ Returned status code.  
 ‘ Temperature values.  
 ‘ zVariable number.  
 ‘ Start record number.  
 ‘ Number of records to read  
 ‘ Record interval – read every record  
 ‘ Dimension indices.  
 ‘ Dimension counts.  
 ‘ Dimension intervals – read all

end try

Note that if the CDF's variable majority had been COLUMN\_MAJOR, the tmp array would have been declared float tmp(10,91,180,3) for proper indexing.

### 4.3.67 CDFhyperPutrVarData

```
integer CDFhyperPutrVarData(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
recStart as integer,
recCount as integer,
recInterval as integer,
indices as integer(),
counts as integer(),
intervals as integer(),
buffer as TYPE)
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- rVariable number.
‘ in -- Starting record number.
‘ in -- Number of records.
‘ in -- Writing interval between records.
‘ in -- Dimension indices of starting value.
‘ in -- Number of values along each dimension.
‘ in -- Writing intervals along each dimension.
‘ in -- Buffer of values.
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type (likely an array)
```

CDFhyperPutrVarData is used to write one or more values from the data holding buffer to the specified rVariable. It is important to know the variable majority of the CDF before using this method because the values in the data buffer will be written using that majority. CDFinquireCDF can be used to determine the default variable majority of a CDF distribution. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes the variable majorities.

The record number starts at 0, not 1. For example, if you want to write 2 records (10<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> record), the starting record number (recStart), the number of records to write (recCount), and the record interval (recInterval) should be 9, 2, and 1, respectively. **Note:** you need to provide dummy arrays, with at least one (1) element, for indices, counts and intervals for scalar variables.

The arguments to CDFhyperPutrVarData are defined as follows:

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.  |
| varNum      | The rVariable number to which write data. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetVarNum.   |
| recStart    | The record number at which to start writing.   |
| recCount    | The number of records to write.  |
| recInterval | The interval between records for writing (e.g., an interval of 2 means write every other record).  |
| indices     | The indices (within each record) at which to start writing. Each element of indices specifies the corresponding dimension index. For 0-dimensional rVariable this argument is ignored (but must be present). |
| counts      | The number of values along each dimension to write. Each element of counts specifies the corresponding dimension count. For 0-dimensional rVariable this argument is ignored (but must be present).          |





```

id as long,
varNum as integer,
recStart as integer,
recCount as integer,
recInterval as integer,
indices as integer(),
counts as integer(),
intervals as integer(),
buffer as TYPE)

```

```

‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- zVariable number.
‘ in -- Starting record number.
‘ in -- Number of records.
‘ in -- Writing interval between records.
‘ in -- Dimension indices of starting value.
‘ in -- Number of values along each dimension.
‘ in -- Writing intervals along each dimension.
‘ in -- Buffer of values.
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type (likely an array).

```

CDFHyperPutzVarData is used to write one or more values from the data holding buffer to the specified zVariable. It is important to know the variable majority of the CDF before using this method because the values in the data buffer will be written using that majority. CDFInquireCDF can be used to determine the default variable majority of a CDF distribution. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes the variable majorities.

The record number starts at 0, not 1. For example, if you want to write 2 records (10<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> record), the starting record number (recStart), the number of records to write (recCount), and the record interval (recInterval) should be 9, 2, and 1, respectively. **Note:** you need to provide dummy arrays, with at least one (1) element, for indices, counts and intervals for scalar variables.

The arguments to CDFHyperPutzVarData are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.   |
| varNum      | The zVariable number to which write data. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetVarNum.  |
| recStart    | The record number at which to start writing.  |
| recCount    | The number of records to write.   |
| recInterval | The interval between records for writing (e.g., an interval of 2 means write every other record).   |
| indices     | The indices (within each record) at which to start writing. Each element of indices specifies the corresponding dimension index. For 0-dimensional zVariable this argument is ignored (but must be present).  |
| counts      | The number of values along each dimension to write. Each element of counts specifies the corresponding dimension count. For 0-dimensional zVariable this argument is ignored (but must be present).   |
| intervals   | For each dimension, the interval between values for writing (e.g., an interval of 2 means write every other value). Each element of intervals specifies the corresponding dimension interval. For 0-dimensional zVariable this argument is ignored (but must be present). |
| buffer      | The data holding buffer of values to write. The majority of the values in this buffer must be the same as that of the CDF. The values starting at memory address buffer are written to the CDF.   |

#### 4.3.68.1. Example(s)

The following example writes 2 records to a zVariable named LATITUDE that is a 1-dimensional array with dimension sizes (181). The dimension variances are {VARY}, and the data type is CDF\_INT2. This example is similar to the CDFputzVarData example except that it uses a single call to CDFHyperPutzVarData rather than numerous calls to CDFputzVarData.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim i as integer, j as integer
Dim lats(2,181) as short
Dim varN as integer
Dim recStart as integer = 0
Dim recCount as integer = 2
Dim recInterval as integer = 1
Dim indices() as integer = {0}
Dim counts() as integer = {181}
Dim intervals() as integer = {1}

.
.
try
....
varN = CDFgetVarNum (id, "LATITUDE")
for i= 0 to 1
  for j = -90 to 90
    lats(i,90+lat) = Ctype(j, short)
  next j
next i
...status = CDFHyperPutzVarData (id, varN, recStart, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, lats)

...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
 ‘ Returned status code.  
 ‘ Latitude value.  
 ‘ Buffer of latitude values.  
 ‘ zVariable number.  
 ‘ Record number.  
 ‘ Record counts.  
 ‘ Record interval.  
 ‘ Dimension indices.  
 ‘ Dimension counts.  
 ‘ Dimension intervals.

### 4.3.69 CDFInquirerVar

```

integer CDFInquirezVar(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
varName as string,
dataType as integer,
numElements as integer,
numDims as integer,
dimSizes as integer(),
recVariance as integer,
dimVariances as integer())

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
 ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
 ‘ in -- rVariable number.  
 ‘ out -- rVariable name.  
 ‘ out -- Data type.  
 ‘ out -- Number of elements (of the data type).  
 ‘ out -- Number of dimensions.  
 ‘ out -- Dimension sizes  
 ‘ out -- Record variance.  
 ‘ out -- Dimension variances.

CDFInquirerVar is used to inquire about the specified rVariable. This method would normally be used before reading rVariable values (with CDFgetrVarData or CDFhyperGetrVarData) to determine the data type and number of elements of that data type.

The arguments to CDFInquirezVar are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.   |
| varNum       | The number of the rVariable to inquire. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetVarNum (see Section 4.3.41).   |
| varName      | The rVariable's name.   |
| dataType     | The data type of the rVariable. The data types are defined in Section 2.6.  |
| numElements  | The number of elements of the data type at each rVariable value. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string. (Each value consists of the entire string.) For all other data types, this will always be one (1) - multiple elements at each value are not allowed for non-character data types. |
| numDims      | The number of dimensions.   |
| dimSizes     | The dimension sizes. It is a 1-dimensional array, containing one element per dimension. Each element of dimSizes receives the corresponding dimension size. For 0-dimensional zVariables this argument is ignored (but must be present).  |
| recVariance  | The record variance. The record variances are defined in Section 2.10.  |
| dimVariances | The dimension variances. Each element of dimVariances receives the corresponding dimension variance. The dimension variances are described in Section 2.10. For 0-dimensional zVariables this argument is ignored (but a placeholder is necessary).   |

#### 4.3.69.1. Example(s)

The following example returns information about a rVariable named HEAT\_FLUX in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long           ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer    ' Returned status code.
Dim varName as string    ' rVariable name.
Dim dataType as integer  ' Data type of the rVariable.
Dim numElems as integer  ' Number of elements (of data type).
Dim recVary as integer   ' Record variance.
Dim numDims as integer   ' Number of dimensions.
Dim dimSizes() as integer ' Dimension sizes
Dim dimVarys() as integer ' Dimension variances
.
.
try
....

```

```

        status = CDFInquirerVar(id, CDFgetVarNum (id,"HEAT_FLUX"), varName, dataType, _
                                numElems, numDims, dimSizes, recVary, dimVarys)
    ...
    ...
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

### 4.3.70 CDFInquirezVar

```

integer CDFInquirezVar(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
varName as string,
dataType as integer,
numElements as integer,
numDims as integer,
dimSizes as integer(),
recVariance as integer,
dimVariances as integer())

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
 ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
 ‘ in -- zVariable number.  
 ‘ out -- zVariable name.  
 ‘ out -- Data type.  
 ‘ out -- Number of elements (of the data type).  
 ‘ out -- Number of dimensions.  
 ‘ out -- Dimension sizes  
 ‘ out -- Record variance.  
 ‘ out -- Dimension variances.

CDFInquirezVar is used to inquire about the specified zVariable. This method would normally be used before reading zVariable values (with CDFgetzVarData or CDFhyperGetzVarData) to determine the data type and number of elements of that data type.

The arguments to CDFInquirezVar are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.   |
| varNum      | The number of the zVariable to inquire. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetVarNum (see Section 4.3.41).   |
| varName     | The zVariable's name.   |
| dataType    | The data type of the zVariable. The data types are defined in Section 2.6.  |
| numElements | The number of elements of the data type at each zVariable value. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string. (Each value consists of the entire string.) For all other data types, this will always be one (1) - multiple elements at each value are not allowed for non-character data types. |
| numDims     | The number of dimensions.   |
| dimSizes    | The dimension sizes. It is a 1-dimensional array, containing one element per dimension. Each element of dimSizes receives the corresponding dimension size. For 0-dimensional zVariables this argument is ignored (but must be present).  |
| recVariance | The record variance. The record variances are defined in Section 2.10.  |

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| dimVariances | The dimension variances. Each element of dimVariances receives the corresponding dimension variance. The dimension variances are described in Section 2.10. For 0-dimensional zVariables this argument is ignored (but a placeholder is necessary). |
|--------------|---|

#### 4.3.70.1. Example(s)

The following example returns information about an zVariable named HEAT\_FLUX in a CDF.

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <pre> . . . dim id as long Dim status as integer Dim varName as string Dim dataType as integer Dim numElems as integer Dim recVary as integer Dim numDims as integer Dim dimSizes() as integer Dim dimVarys() as integer . . . try ....     status = CDFinquirezVar(id, CDFgetVarNum (id,"HEAT_FLUX"), varName, dataType,                           numElems, numDims, dimSizes, recVary, dimVarys) ...     ... catch ex as Exception     ... end try </pre> | <pre> ‘ CDF identifier. ‘ Returned status code. ‘ zVariable name. ‘ Data type of the zVariable. ‘ Number of elements (of data type). ‘ Record variance. ‘ Number of dimensions. ‘ Dimension sizes ‘ Dimension variances </pre> |
|--|--|

#### 4.3.71 CDFputrVarData

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <pre> integer CDFputrVarData( id as long, varNum as integer, recNum as integer, indices as integer(), value as <b>TYPE</b>) </pre> | <pre> ‘ out -- Completion status code. ‘ in -- CDF identifier. ‘ in -- Variable number. ‘ in -- Record number. ‘ in -- Dimension indices. ‘ in -- Data value. ‘ <b>TYPE</b> -- VB value/string type </pre> |
|--|--|

CDFputrVarData writes a single data value to the specified index, the location of the element, in the given record of the specified rVariable in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFputrVarData are defined as follows:

|    |   |
|----|---|
| id | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
|----|---|

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| varNum  | The rVariable number.                    |
| recNum  | The record number.                       |
| indices | The dimension indices within the record. |
| value   | The data value.                          |

#### 4.3.71.1. Example(s)

The following example will write two data values, the first and the fifth element, in Record 0 from rVariable “MY\_VAR”, a 2-dimensional (2 by 3), CDF\_DOUBLE type variable, in a row-major CDF. The first put operation passes the pointer of the data value, while the second operation passes the data value as an object.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim varNum as integer                             ' rVariable number.
Dim recNum as integer                             ' The record number.
Dim indices(2) as integer                         ' The dimension indices.
Dim value1 as double, value2 as double            ' The data values.
Dim status as integer
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
recNum = 0
indices(0) = 0
indices(1) = 0
value1 = 10.1
status = CDFputrVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value1)
indices(0) = 1
indices(1) = 1
value2 = 20.2
status = CDFputrVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value2)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.72 CDFputrVarPadValue

```
integer CDFputrVarPadValue(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
value as TYPE)
' out -- Completion status code.
' in -- CDF identifier.
' in -- Variable number.
' in -- Pad value.
' TYPE – VB value/string type
```

CDFputrVarPadValue specifies the pad value for the specified rVariable in a CDF. A rVariable's pad value may be specified (or respecified) at any time without affecting already written values (including where pad values were used). The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes variable pad values.

The arguments to CDFputrVarPadValue are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |
| value  | The pad value.  |

#### 4.3.72.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the pad value to -9999 for rVariable "MY\_VAR", a CDF\_INT4 type variable, and "\*\*\*\*\*" for another rVariable "MY\_VAR2", a CDF\_CHAR type with a number of elements of five (5), in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim padValue1 as integer = -9999              ' An integer pad value.
Dim padValue2 as string = "*****"           ' A string pad value.
.
.
try
....
status = CDFputrVarPadValue (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), padValue1)

status = CDFputrVarPadValue (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR2"), padValue2)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.73 CDFputrVarRecordData

```
integer CDFputrVarRecordData(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
recNum as integer,
buffer as TYPE)
' out -- Completion status code.
' in -- CDF identifier.
' in -- Variable number.
' in -- Record number.
' in -- Record data.
' TYPE -- VB value/string type (likely an
'         array)
```

CDFputrVarRecordData writes an entire record at a given record number for the specified rVariable in a CDF. The buffer should hold the entire data values for the variable. The data values in the buffer should be in the order that corresponds to the variable majority defined for the CDF.

The arguments to CDFputrVarRecordData are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |
| recNum | The record number.  |
| buffer | The buffer holding the entire record values.  |

#### 4.3.73.1. Example(s)

The following example will write one full record (numbered 2) from rVariable “MY\_VAR”, a 2-dimension (2 by 3), CDF\_INT4 type variable, in a CDF. The variable’s dimension variances are all VARY.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim varNum as integer                             ‘ rVariable number.
Dim buffer(2,3) as integer = {{1,2,3},{4,5,6}}    ‘ The data holding buffer.
.
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFvarNum (id,"MY_VAR")
    status = CDFputrVarRecordData (id, varNum, 2, buffer)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

#### 4.3.74 CDFputrVarSeqData

```

integer CDFputrVarSeqData(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
value as TYPE)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Data value.  
‘ **TYPE** -- VB value/string type



CDFputrVarSeqData writes one value to the specified rVariable in a CDF at the current sequential value (position) for that variable. After the write, the current sequential value is automatically incremented to the next value. Use CDFsetrVarSeqPos method to set the current sequential value (position).

The arguments to CDFputrVarSeqData are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |
| value  | The buffer holding the data value.  |

#### 4.3.74.1. Example(s)

The following example will write two data values starting at record number 2 from a 2-dimensional rVariable whose data type is CDF\_INT4. The first write will pass in a pointer from the data value, while the second write will pass in the data value object directly.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim varNum as integer
Dim value1 as integer, value2 as integer
Dim indices(2) as integer
Dim recNum as integer
dim status as integer
.
recNum = 2
indices(0) = 1
indices(1) = 2
try
....
value1 = 10
value2 = -20.
status = CDFsetrVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices)
status = CDFputrVarSeqData (id, varNum, value1)
status = CDFputrVarSeqData (id, varNum, value2)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The variable number.  
‘ The data value.  
‘ The indices in a record.  
‘ The record number.

#### 4.3.75 CDFputzVarData

```
integer CDFputzVarData(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
recNum as integer,
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Record number.

- ‘ in -- Dimension indices.
- ‘ in -- Data value.
- ‘ **TYPE** -- VB value/string type

The arguments to `CDFputzVarData` are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| recNum  | The record number.  |
| indices | The dimension indices within the record.  |
| value   | The data value.   |

The following example will write two data values, the first and the fifth element, in Record 0 from zVariable “MY\_VAR”, a 2-dimensional (2 by 3), CDF\_DOUBLE type variable, in a row-major CDF. The first put operation passes the pointer of the data value, while the second operation passes the data value as an object.

- ‘ CDF identifier.
- ‘ zVariable number.
- ‘ The record number.
- ‘ The dimension indices.
- ‘ The data values.

```
end try
```

### 4.3.76 CDFputzVarPadValue

```
integer CDFputzVarPadValue(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
value as TYPE)  
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Pad value.  
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type
```

CDFputzVarPadValue specifies the pad value for the specified zVariable in a CDF. A zVariable's pad value may be specified (or respecified) at any time without affecting already written values (including where pad values were used). The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes variable pad values.

The arguments to CDFputzVarPadValue are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |
| value  | The pad value.  |

#### 4.3.76.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the pad value to -9999 for zVariable “MY\_VAR”, a CDF\_INT4 type variable, and “\*\*\*\*\*” for another zVariable “MY\_VAR2”, a CDF\_CHAR type with a number of elements of five (5), in a CDF.

```
.  
. .  
dim id as long  
dim padValue1 as integer = -9999  
Dim padValue2 as string = “*****”  
Dim status as integer.  
. .  
try  
....  
status = CDFputzVarPadValue (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), padValue1)  
  
status = CDFputzVarPadValue (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR2”), padValue2)  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ An integer pad value.  
‘ A string pad value. `

### 4.3.77 CDFputzVarRecordData

```
integer CDFputzVarRecordData(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
recNum as integer,  
buffer as TYPE)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Record number.  
‘ in -- Record data.  
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type (likely an  
‘ array)
```

CDFputzVarRecordData writes an entire record at a given record number for the specified zVariable in a CDF. The buffer should hold the entire data values for the variable. The data values in the buffer should be in the order that corresponds to the variable majority defined for the CDF.

The arguments to CDFputzVarRecordData are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |
| recNum | The record number.  |
| buffer | The buffer holding the entire record values.  |

#### 4.3.77.1. Example(s)

The following example will write one full record (numbered 2) from zVariable “MY\_VAR”, a 2-dimension (2 by 3), CDF\_INT4 type variable, in a CDF. The variable’s dimension variances are all VARY.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long  
dim varNum as integer  
Dim buffer(, ) as integer = {{1,2,3},{4,5,6}}  
Dim status as integer  
.   
try  
....  
    varNum = CDFvarNum (id, "MY_VAR")  
    status = CDFputzVarRecordData (id, varNum, 2, buffer)  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ zVariable number.  
‘ The data holding buffer.
```

### 4.3.78 CDFputzVarSeqData

```
integer CDFputzVarSeqData(  
  id as long,  
  varNum as integer,  
  value as TYPE)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Data value.  
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type
```

CDFputzVarSeqData writes one value to the specified zVariable in a CDF at the current sequential value (position) for that variable. After the write, the current sequential value is automatically incremented to the next value. Use CDFsetzVarSeqPos method to set the current sequential value (position).

The arguments to CDFputzVarSeqData are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |
| value  | The buffer holding the data value.  |

#### 4.3.78.1. Example(s)

The following example will write two data values starting at record number 2 from a 2-dimensional zVariable whose data type is CDF\_INT4. The first write will pass in a pointer from the data value, while the second write will pass in the data value object directly.

```
.  
. .  
dim id as long  
dim varNum as integer  
dim value1 as integer, value2 as integer  
Dim indices(2) as integer  
dim recNum as integer  
Dim status as integer  
.  
recNum = 2  
indices(0) = 1  
indices(1) = 2  
try  
  ....  
  value1 = 10  
  value2 = -20.  
  status = CDFsetzVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices)  
  status = CDFputzVarSeqData (id, varNum, value1)  
  status = CDFputzVarSeqData (id, varNum, value2)  
  ...  
  ...  
catch ex as Exception  
  ...  
end try
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The variable number.  
‘ The data value.  
‘ The indices in a record.  
‘ The record number.
```

### 4.3.79 CDFrenamerVar

```
integer CDFrenamerVar(  
  id as long,  
  varNum as integer,  
  varName as string)  
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- rVariable number.  
‘ in -- New name.
```

CDFrenamerVar is used to rename an existing rVariable. A variable (rVariable or zVariable) with the same name must not already exist in the CDF.

The arguments to CDFrenamerVar are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The number of the rVariable to rename. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetVarNum.                             |
| varName | The new rVariable name. This may be at most CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Variable names are case-sensitive.                |

#### 4.3.79.1. Example(s)

In the following example the rVariable named TEMPERATURE is renamed to TMP (if it exists). Note that if CDFgetVarNum returns a value less than zero (0) then that value is not an rVariable number but rather an error code.

```
.  
. .  
. .  
dim id as long  
dim status as integer  
dim varNum as integer  
.  
. .  
try  
  ....  
  varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "TEMPERATURE")  
  status = CDFrenamerVar (id, varNum, "TMP")  
  ...  
  ...  
catch ex as Exception  
  ...  
end try  
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ zVariable number.
```

### 4.3.80 CDFrenamezVar

```
integer CDFrenamezVar(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
varName as string)
```

```
` out -- Completion status code.  
` in -- CDF identifier.  
` in -- zVariable number.  
` in -- New name.
```

CDFrenamezVar is used to rename an existing zVariable. A variable (rVariable or zVariable) with the same name must not already exist in the CDF.

The arguments to CDFrenamezVar are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The number of the zVariable to rename. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetVarNum.                             |
| varName | The new zVariable name. This may be at most CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Variable names are case-sensitive.                |

#### 4.3.80.1. Example(s)

In the following example the zVariable named TEMPERATURE is renamed to TMP (if it exists). Note that if CDFgetVarNum returns a value less than zero (0) then that value is not an zVariable number but rather an error code.

```
.  
.  
.  
dim id as long  
dim status as integer  
dim varNum as integer  
.  
.  
try  
....  
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "TEMPERATURE")  
status = CDFrenamezVar (id, varNum, "TMP")  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

```
` CDF identifier.  
` Returned status code.  
` zVariable number.
```

### 4.3.81 CDFsetrVarAllocBlockRecords

```
integer CDFsetrVarAllocBlockRecords(  
id as long,
```

```
` out -- Completion status code.  
` in -- CDF identifier.
```

```
varNum as integer,
firstRec as integer,
lastRec as integer)
```

```
‘ in -- Variable number.
‘ in -- First record number.
‘ in -- Last record number.
```

CDFsetrVarAllocBlockRecords specifies a range of records to be allocated (not written) for the specified rVariable in a CDF. This operation is only applicable to uncompressed rVariable in single-file CDFs. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for the descriptions of allocating variable records.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarAllocBlockRecords are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The rVariable number.   |
| firstRec | The first record number to allocate.  |
| lastRec  | The last record number to allocate.   |

#### 4.3.81.1. Example(s)

The following example allocates 10 records, from record numbered 10 to 19, for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.
dim firstRec as integer, lastRec as integer    ‘ The first/last record numbers.
Dim status as integer.
.
firstRec = 10
lastRec = 19
try
....
status = CDFsetrVarAllocBlockRecords (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), firstRec, lastRec)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.3.82 CDFsetrVarAllocRecords

```
integer CDFsetrVarAllocRecords(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
numRecs as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- Variable number.
‘ in -- Number of records.
```



CDFsetrVarAllocRecords specifies a number of records to be allocated (not written) for the specified rVariable in a CDF. The records are allocated beginning at record number zero (0). This operation is only applicable to uncompressed rVariable in single-file CDFs. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for the descriptions of allocating variable records.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarAllocRecords are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.   |
| numRecs | The number of records to allocate.  |

#### 4.3.82.1. Example(s)

The following example allocates 100 records, from record numbered 0 to 99, for rVariable "MY\_VAR" in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
dim numRecs as integer                        ' The number of records.
dim status as integer
.
numRecs = 100
try
....
status = CDFsetrVarAllocRecords (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), numRecs)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.83 CDFsetrVarBlockingFactor

```
integer CDFsetrVarBlockingFactor(
id as long,                                ' out -- Completion status code.
varNum as integer,                         ' in -- CDF identifier.
bf as integer)                             ' in -- Variable number.
                                           ' in -- Blocking factor.
```

CDFsetrVarBlockingFactor specifies the blocking factor (number of records allocated) for the specified rVariable in a CDF. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for a description of the blocking factor.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarBlockingFactor are defined as follows:

|    |   |
|----|---|
| id | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
|----|---|

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| varNum | The rVariable number.  |
| bf     | The blocking factor. A value of zero (0) indicates that the default blocking factor is being used. |

#### 4.3.83.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the blocking factor to 100 records for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long           ' CDF identifier.
Dim bf as integer        ' The blocking factor.
dim status as integer
.
bf = 100
try
....
status = CDFsetrVarBlockingFactor (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), bf)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.3.84 CDFsetrVarCacheSize

|                              |                                  |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| integer CDFsetrVarCacheSize( | ' out -- Completion status code. |
| id as long,                  | ' in -- CDF identifier.          |
| varNum as integer,           | ' in -- Variable number.         |
| numBuffers as integer)       | ' in -- Number of cache buffers. |

CDFsetrVarCacheSize specifies the number of cache buffers being for the rVariable in a CDF. This operation is not applicable to a single-file CDF. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for description about caching scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarCacheSize are defined as follows:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| id         | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum     | The rVariable number.   |
| numBuffers | The number of cache buffers.  |

#### 4.3.84.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the number of cache buffers to 10 for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.  
Dim numBuffers as integer                    ‘ The number of cache buffers.  
dim status as integer  
.   
numBuffers = 10  
try  
....  
status = CDFsetrVarCacheSize (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), numBuffers)  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

### 4.3.85 CDFsetrVarCompression

```
integer CDFsetrVarCompression(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
compType as integer,  
cParms as integer())  
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Compression type.  
‘ in -- Compression parameters.
```

CDFsetrVarCompression specifies the compression type/parameters for the specified rVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.11 for a description of the CDF supported compression types/parameters.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarCompression are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The rVariable number.   |
| compType | The compression type.   |
| cParms   | The compression parameters.   |

#### 4.3.85.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the compression to GZIP.6 for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
```

```

.
.
dim id as long
Dim compType as integer
Dim cParms(1) as integer
dim status as integer

.
compType = GZIP_COMPRESSION
cParms(0) = 6
try
....
status = CDFsetrVarCompression (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), compType, cParms)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The compression type.  
‘ The compression parameters.

### 4.3.86 CDFsetrVarDataSpec

```

integer CDFsetrVarDataSpec(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
dataType as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Data type.

CDFsetrVarDataSpec respecifies the data type of the specified rVariable in a CDF. The variable’s data type cannot be changed if the new data type is not equivalent (type having a different data size) to the old data type and any values (including the pad value) have been written. Data specifications are considered equivalent if the data types are equivalent. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for equivalent data types.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarDataSpec are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The rVariable number.   |
| dataType | The new data type.  |

#### 4.3.86.1. Example(s)

The following example respecifies the data type to CDF\_INT2 (from its original CDF\_UINT2) for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.

```

```

dim id as long
Dim dataType as integer
Dim status as integer.
.
dataType = CDF_INT2
try
....
status = CDFsetrVarDataSpec (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), dataType)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The data type.

### 4.3.87 CDFsetrVarDimVariances

```

integer CDFsetrVarDimVariances(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
dimVarys as integer())

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Dimension variances.

CDFsetrVarDimVariances respecifies the dimension variances of the specified rVariable in a CDF. For 0-dimensional rVariable, this operation is not applicable. The dimension variances are described in Section 2.10.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarDimVariances are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The rVariable number.   |
| dimVarys | The dimension variances.  |

#### 4.3.87.1. Example(s)

The following example resets the dimension variances to true (VARY) and true (VARY) for rVariable “MY\_VAR”, a 2-dimensional variable, in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim varNum as integer
Dim dimVarys() as integer = {VARY, VARY}
dim status as integer
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ rVariable number.  
‘ The dimension variances.

```

status = CDFsetrVarDimVariances (id, varNum, dimVarys)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.88 CDFsetrVarInitialRecs

```

integer CDFsetrVarInitialRecs(                                     ‘ out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                                       ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                                                ‘ in -- Variable number.
numRecs as integer)                                              ‘ in -- Number of records.

```

CDFsetrVarInitialRecs specifies a number of records to initially write to the specified rVariable in a CDF. The records are written beginning at record number 0 (zero). This may be specified only once per rVariable and before any other records have been written to that rVariable. If a pad value has not yet been specified, the default is used (see the Concepts chapter in the CDF User’s Guide). If a pad value has been explicitly specified, that value is written to the records. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User’s Guide describes initial records.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarInitialRecs are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.   |
| numRecs | The initially written records.  |

#### 4.3.88.1. Example(s)

The following example writes the initial 100 records to rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
..
dim id as long                                                     ‘ CDF identifier.
dim varNum as integer                                             ‘ rVariable number.
dim numRecs as integer                                            ‘ The number of records.
Dim status as integer.
.
try
...
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”)
numRecs = 100
status = CDFsetrVarInitialRecs (id, varNum, numRecs)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...

```

```
end try
```

### 4.3.89 CDFsetrVarRecVariance

```
integer CDFsetrVarRecVariance(                                     ‘ out -- Completion status code.  
id as long,                                                       ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
varNum as integer,                                                ‘ in -- Variable number.  
recVary as integer)                                              ‘ in -- Record variance.
```

CDFsetrVarRecVariance specifies the record variance of the specified rVariable in a CDF. The record variances are described in Section 2.10.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarRecVariance are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.   |
| recVary | The record variance.  |

#### 4.3.89.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the record variance to VARY (from NOVARY) for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long                                                     ‘ CDF identifier.  
dim recVary as integer                                             ‘ The record variance.  
Dim status as integer.  
.   
recVary = VARY  
try  
....  
status = CDFsetrVarRecVariance (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), recVary)  
...  
...  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try
```

### 4.3.90 CDFsetrVarReservePercent

```
integer CDFsetrVarReservePercent(                                ‘ out -- Completion status code.
```

id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
percent as integer)

‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Reserve percentage.

CDFsetrVarReservePercent specifies the compression reserve percentage being used for the specified rVariable in a CDF. This operation only applies to compressed rVariables. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for a description of the reserve scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarReservePercent are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number.   |
| percent | The reserve percentage.   |

#### 4.3.90.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the reserve percentage to 10 for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.
dim percent as integer                        ‘ The reserve percentage.
Dim status as integer.
.
percent = 10
try
....
status = CDFsetrVarReservePercent (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), percent)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```

### 4.3.91 CDFsetrVarsCacheSize

integer CDFsetrVarsCacheSize(  
id as long,  
numBuffers as integer)

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Number of cache buffers.

CDFsetrVarsCacheSize specifies the number of cache buffers to be used for all of the rVariable files in a CDF. This operation is not applicable to a single-file CDF. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes the caching scheme used by the CDF library.



The arguments to CDFsetrVarsCacheSize are defined as follows:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| id         | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numBuffers | The number of buffers.  |

#### 4.3.91.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the number of cache buffers to 10 for all rVariables in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long          ' CDF identifier.
dim numBuffers as integer ' The number of cache buffers.
Dim status as integer.
.
numBuffers = 10
try
  ....
  status = CDFsetrVarsCacheSize (id, numBuffers)
  ...
  ...
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
```

### 4.3.92 CDFsetrVarSeqPos

```
integer CDFsetrVarSeqPos(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
dim recNum as integer,
indices as integer())
' out -- Completion status code.
' in -- CDF identifier.
' in -- Variable number.
' in -- Record number.
' in -- Indices in a record.
```

CDFsetrVarSeqPos specifies the current sequential value (position) for sequential access for the specified rVariable in a CDF. Note that a current sequential value is maintained for each rVariable individually. Use CDFgetrVarSeqPos method to get the current sequential value.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarSeqPos are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The rVariable number.   |
| recNum | The rVariable record number.  |

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| indices | The dimension indices. Each element of indices receives the corresponding dimension index. For 0-dimensional rVariable, this argument is ignored, but must be presented. |
|---------|--|

#### 4.3.92.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the current sequential value to the first value element in record number 2 for a rVariable, a 2-dimensional variable, in a CDF.

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <pre> . . . dim id as long Dim varNum as integer dim recNum as integer Dim indices(2) as integer . . recNum = 2 indices(0) = 0 indices(1) = 0 try   status = CDFsetrVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices) ... ... catch ex as Exception ... end try </pre> | <pre> ‘ CDF identifier. ‘ The variable number. ‘ The record number. ‘ The indices. </pre> |
|--|---|

#### 4.3.93 CDFsetrVarSparseRecords

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <pre> integer CDFsetrVarSparseRecords( id as long, varNum as integer, sRecordsType as integer) </pre> | <pre> ‘ out -- Completion status code. ‘ in -- CDF identifier. ‘ in -- The variable number. ‘ in -- The sparse records type. </pre> |
|---|---|

CDFsetrVarSparseRecords specifies the sparse records type of the specified rVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.12.1 for the description of sparse records.

The arguments to CDFsetrVarSparseRecords are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum       | The rVariable number.   |
| sRecordsType | The sparse records type.  |

#### 4.3.93.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the sparse records type to PAD\_SPARSERECORDS from its original type for rVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.  
dim sRecordsType as integer                  ‘ The sparse records type.  
Dim status as integer.  
.   
sRecordsType = PAD_SPARSERECORDS  
try  
    status = CDFsetrVarSparseRecords (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), sRecordsType)  
    ...  
    ...  
catch ex as Exception  
    ...  
end try
```

#### 4.3.94 CDFsetzVarAllocBlockRecords

```
integer CDFsetzVarAllocBlockRecords(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
firstRec as integer,  
lastRec as integer)  
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- First record number.  
‘ in -- Last record number.
```

CDFsetzVarAllocBlockRecords specifies a range of records to be allocated (not written) for the specified zVariable in a CDF. This operation is only applicable to uncompressed zVariable in single-file CDFs. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for the descriptions of allocating variable records.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarAllocBlockRecords are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The zVariable number.   |
| firstRec | The first record number to allocate.  |
| lastRec  | The last record number to allocate.   |

#### 4.3.94.1. Example(s)

The following example allocates 10 records, from record numbered 10 to 19, for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
dim firstRec as integer, lastRec as integer    ' The first/last record numbers.
dim status as integer
.
firstRec = 10
lastRec = 19
try
....
status = CDFsetzVarAllocBlockRecords (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), firstRec, lastRec)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.95 CDFsetzVarAllocRecords

```

integer CDFsetzVarAllocRecords(                ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                   ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                            ' in -- Variable number.
numRecs as integer)                           ' in -- Number of records.

```

CDFsetzVarAllocRecords specifies a number of records to be allocated (not written) for the specified zVariable in a CDF. The records are allocated beginning at record number zero (0). This operation is only applicable to uncompressed zVariable in single-file CDFs. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for the descriptions of allocating variable records.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarAllocRecords are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| numRecs | The number of records to allocate.  |

#### 4.3.95.1. Example(s)

The following example allocates 100 records, from record numbered 0 to 99, for zVariable "MY\_VAR" in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim numRecs as integer                        ' The number of records.
Dim status as integer
.

```

```

numRecs = 100
try
  ....
  status = CDFsetzVarAllocRecords (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), numRecs)
  ...
  ...
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try

```

### 4.3.96 CDFsetzVarBlockingFactor

```

integer CDFsetzVarBlockingFactor(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
bf as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Blocking factor.

CDFsetzVarBlockingFactor specifies the blocking factor (number of records allocated) for the specified zVariable in a CDF. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for a description of the blocking factor.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarBlockingFactor are defined as follows:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| id     | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum | The zVariable number.   |
| bf     | The blocking factor. A value of zero (0) indicates that the default blocking factor is being used.                                    |

#### 4.3.96.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the blocking factor to 100 records for zVariable "MY\_VAR" in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim bf as integer
Dim status as integer.
.
bf = 100
try
  ....
  status = CDFsetzVarBlockingFactor (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), bf)
  ...
  ...
catch ex as Exception
  ...

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The blocking factor.

end try

### 4.3.97 CDFsetzVarCacheSize

```
integer CDFsetzVarCacheSize(                                     ‘ out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                                       ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                                                ‘ in -- Variable number.
numBuffers as integer)                                           ‘ in -- Number of cache buffers.
```

CDFsetzVarCacheSize specifies the number of cache buffers being for the zVariable in a CDF. This operation is not applicable to a single-file CDF. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for description about caching scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarCacheSize are defined as follows:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| id         | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum     | The zVariable number.   |
| numBuffers | The number of cache buffers.  |

#### 4.3.97.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the number of cache buffers to 10 for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                                    ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim numBuffers as integer                                         ‘ The number of cache buffers.
Dim status as integer.
.
numBuffers = 10
try
....
status = CDFsetzVarCacheSize (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), numBuffers)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.3.98 CDFsetzVarCompression

```
integer CDFsetzVarCompression(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
compType as integer,
cParms as integer())
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- Variable number.
‘ in -- Compression type.
‘ in -- Compression parameters.
```

CDFsetzVarCompression specifies the compression type/parameters for the specified zVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.11 for a description of the CDF supported compression types/parameters.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarCompression are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The zVariable number.   |
| compType | The compression type.   |
| cParms   | The compression parameters.   |

#### 4.3.98.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the compression to GZIP.6 for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim compType as integer
Dim cParms(1) as integer
.
.
compType = GZIP_COMPRESSION
cParms(0) = 6
try
....
status = CDFsetzVarCompression (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), compType, cParms)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.
‘ The compression type.
‘ The compression parameters.
```

### 4.3.99 CDFsetzVarDataSpec

```
integer CDFsetzVarDataSpec(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
dataType as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- Variable number.
‘ in -- Data type.
```

CDFsetzVarDataSpec respecifies the data type of the specified zVariable in a CDF. The variable's data type cannot be changed if the new data type is not equivalent (type having a different data size) to the old data type and any values (including the pad value) have been written. Data specifications are considered equivalent if the data types are equivalent. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for equivalent data types.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarDataSpec are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The zVariable number.   |
| dataType | The new data type.  |

#### 4.3.99.1. Example(s)

The following example respecifies the data type to CDF\_INT2 (from its original CDF\_UINT2) for zVariable "MY\_VAR" in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim dataType as integer                       ' The data type.
Dim status. as integer
.
dataType = CDF_INT2
try
....
status = CDFsetzVarDataSpec (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), dataType)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.100 CDFsetzVarDimVariances

```
integer CDFsetzVarDimVariances(                ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                   ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                             ' in -- Variable number.
dimVarys as integer())                        ' in -- Dimension variances.
```

CDFsetzVarDimVariances respecifies the dimension variances of the specified zVariable in a CDF. For 0-dimensional zVariable, this operation is not applicable. The dimension variances are described in Section 2.10.



The arguments to CDFsetzVarDimVariances are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum   | The zVariable number.   |
| dimVarys | The dimension variances.  |

#### 4.3.100.1. Example(s)

The following example resets the dimension variances to true (VARY) and true (VARY) for zVariable “MY\_VAR”, a 2-dimensional variable, in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ‘ CDF identifier.
dim varNum as integer                             ‘ zVariable number.
Dim dimVarys()as integer = {VARY, VARY}           ‘ The dimension variances.
Dim status as integer
.
.
try
....
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”)
status = CDFsetzVarDimVariances (id, varNum, dimVarys)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.101 CDFsetzVarInitialRecs

```
integer CDFsetzVarInitialRecs(                     ‘ out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                       ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                               ‘ in -- Variable number.
numRecs as integer)                             ‘ in -- Number of records.
```

CDFsetzVarInitialRecs specifies a number of records to initially write to the specified zVariable in a CDF. The records are written beginning at record number 0 (zero). This may be specified only once per zVariable and before any other records have been written to that zVariable. If a pad value has not yet been specified, the default is used (see the Concepts chapter in the CDF User’s Guide). If a pad value has been explicitly specified, that value is written to the records. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes initial records.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarInitialRecs are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| numRecs | The initially written records.  |

#### 4.3.101.1. Example(s)

The following example writes the initial 100 records to zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
..
dim id as long          ' CDF identifier.
dim varNum as integer   ' zVariable number.
Dim numRecs as integer  ' The number of records.
dim status as integer
.
try
...
varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
numRecs = 100
status = CDFsetzVarInitialRecs (id, varNum, numRecs)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

#### 4.3.102 CDFsetzVarRecVariance

```

integer CDFsetzVarRecVariance(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
recVary as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Variable number.  
‘ in -- Record variance.

CDFsetzVarRecVariance specifies the record variance of the specified zVariable in a CDF. The record variances are described in Section 2.10.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarRecVariance are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| recVary | The record variance.  |

#### 4.3.102.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the record variance to VARY (from NOVARY) for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.  
Dim recVary as integer                        ‘ The record variance.  
Dim status as integer   
.   
recVary = VARY   
try   
    ....   
    status = CDFsetzVarRecVariance (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), recVary)   
    ...   
    ...   
catch ex as Exception   
    ...   
end try
```

#### 4.3.103 CDFsetzVarReservePercent

```
integer CDFsetzVarReservePercent(  
id as long,                                ‘ out -- Completion status code.  
varNum as integer,                        ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
percent as integer)                       ‘ in -- Variable number.  
                                           ‘ in -- Reserve percentage.
```

CDFsetzVarReservePercent specifies the compression reserve percentage being used for the specified zVariable in a CDF. This operation only applies to compressed zVariables. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for a description of the reserve scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarReservePercent are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.   |
| percent | The reserve percentage.   |

#### 4.3.103.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the reserve percentage to 10 for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```
.
```

```

.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim percent as integer                             ' The reserve percentage.
Dim status as integer
.
percent = 10
try
....
status = CDFsetzVarReservePercent (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), percent)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.

```

### 4.3.104 CDFsetzVarsCacheSize

```

integer CDFsetzVarsCacheSize(                       ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                         ' in -- CDF identifier.
numBuffers as integer)                             ' in -- Number of cache buffers.

```

CDFsetzVarsCacheSize specifies the number of cache buffers to be used for all of the zVariable files in a CDF. This operation is not applicable to a single-file CDF. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes the caching scheme used by the CDF library.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarsCacheSize are defined as follows:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| id         | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numBuffers | The number of buffers.  |

#### 4.3.104.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the number of cache buffers to 10 for all zVariables in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim numBuffers as integer                         ' The number of cache buffers.
dim status as integer
.
numBuffers = 10
try
....
status = CDFsetzVarsCacheSize (id, numBuffers)

```

```

...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.105 CDFsetzVarSeqPos

```

integer CDFsetzVarSeqPos(                                     ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                                  ' in -- CDF identifier.
varNum as integer,                                           ' in -- Variable number.
dim recNum as integer,                                       ' in -- Record number.
indices as integer as integer())                             ' in -- Indices in a record.

```

CDFsetzVarSeqPos specifies the current sequential value (position) for sequential access for the specified zVariable in a CDF. Note that a current sequential value is maintained for each zVariable individually. Use CDFgetzVarSeqPos method to get the current sequential value.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarSeqPos are defined as follows:

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.                                    |
| varNum  | The zVariable number.  |
| recNum  | The zVariable record number.   |
| indices | The dimension indices. Each element of indices receives the corresponding dimension index. For 0-dimensional zVariable, this argument is ignored, but must be presented. |

#### 4.3.105.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the current sequential value to the first value element in record number 2 for a zVariable, a 2-dimensional variable, in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                               ' CDF identifier.
dim varNum as integer                                         ' The variable number.
Dim recNum as integer                                         ' The record number.
Dim indices(2) as integer                                     ' The indices.
.
.
recNum = 2
indices(0) = 0
indices(1) = 0
try
    status = CDFsetzVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices)
...

```

```

...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.3.106 CDFsetzVarSparseRecords

```

integer CDFsetzVarSparseRecords(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
sRecordsType as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- The variable number.  
‘ in -- The sparse records type.

CDFsetzVarSparseRecords specifies the sparse records type of the specified zVariable in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.12.1 for the description of sparse records.

The arguments to CDFsetzVarSparseRecords are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| varNum       | The zVariable number.   |
| sRecordsType | The sparse records type.  |

#### 4.3.106.1. Example(s)

The following example sets the sparse records type to PAD\_SPARSERECORDS from its original type for zVariable “MY\_VAR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim sRecordsType as integer
Dim status as integer.
.
sRecordsType = PAD_ SPARSERECORDS
try
status = CDFsetzVarSparseRecords (id, CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), sRecordsType)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ The sparse records type.

### 4.3.107 CDFvarClose<sup>9</sup>

```
integer CDFvarClose(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- rVariable number.
```

CDFvarClose closes the specified rVariable file from a multi-file format CDF. The variable's cache buffers are flushed before the variable's open file is closed. However, the CDF file is still open.

**NOTE:** You must close all open variable files to guarantee that all modifications you have made will actually be written to the CDF's file(s). If your program exits, normally or otherwise, without a successful call to CDFclose, the CDF's cache buffers are left unflushed.

The arguments to CDFclose are defined as follows:

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| id     | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen. |
| varNum | The variable number for the open rVariable's file. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFgetVarNum.   |

#### 4.3.107.1. Example(s)

The following example will close an open rVariable in a multi-file CDF.

```
.  
. .  
dim id as long  
dim status as integer  
. .  
try  
  
    status = CDFvarClose (id, CDFvarNum (id, "Flux"))  
  
catch ex as Exception  
    ...  
end try
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.
```

### 4.3.108 CDFvarCreate<sup>10</sup>

```
integer CDFvarCreate(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.
```

---

<sup>9</sup> A legacy CDF function, handling rVariables only. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFcloserVar is the preferred function for it.

<sup>10</sup> A legacy CDF function, handling rVariables only. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFcreatorVar is the preferred function for it.

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| id as long,                | ‘ in -- CDF identifier.                        |
| varName as string,         | ‘ in -- rVariable name.                        |
| dataType as integer,       | ‘ in -- Data type.                             |
| numElements as integer,    | ‘ in -- Number of elements (of the data type). |
| recVariance as integer,    | ‘ in -- Record variance.                       |
| dimVariances as integer(), | ‘ in -- Dimension variances.                   |
| varNum as integer)         | ‘ out -- rVariable number.                     |

CDFvarCreate is used to create a new rVariable in a CDF. A variable (rVariable or zVariable) with the same name must not already exist in the CDF.

The arguments to CDFvarCreate are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.  |
| varName      | The name of the rVariable to create. This may be at most CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Variable names are case-sensitive.   |
| dataType     | The data type of the new rVariable. Specify one of the data types defined in Section 2.6.   |
| numElements  | The number of elements of the data type at each value. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string (each value consists of the entire string). For all other data types this must always be one (1) - multiple elements at each value are not allowed for non-character data types. |
| recVariance  | The rVariable's record variance. Specify one of the variances defined in Section 2.10.  |
| dimVariances | The rVariable's dimension variances. Each element of dimVariances specifies the corresponding dimension variance. For each dimension specify one of the variances defined in Section 2.10. For 0-dimensional rVariables this argument is ignored (but must be present).   |
| varNum       | The number assigned to the new rVariable. This number must be used in subsequent CDF function calls when referring to this rVariable. An existing rVariable's number may be determined with the CDFvarNum or CDFgetVarNum function.   |

#### 4.3.108.1. Example(s)

The following example will create several rVariables in a 2-dimensional CDF.

|  |                              |
|--|------------------------------|
| .  |                              |
| .  |                              |
| .  |                              |
| dim id as long                                   | ‘ CDF identifier.            |
| dim stats as integer                             | ‘ Returned status code.      |
| dim EPOCHrecVary as integer = VARY               | ‘ EPOCH record variance.     |
| Dim LATrecVary as integer = NOVARY               | ‘ LAT record variance.       |
| Dim LONrecVary as integer = NOVARY               | ‘ LON record variance.       |
| Dim TMPrecVary as integer = VARY                 | ‘ TMP record variance.       |
| Dim EPOCHdimVarys() as integer = {NOVARY,NOVARY} | ‘ EPOCH dimension variances. |
| Dim LATdimVarys() as integer = {VARY,VARY}       | ‘ LAT dimension variances.   |



```

Dim LONdimVarys() as integer = {VARY,VARY}
Dim TMPdimVarys() as integer = {VARY,VARY}
Dim EPOCHvarNum as integer
Dim LATvarNum as integer
Dim LONvarNum as integer
Dim TMPvarNum as integer
.
.
try
    status = CDFvarCreate (id, "EPOCH", CDF_EPOCH, 1, _
                          EPOCHrecVary, EPOCHdimVarys, EPOCHvarNum)

    status = CDFvarCreate (id, "LATITUDE", CDF_INT2, 1, _
                          LATrecVary, LATdimVarys, LATvarNum)

    status = CDFvarCreate (id, "INTITUDE", CDF_INT2, 1, _
                          LONrecVary, LONdimVarys, LONvarNum)

    status = CDFvarCreate (id, "TEMPERATURE", CDF_REAL4, 1, _
                          TMPrecVary, TMPdimVarys, TMPvarNum)

.
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

```

‘ LON dimension variances.
‘ TMP dimension variances.
‘ EPOCH zVariable number.
‘ LAT zVariable number.
‘ LON zVariable number.
‘ TMP zVariable number.

```

### 4.3.109 CDFvarGet<sup>11</sup>

```

integer CDFvarGet(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
dim recNum as integer,
indices as integer(),
value as TYPE)

```

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- rVariable number.
‘ in -- Record number.
‘ in -- Dimension indices.
‘ out -- Value.
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type or object

```

CDFvarGet is used to read a single value from an rVariable.

The arguments to CDFvarGet are defined as follows:

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number from which to read data.  |
| recNum  | The record number at which to read.  |
| indices | The dimension indices within the record.   |

<sup>11</sup> A legacy CDF function, handling rVariables only. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFgetrVarData is the preferred function for it.

value                      The data value read. This buffer must be large enough to hold the value.

#### 4.3.109.1.      **Example(s)**

The following example returns two data values, the first and the fifth element, in Record 0 from an rVariable named MY\_VAR, a 2-dimensional (2 by 3) CDF\_DOUBLE type variable, in a row-major CDF. The first get operation passes the value pointer, while the second operation uses “out” argument modifier.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ‘ CDF identifier.
dim recNum as integer                             ‘ The record number.
dim varNum as integer                             ‘ The variable number.
Dim indices(2) as integer                         ‘ The dimension indices.
Dim value1 as double, value2 as double            ‘ The data values.
Dim status as integer
.
try
....
varNum = CDFvarNum (id, “MY_VAR”)
recNum = 0
indices(0) = 0
indices(1) = 0
status = CDFvarGet (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value1)
indices(0) = 1
indices(1) = 1
object value2o
status = CDFvarGet (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value2o)
value2 = value2o
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

#### 4.3.110 CDFvarHyperGet<sup>12</sup>

```
integer CDFvarHyperGet(
id as long,                                       ‘ out -- Completion status code.
varNum as integer,                             ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
recStart as integer,                           ‘ in -- rVariable number.
recCount as integer,                           ‘ in -- Starting record number.
recInterval as integer,                        ‘ in -- Number of records.
indices as integer(),                          ‘ in -- Subsampling interval between records.
counts as integer(),                          ‘ in -- Dimension indices of starting value.
intervals as integer(),                       ‘ in -- Number of values along each dimension.
values as TYPE)                               ‘ in -- Subsampling intervals along each dimension.
                                              ‘ out -- Values.
```

---

<sup>12</sup> A legacy CDF function, handling rVariables only. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFhyperGetVarData is the preferred function for it.

**‘ TYPE --** VB value/string type or object

CDFvarHyperGet is used to fill a buffer of one or more values from the specified rVariable. It is important to know the variable majority of the CDF before using CDFvarHyperGet because the values placed into the buffer will be in that majority. CDFinquire can be used to determine the default variable majority of a CDF distribution. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes the variable majorities. **Note:** you need to provide dummy arrays, with at least one (1) element, for indices, counts and intervals for scalar variables.

#### 4.3.110.1. Example(s)

The following example will read an entire record of data from an rVariable. The CDF's rVariables are 3-dimensional with sizes (180,91,10) and CDF's variable majority is ROW\_MAJOR. For the rVariable the record variance is VARY, the dimension variances are {VARY,VARY,VARY}, and the data type is CDF\_REAL4. This example is similar to the example provided for CDFvarGet except that it uses a single call to CDFvarHyperGet rather than numerous calls to CDFvarGet.

```

.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim tmp(,) as single
Dim varN as integer
Dim recStart as integer = 13
Dim recCount as integer = 1
Dim recInterval as integer = 1
Dim indices() as integer = {0,0,0}
Dim counts() as integer = {180,91,10}
Dim intervals() as integer = {1,1,1}
.
.
try
    varN = CDFgetVarNum (id, "Temperature")
    ...

    status = CDFvarHyperGet (id, varN, recStart, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, tmp)
.
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try

```

Note that if the CDF's variable majority had been COLUMN\_MAJOR, the tmp array would have been declared simple type of tmp(10,91,180) for proper indexing.

### 4.3.111 CDFvarHyperPut<sup>13</sup>

[illegible]

<sup>13</sup> A legacy CDF function, handling rVariables only. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFhyperPutrVarData is the preferred function for it.

```

id as long,
varNum as integer,
recStart as integer,
recCount as integer,
recInterval as integer,
indices as integer(),
counts as integer(),
intervals as integer(),
buffer as TYPE)

```

```

‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- rVariable number.
‘ in -- Starting record number.
‘ in -- Number of records.
‘ in -- Interval between records.
‘ in -- Dimension indices of starting value.
‘ in -- Number of values along each dimension.
‘ in -- Interval between values along each dimension.
‘ in -- Buffer of values.
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type (likely an array)

```

CDFvarHyperPut is used to write one or more values from the data holding buffer to the specified rVariable. It is important to know the variable majority of the CDF before using this routine because the values in the buffer to be written must be in the same majority. CDFInquire can be used to determine the default variable majority of a CDF distribution. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes the variable majorities. **Note:** you need to provide dummy arrays, with at least one (1) element, for indices, counts and intervals for scalar variables.

#### 4.3.111.1. Example(s)

The following example writes values to the rVariable LATITUDE of a CDF that is an 2-dimensional array with dimension sizes (360,181). For LATITUDE the record variance is NOVARY, the dimension variances are {NOVARY,VARY}, and the data type is CDF\_INT2. This example is similar to the CDFvarPut example except that it uses a single call to CDFvarHyperPut rather than numerous calls to CDFvarPut.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim i as integer
Dim lats(181) as short
Dim varN as integer
Dim recStart as integer = 0
Dim recCount as integer = 1
Dim recInterval as integer = 1
Dim indices()as integer = {0,0}
Dim counts() as integer = {1,181}
Dim intervals() as integer = {1,1}

.
.
try
....
varN = CDFvarNum (id, "LATITUDE")
for i = -90 to 90
    lats(90+i) = CType(i, short)
next lat
status = CDFvarHyperPut (id, varN, recStart, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, lats)
....
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

```

‘ CDF identifier.
‘ Returned status code.
‘ Latitude value.
‘ Buffer of latitude values.
‘ rVariable number.
‘ Record number.
‘ Record counts.
‘ Record interval.
‘ Dimension indices.
‘ Dimension counts.
‘ Dimension intervals.

```

### 4.3.112 CDFvarInquire

```
integer CDFvarInquire(  
id as long,  
varNum as integer,  
varName as string,  
dataType as integer ,  
numElements as integer,  
recVariance as integer,  
dimVariances as integer())  
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- rVariable number.  
‘ out -- rVariable name.  
‘ out -- Data type.  
‘ out -- Number of elements (of the data type).  
‘ out -- Record variance.  
‘ out -- Dimension variances.
```

CDFvarInquire is used to inquire about the specified rVariable. This method would normally be used before reading rVariable values (with CDFvarGet or CDFvarHyperGet) to determine the data type and number of elements (of that data type).

The arguments to CDFvarInquire are defined as follows:

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| id           | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.  |
| varNum       | The number of the rVariable to inquire. This number may be determined with a call to CDFvarNum (see Section 4.3.113).   |
| varName      | The rVariable's name.   |
| dataType     | The data type of the rVariable. The data types are defined in Section 2.6.  |
| numElements  | The number of elements of the data type at each rVariable value. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string. (Each value consists of the entire string.) For all other data types, this will always be one (1) - multiple elements at each value are not allowed for non-character data types. |
| recVariance  | The record variance. The record variances are defined in Section 2.10.  |
| dimVariances | The dimension variances. Each element of dimVariances receives the corresponding dimension variance. The dimension variances are defined in Section 2.10. For 0-dimensional rVariables this argument is ignored (but a placeholder is necessary).   |

#### 4.3.112.1. Example(s)

The following example returns about an rVariable named HEAT\_FLUX in a CDF. Note that the rVariable name returned by CDFvarInquire will be the same as that passed in to CDFgetVarNum.

```
.  
.  
.  
dim id as long  
Dim status as integer  
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.
```

```

Dim varName as string
Dim dataType as integer
Dim numElems as integer
Dim recVary as integer
Dim dimVarys(CDF_MAX_DIMS) as integer

.
.
try
....
status = CDFvarInquire (id, CDFgetVarNum (id,"HEAT_FLUX"), varName, dataType, _
                        numElems, recVary, dimVarys)
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ rVariable name.  
 ‘ Data type of the rVariable.  
 ‘ Number of elements (of data type).  
 ‘ Record variance.  
 ‘ Dimension variances (allocate to allow the  
 ‘ maximum number of dimensions).

### 4.3.113 CDFvarNum<sup>14</sup>

```

integer CDFvarNum(
id as long,
varName as string)

```

‘ out -- Variable number.  
 ‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
 ‘ in -- Variable name.

CDFvarNum is used to determine the number associated with a given variable name. If the variable is found, CDFvarNum returns its variable number - which will be equal to or greater than zero (0). If an error occurs (e.g., the variable does not exist in the CDF), an error code (of type Int) is returned. Error codes are less than zero (0). The returned variable number should be used in the functions of the same variable type, rVariable or zVariable. If it is an rVariable, functions dealing with rVariables should be used. Similarly, functions for zVariables should be used for zVariables.

The arguments to CDFvarNum are defined as follows:

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| id      | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen. |
| varName | The name of the variable to search. This may be at most CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Variable names are case-sensitive. |

#### 4.3.113.1. Example(s)

In the following example CDFvarNum is used as an embedded function call when inquiring about an rVariable.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
 ‘ Returned status code.

---

<sup>14</sup> A legacy CDF function. It used to handle only rVariables. It has been extended to include zVariables. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFgetVarNum is the preferred function for it.

```

dim varName as string
dim dataType as integer
dim numElements integer
dim recVariance as integer
dim dimVariances(CDF_MAX_DIMS) as integer
.
.
try
....

    status = CDFvarInquire (id, CDFvarNum (id,"LATITUDE"), varName, dataType, _
                        numElements, recVariance, dimVariances)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

- ‘ Variable name.
- ‘ Data type of the rVariable.
- ‘ Number of elements (of the data type).
- ‘ Record variance.
- ‘ Dimension variances.

In this example the rVariable named LATITUDE was inquired. Note that if LATITUDE did not exist in the CDF, the call to CDFgetVarNum would have returned an error code. Passing that error code to CDFvarInquire as an rVariable number would have resulted in CDFvarInquire also returning an error code. Also note that the name written into varName is already known (LATITUDE). In some cases the rVariable names will be unknown - CDFvarInquire would be used to determine them. CDFvarInquire is described in Section 4.3.112.

### 4.3.114 CDFvarPut<sup>15</sup>

```

integer CDFvarPut(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
recNum as integer,
indices as integer(),
value as TYPE)

```

- ‘ out -- Completion status code.
- ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
- ‘ in -- rVariable number.
- ‘ in -- Record number.
- ‘ in -- Dimension indices.
- ‘ in -- Value.
- ‘ **TYPE** -- VB value/string type

CDFvarPut writes a single data value to an rVariable. CDFvarPut may be used to write more than one value with a single call.

The arguments to CDFvarPut are defined as follows:

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.   |
| varNum  | The rVariable number to which to write. This number may be determined with a call to CDFvarNum.  |
| recNum  | The record number at which to write.   |
| indices | The dimension indices within the specified record at which to write. Each element of indices specifies the corresponding dimension index. For 0-dimensional variables, this argument is ignored (but must be present). |

<sup>15</sup> A legacy CDF function, handling rVariables only. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFputrVarData is the preferred function for it.

value                      The data value to write.

#### 4.3.114.1.      **Example(s)**

The following example will write two data values (1<sup>st</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> elements) of a 2-dimensional rVariable (2 by 3) named MY\_VAR to record number 0.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
dim varNum as integer
dim recNum as integer
Dim indices(2) as integer
Dim value1 as double, value2 as double
.
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    recNum = 0
    indices(0) = 0
    indices(1) = 0
    value1 = 10.1
    status = CDFvarPut (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value1)
    indices(0) = 1
    indices(1) = 1
    value2 = 20.2
    status = CDFvarPut (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value2)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ rVariable number.  
‘ The record number.  
‘ The dimension indices.  
‘ The data values.

#### 4.3.115 CDFvarRename<sup>16</sup>

```
integer CDFvarRename(
id as long,
varNum as integer,
varName as string)
```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- rVariable number.  
‘ in -- New name.

CDFvarRename is used to rename an existing rVariable. A variable (rVariable or zVariable) name must be unique.

The arguments to CDFvarRename are defined as follows:

---

<sup>16</sup> A legacy CDF function, handling rVariables only. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFrenamerVar is the preferred function for it.



|         |  |
|---------|--|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen. |
| varNum  | The rVariable number to rename. This number may be determined with a call to CDFvarNum.  |
| varName | The new rVariable name. The maximum length of the new name is CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Variable names are case-sensitive.   |

#### 4.3.115.1. Example(s)

In the following example the rVariable named TEMPERATURE is renamed to TMP (if it exists). Note that if CDFvarNum returns a value less than zero (0) then that value is not an rVariable number but rather a warning/error code.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim varNum as integer
.
.
try
....
    varNum = CDFvarNum (id, "TEMPERATURE")
...
}
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ rVariable number.

## 4.4 Attributes/Entries

This section provides functions that are related to CDF attributes or attribute entries. An attribute is identified by its name or an number in the CDF. Before you can perform any operation on an attribute or attribute entry, the CDF in which it resides must be opened.

### 4.4.1 CDFattrCreate<sup>17</sup>

```

integer CDFattrCreate(
id as long,
attrName as string,
attrScope as integer,
attrNum as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute name.  
‘ in -- Scope of attribute.  
‘ out -- Attribute number.

---

<sup>17</sup> Same as CDFcreateAttr.

CDFAttrCreate creates an attribute in the specified CDF. An attribute with the same name must not already exist in the CDF.

The arguments to CDFAttrCreate are defined as follows:

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| id        | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.  |
| attrName  | The name of the attribute to create. This may be at most CDF_ATTR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Attribute names are case-sensitive.   |
| attrScope | The scope of the new attribute. Specify one of the scopes described in Section 2.13.  |
| attrNum   | The number assigned to the new attribute. This number must be used in subsequent CDF function calls when referring to this attribute. An existing attribute's number may be determined with the CDFgetAttrNum function. |

#### 4.4.1.1. Example(s)

The following example creates two attributes. The TITLE attribute is created with global scope - it applies to the entire CDF (most likely the title of the data set stored in the CDF). The Units attribute is created with variable scope - each entry describes some property of the corresponding variable (in this case the units for the data).

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer         ' Returned status code.
Dim UNITSattrName as string = "Units" ' Name of "Units" attribute.
Dim UNITSattrNum as integer    ' "Units" attribute number.
Dim TITLEattrNum as integer    ' "TITLE" attribute number.
Dim TITLEattrScope as integer = GLOBAL_SCOPE ' "TITLE" attribute scope.
.
.
try
...
status = CDFAttrCreate (id, "TITLE", TITLEattrScope, TITLEattrNum)
status = CDFAttrCreate (id, UNITSattrName, VARIABLE_SCOPE, UNITSattrnum)
...
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
.
```

#### 4.4.2 CDFAttrEntryInquire

integer CDFAttrEntryInquire( ' out -- Completion status code.

```
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
dataType as integer,
numElements as integer)
```

```
` in -- CDF identifier.
    ` in -- Attribute number.
` in -- Entry number.
` out -- Data type.
` out -- Number of elements (of the data type).
```

CDFattrEntryInquire is used to inquire about a specific attribute entry. To inquire about the attribute in general, use CDFattrInquire. CDFattrEntryInquire would normally be called before calling CDFattrGet in order to determine the data type and number of elements (of that data type) for an entry. This would be necessary to correctly allocate enough memory to receive the value read by CDFattrGet.

The arguments to CDFattrEntryInquire are defined as follows:

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.   |
| attrNum     | The attribute number for which to inquire an entry. This number may be determined with a call to CDFattrNum (see Section 4.4.5).   |
| entryNum    | The entry number to inquire. If the attribute is global in scope, this is simply the gEntry number and has meaning only to the application. If the attribute is variable in scope, this is the number of the associated rVariable (the rVariable being described in some way by the rEntry). |
| dataType    | The data type of the specified entry. The data types are defined in Section 2.6.   |
| NumElements | The number of elements of the data type. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string (An array of characters). For all other data types this is the number of elements in an array of that data type.                                  |

#### 4.4.2.1. Example(s)

The following example returns each entry for an attribute. Note that entry numbers need not be consecutive - not every entry number between zero (0) and the maximum entry number must exist. For this reason NO\_SUCH\_ENTRY is an expected error code. Note also that if the attribute has variable scope, the entry numbers are actually rVariable numbers.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim attrN as integer
Dim entryN as integer
Dim attrName as string
Dim attrScope as integer
Dim maxEntry as integer
Dim dataType as integer
Dim numElems as integer
.
.
try
```

```
` CDF identifier.
` Returned status code.
` attribute number.
` Entry number.
` attribute name.
` attribute scope.
` Maximum entry number used.
` Data type.
` Number of elements (of the data type).
```

```

...
attrN = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "TMP")
status = CDFattrInquire (id, attrN, attrName, attrScope, maxEntry)

for entryN = 0 to maxEntry
    status = CDFattrEntryInquire (id, attrN, entryN, dataType, numElems)

    next entryN
.
.
}
...
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

### 4.4.3 CDFattrGet<sup>18</sup>

|   |   |
|---|---|
| integer CDFattrGet(<br>id as long,<br>integer attrNum,<br>integer entryNum,<br>value as <b>TYPE</b> ) | ‘ out -- Completion status code.<br>‘ in -- CDF identifier.<br>‘ in -- Attribute number.<br>‘ in -- Entry number.<br>‘ out -- Attribute entry value.<br>‘ <b>TYPE</b> -- VB value/string type or object |
|---|---|

CDFattrGet is used to read an attribute entry from a CDF. In most cases it will be necessary to call CDFattrEntryInquire before calling CDFattrGet in order to determine the data type and number of elements (of that data type) for the entry.

The arguments to CDFattrGet are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.  |
| attrNum  | The attribute number. This number may be determined with a call to CDFattrNum (Section 4.4.5).  |
| entryNum | The entry number. If the attribute is global in scope, this is simply the gEntry number and has meaning only to the application. If the attribute is variable in scope, this is the number of the associated rVariable (the rVariable being described in some way by the rEntry). |
| value    | The value read. This buffer must be large enough to hold the value. The method CDFattrEntryInquire would be used to determine the entry data type and number of elements (of that data type). The value is read from the CDF and placed into memory at address value.             |

---

<sup>18</sup> A legacy CDF function. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFgetAttrgEntry or CDFgetAttrEntry is the preferred function for it.

#### 4.4.3.1. Example(s)

The following example displays the value of the UNITS attribute for the rEntry corresponding to the PRES\_LVL rVariable (but only if the data type is CDF\_CHAR).

```
.
.
.
dim id as long           ' CDF identifier.
dim status as integer    ' Returned status code.
Dim attrN as integer     ' Attribute number.
Dim entryN as integer    ' Entry number.
Dim dataType as integer  ' Data type.
Dim numElems as integer  ' Number of elements (of data type).
.
.
try
  ...
  attrN = CDFattrNum (id, "UNITS")
  entryN = CDFvarNum (id, "PRES_LVL") ' The rEntry number is the rVariable number.

  status = CDFattrEntryInquire (id, attrN, entryN, dataType, numElems)

  if dataType = CDF_CHAR then
    dim buffer as string
    status = CDFattrGet (id, attrN, entryN, buffer)
  end if
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
.
```

#### 4.4.4 CDFattrInquire<sup>19</sup>

```
integer CDFattrInquire(
id as long,           ' out -- Completion status code.
attrNum as integer,   ' in -- CDF identifier.
attrName as string,   ' in -- Attribute number.
attrScope as integer, ' out -- Attribute name.
maxEntry as integer,  ' out -- Attribute scope.
                    ' out -- Maximum gEntry/rEntry number.
```

CDFattrInquire is used to inquire about the specified attribute. To inquire about a specific attribute entry, use CDFattrEntryInquire.

The arguments to CDFattrInquire are defined as follows:

|    |  |
|----|--|
| id | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen. |
|----|--|

---

<sup>19</sup> A legacy function. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFInquireAttr is the preferred function for it.

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| attrNum   | The number of the attribute to inquire. This number may be determined with a call to CDFattrNum (see Section 4.4.5).  |
| attrName  | The attribute's name. This string length is limited to CDF_ATTR_NAME_LEN256.  |
| attrScope | The scope of the attribute. Attribute scopes are defined in Section 2.13.   |
| maxEntry  | For gAttributes this is the maximum gEntry number used. For vAttributes this is the maximum rEntry number used. In either case this may not correspond with the number of entries (if some entry numbers were not used). If no entries exist for the attribute, then a value of -1 will be passed back. |

#### 4.4.4.1. Example(s)

The following example displays the name of each attribute in a CDF. The number of attributes in the CDF is first determined using the method CDFinquire. Note that attribute numbers start at zero (0) and are consecutive.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long           ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer    ' Returned status code.
Dim numDims as integer   ' Number of dimensions.
Dim dimSizes() as integer ' Dimension sizes (allocate to allow the
                           ' maximum number of dimensions).
                           ' Data encoding.
                           ' Variable majority.
                           ' Maximum record number in CDF.
                           ' Number of variables in CDF.
                           ' Number of attributes in CDF.
                           ' attribute number.
                           ' attribute name.
                           ' attribute scope.
                           ' Maximum entry number.

Dim encoding as integer
Dim majority as integer
Dim maxRec as integer
Dim numVars as integer
Dim numAttrs as integer
Dim attrN as integer
Dim attrName as string
Dim attrScope as integer
Dim maxEntry as integer
.
.
try
....
status = CDFinquire (id, numDims, dimSizes, encoding, majority, maxRec, numVars,
                    numAttrs)
for attrN = 0 to (numAttrs-1)
    status = CDFattrInquire (id, attrN, attrName, attrScope, maxEntry)

next attrN
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.

```

### 4.4.5 CDFattrNum<sup>20</sup>

```
integer CDFattrNum(                                     ' out -- attribute number.
id as long,                                             ' in -- CDF id
attrName as string)                                    ' in -- Attribute name
```

CDFattrNum is used to determine the attribute number associated with a given attribute name. If the attribute is found, CDFattrNum returns its number - which will be equal to or greater than zero (0). If an error occurs (e.g., the attribute name does not exist in the CDF), an error code (of type Int) is returned. Error codes are less than zero (0).

The arguments to CDFattrNum are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.              |
| attrName | The name of the attribute for which to search. This may be at most CDF_ATTR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Attribute names are case-sensitive. |

CDFattrNum may be used as an embedded function call when an attribute number is needed.

#### 4.4.5.1. Example(s)

In the following example the attribute named pressure will be renamed to PRESSURE with CDFattrNum being used as an embedded function call. Note that if the attribute pressure did not exist in the CDF, the call to CDFattrNum would have returned an error code. Passing that error code to CDFattrRename as an attribute number would have resulted in CDFattrRename also returning an error code.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
.
.
try
....
status = CDFattrRename (id, CDFattrNum (id,"pressure"), "PRESSURE")
....
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

### 4.4.6 CDFattrPut

```
integer CDFattrPut(                                     ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                             ' in -- CDF identifier.
```

---

<sup>20</sup> A legacy CDF function. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFgetAttrNum is the preferred function for it.

```
integer attrNum,
integer entryNum,
integer dataType,
integer numElements,
value as TYPE)
```

```
‘ in -- Attribute number.
‘ in -- Entry number.
‘ in -- Data type of this entry.
‘ in -- Number of elements (of the data type).
‘ in -- Attribute entry value.
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type
```

CDFAttrPut is used to write an entry to a global or rVariable attribute in a CDF. The entry may or may not already exist. If it does exist, it is overwritten. The data type and number of elements (of that data type) may be changed when overwriting an existing entry.

The arguments to CDFAttrPut are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen.  |
| attrNum     | The attribute number. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum.   |
| entryNum    | The entry number. If the attribute is global in scope, this is simply the gEntry number and has meaning only to the application. If the attribute is variable in scope, this is the number of the associated rVariable (the rVariable being described in some way by the rEntry). |
| dataType    | The data type of the specified entry. Specify one of the data types defined in Section 2.6.   |
| numElements | The number of elements of the data type. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string (an array of characters). For all other data types this is the number of elements in an array of that data type.                       |
| value       | The value(s) to write. The entry value is written to the CDF from memory address value.   |

#### 4.4.6.1. Example(s)

The following example writes two attribute entries. The first is to gEntry number zero (0) of the gAttribute TITLE. The second is to the variable scope attribute VALIDs for the rEntry that corresponds to the rVariable TMP.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim TITLE_LEN as integer = 10
Dim entryNum as integer
Dim numElements as integer
Dim title as string = "CDF title."
Dim TMPvalids() as short = {15,30}
.
.
entryNum = 0
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.
‘ Returned status code.
‘ Entry string length.
‘ Entry number.
‘ Number of elements (of data type).
‘ Value of TITLE attribute, entry number 0.
‘ Value(s) of VALIDs attribute,
‘ rEntry for rVariable TMP.
```



```

try
    status = CDFattrPut (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id,"TITLE"), entryNum, CDF_CHAR, TITLE_LEN, title)
.
    numElements = 2
    status = CDFattrPut (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id,"VALIDs"), CDFgetVarNum (id,"TMP"), _
                        CDF_INT2, numElements, TMPvalids)

catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
.

```

#### 4.4.7 CDFattrRename<sup>21</sup>

```

integer CDFattrRename(                                     ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                                ' in -- CDF identifier.
attrNum as integer,                                       ' in -- Attribute number.
attrName as string)                                       ' in -- New attribute name.

```

CDFattrRename is used to rename an existing attribute. An attribute with the new name must not already exist in the CDF.

The arguments to CDFattrRename are defined as follows:

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopen. |
| attrNum  | The number of the attribute to rename. This number may be determined with a call to CDFattrNum (see Section 4.4.5).        |
| attrName | The new attribute name. This may be at most CDF_ATTR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Attribute names are case-sensitive.           |

##### 4.4.7.1. Example(s)

In the following example the attribute named LAT is renamed to LATITUDE.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                           ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                                    ' Returned status code.
.
.
try
    status = CDFattrRename (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id,"LAT"), "LATITUDE")

```

---

<sup>21</sup> A legacy CDF function. While it is still available in V3.1, CDFrenameAttr is the preferred function for it.

```

.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

#### 4.4.8 CDFconfirmAttrExistence

```

integer CDFconfirmAttrExistence(                                     ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                                         ' in -- CDF identifier.
attrName as string)                                                ' in -- Attribute name.

```

CDFconfirmAttrExistence confirms whether an attribute exists for the given attribute name in a CDF. If the attribute doesn't exist, the informational status code, NO\_SUCH\_ATTR, is returned and no exception is thrown.

The arguments to CDFconfirmAttrExistence are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrName | The attribute name to check.  |

##### 4.4.8.1. Example(s)

The following example checks whether an attribute by the name of "ATTR\_NAME1" is in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                                             ' Returned status code.
.
.
try
....
status = CDFconfirmAttrExistence (id, "ATTR_NAME1")
if status = NO_SUCH_ATTR then
....
end if
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

## 4.4.9 CDFconfirmgEntryExistence

```
integer CDFconfirmgEntryExistence(  
id as long,  
attrNum as integer,  
entryNum as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute number.  
‘ in -- gEntry number.
```

CDFconfirmgEntryExistence confirms the existence of the specified entry (gEntry), in a global attribute from a CDF. If the gEntry does not exist, the informational status code NO\_SUCH\_ENTRY will be returned and no exception is thrown.

The arguments to CDFconfirmgEntryExistence are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The (global) attribute number.  |
| entryNum | The gEntry number.  |

### 4.4.9.1. Example(s)

The following example checks the existence of a gEntry numbered 1 for attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```
.  
. .  
dim id as long  
Dim status as integer  
dim attrNum as integer  
Dim entryNum as integer  
. .  
try  
....  
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, “MY_ATTR”)  
entryNum = 1  
status = CDFconfirmgEntryExistence (id, attrNum, entryNum)  
if status = NO_SUCH_ENTRY then UserStatusHandler (status)  
. .
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ gEntry number.
```

## 4.4.10 CDFconfirmrEntryExistence

```
integer CDFconfirmrEntryExistence(  
id as long,  
attrNum as integer,  
entryNum as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute number.  
‘ in -- rEntry number.
```

CDFconfirmrEntryExistence confirms the existence of the specified entry (rEntry), corresponding to an rVariable, in a variable attribute from a CDF. If the rEntry does not exist, the informational status code NO\_SUCH\_ENTRY will be returned and no exception is thrown.

The arguments to CDFconfirmrEntryExistence are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The variable attribute number.  |
| entryNum | The rEntry number.  |

#### 4.4.10.1. Example(s)

The following example checks the existence of an rEntry, corresponding to rVariable “MY\_VAR”, for attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
dim status as integer
dim attrNum as integer
dim entryNum as integer
.
.
try
....
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
entryNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
status = CDFconfirmrEntryExistence (id, attrNum, entryNum)
if status = NO_SUCH_ENTRY then UserStatusHandler (status)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

- ‘ CDF identifier.
- ‘ Returned status code.
- ‘ Attribute number.
- ‘ rEntry number.

#### 4.4.11 CDFconfirmzEntryExistence

|                                    |                                  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| integer CDFconfirmzEntryExistence( | ‘ out -- Completion status code. |
| id as long,                        | ‘ in -- CDF identifier.          |
| attrNum as integer,                | ‘ in -- Attribute number.        |
| entryNum as integer)               | ‘ in -- zEntry number.           |

CDFconfirmzEntryExistence confirms the existence of the specified entry (zEntry), corresponding to a zVariable, in a variable attribute from a CDF. If the zEntry does not exist, the informational status code NO\_SUCH\_ENTRY will be returned and no exception is thrown.

The arguments to CDFconfirmzEntryExistence are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The (variable) attribute number.  |
| entryNum | The zEntry number.  |

#### 4.4.11.1. Example(s)

The following example checks the existence of the zEntry corresponding to zVariable “MY\_VAR” for the variable attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
dim varNum as integer
dim entryNum as integer
.
.
try
    ....
    attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
    entryNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR")
    status = CDFconfirmzEntryExistence (id, attrNum, entryNum)
    if status = NO_SUCH_ENTRY then UserStatusHandler (status)
.
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
.

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ zEntry number.

#### 4.4.12 CDFcreateAttr

|  |  |
|--|--|
| integer CDFcreateAttr(<br>id as long,<br>attrName as string,<br>attrScope as integer,<br>attrNum as integer) | <p>‘ out -- Completion status code.<br/> ‘ in -- CDF identifier.<br/> ‘ in -- Attribute name.<br/> ‘ in -- Scope of attribute.<br/> ‘ out -- Attribute number.</p> |
|--|--|

CDFcreateAttr creates an attribute with the specified scope in a CDF. It is identical to the method CDFattrCreate. An attribute with the same name must not already exist in the CDF.

The arguments to `CDFcreateAttr` are defined as follows:

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| <code>id</code>        | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to <code>CDFcreate</code> (or <code>CDFcreateCDF</code> ) or <code>CDFopenCDF</code> .   |
| <code>attrName</code>  | The name of the attribute to create. This may be at most <code>CDF_ATTR_NAME_LEN256</code> characters. Attribute names are case-sensitive.   |
| <code>attrScope</code> | The scope of the new attribute. Specify one of the scopes described in Section 2.13.   |
| <code>attrNum</code>   | The number assigned to the new attribute. This number must be used in subsequent CDF function calls when referring to this attribute. An existing attribute's number may be determined with the <code>CDFgetAttrNum</code> function. |

#### 4.4.12.1. Example(s)

The following example creates two attributes. The `TITLE` attribute is created with global scope - it applies to the entire CDF (most likely the title of the data set stored in the CDF). The `Units` attribute is created with variable scope - each entry describes some property of the corresponding variable (in this case the units for the data).

```
.
.
.
dim id as long id                ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer           ' Returned status code.
Dim UNITSattrName as string = "Units" ' Name of "Units" attribute.
Dim UNITSattrNum as integer      ' "Units" attribute number.
Dim TITLEattrNum as integer      ' "TITLE" attribute number.
Dim TITLEattrScope as integer = GLOBAL_SCOPE ' "TITLE" attribute scope.
.
.
try
  ....
  status = CDFcreateAttr (id, "TITLE", TITLEattrScope, TITLEattrNum)
  status = CDFcreateAttr (id, UNITSattrName, VARIABLE_SCOPE, UNITSattrnum)
.
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
.
```

#### 4.4.13 CDFdeleteAttr

```
integer CDFdeleteAttr(           ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                     ' in -- CDF identifier.
attrNum as integer)             ' in -- Attribute identifier.
```

`CDFdeleteAttr` deletes the specified attribute from a CDF.

The arguments to `CDFdeleteAttr` are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

attrNum      The attribute number to be deleted.

#### 4.4.13.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes an existing attribute named MY\_ATTR from a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long           ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer    ' Returned status code.
dim attrNum as integer   ' Attribute number.
.
.
try
  ....
  attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
  status = CDFdeleteAttr (id, attrNum)
.
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
.
```

#### 4.4.14 CDFdeleteAttrgEntry

```
integer CDFdeleteAttrgEntry(
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer)
' out -- Completion status code.
' in -- CDF identifier.
' in -- Attribute identifier.
' in -- gEntry identifier.
```

CDFdeleteAttrgEntry deletes the specified entry (gEntry) in a global attribute from a CDF.

The arguments to CDFdeleteAttrgEntry are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

attrNum      The global attribute number from which to delete an attribute entry.

entryNum     The gEntry number to delete.

#### 4.4.14.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes the entry number 5 from an existing global attribute MY\_ATTR in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                         ' Returned status code.
dim varNum as integer                         ' Attribute number.
dim entryNum as integer                       ' gEntry number.
.
.
try
....
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
entryNum = 5
status = CDFdeleteAttrEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum)

.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```

#### 4.4.15 CDFdeleteAttrEntry

```
integer CDFdeleteAttrEntry(                  ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                ' in -- CDF identifier.
attrNum as integer,                         ' in -- Attribute identifier.
entryNum as integer)                       ' in -- rEntry identifier.
```

CDFdeleteAttrEntry deletes the specified entry (rEntry), corresponding to an rVariable, in an (variable) attribute from a CDF.

The arguments to CDFdeleteAttrEntry are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The (variable) attribute number.  |
| entryNum | The rEntry number.  |

#### 4.4.15.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes the entry corresponding to rVariable "MY\_VAR1" from the variable attribute "MY\_ATTR" in a CDF.



```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                             ' Returned status code.
dim varNum as integer                             ' Attribute number.
dim entryNum as integer                           ' rEntry number.
.
.
try
....
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
entryNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR1")
status = CDFdeleteAttrEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.

```

#### 4.4.16 CDFdeleteAttrzEntry

```

integer CDFdeleteAttrzEntry(
id as long,                                     ' out -- Completion status code.
attrNum as integer,                             ' in -- CDF identifier.
entryNum as integer)                           ' in -- Attribute identifier.
                                              ' in -- zEntry identifier.

```

CDFdeleteAttrzEntry deletes the specified entry (zEntry), corresponding to a zVariable, in an (variable) attribute from a CDF.

The arguments to CDFdeleteAttrzEntry are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

attrNum      The identifier of the variable attribute.

entryNum     The zEntry number to be deleted that is the zVariable number.

##### 4.4.16.1. Example(s)

The following example deletes the variable attribute entry named MY\_ATTR that is attached to the zVariable MY\_VAR1.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                     ' CDF identifier.

```

```

Dim status as integer
dim attrNum as integer
dim entryNum as integer
.
.
try
....
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
entryNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR1")
status = CDFdeleteAttrzEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.

```

‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ zEntry number.

#### 4.4.17 CDFgetAttrgEntry

```

integer CDFgetAttrgEntry (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
value as TYPE)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute identifier.  
‘ in -- gEntry number.  
‘ out -- gEntry data.  
‘ **TYPE** -- VB value/string type or object

This method is identical to the method CDFattrGet. CDFgetAttrgEntry is used to read a global attribute entry from a CDF. In most cases it will be necessary to call CDFInquireAttrgEntry before calling CDFgetAttrgEntry in order to determine the data type and number of elements (of that data type) for the entry.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrgEntry are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The attribute number. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum.   |
| entryNum | The global attribute entry number.  |
| value    | The value read.   |

##### 4.4.17.1. Example(s)

The following example displays the value of the global attribute called HISTORY.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.

```

Dim attrN as integer
Dim entryN as integer
Dim dataType as integer
Dim numElems as integer
Dim buffer as Object
.
.
try
    ....
    attrN = CDFattrNum (id, "HISTORY")
    entryN = 0
    status = CDFinquireAttrgEntry (id, attrN, entryN, dataType, numElems)
    status = CDFgetAttrgEntry (id, attrN, entryN, buffer)
    if dataType = CDF_CHAR then
        ' buffer is a string

    end if
.
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
.

```

' Attribute number.  
 ' Entry number.  
 ' Data type.  
 ' Number of elements (of data type).  
 ' Buffer to receive value.

#### 4.4.18 CDFgetAttrgEntryDataType

```

integer CDFgetAttrgEntryDataType (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
dataType as integer)

```

' out -- Completion status code.  
 ' in -- CDF identifier.  
 ' in -- Attribute identifier.  
 ' in -- gEntry number.  
 ' out -- gEntry data type.

CDFgetAttrgEntryDataType returns the data type of the specified global attribute and gEntry number in a CDF. The data types are described in Section 2.6.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrgEntryDataType are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The global attribute number.  |
| entryNum | The gEntry number.  |
| dataType | The data type of the gEntry.  |

##### 4.4.18.1. Example(s)

The following example gets the data type for the gEntry numbered 2 from the global attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim attrNum as integer
dim entryNum as integer
dim dataType as integer
.
.
.
try
....
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
entryNum = 2
status = CDFgetAttrgEntryDataType (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ gEntry number.  
‘ gEntry data type.

#### 4.4.19 CDFgetAttrgEntryNumElements

```

integer CDFgetAttrgEntryNumElements (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
numElems as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute identifier.  
‘ in -- gEntry number.  
‘ out -- gEntry’s number of elements.

CDFgetAttrgEntryNumElements returns the number of elements of the specified global attribute and gentry number in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrgEntryNumElements are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

attrNum      The identifier of the global attribute.

entryNum    The gEntry number.

numElems    The number of elements of the gEntry.

##### 4.4.19.1. Example(s)

The following example gets the number of elements from the gEntry numbered 2 from the global attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
dim attrNum as integer
dim entryNum as integer
dim numElements as integer
.
.
.
try
    ....
    attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
    entryNum = 2
    status = CDFgetAttrgEntryNumElements (id, attrNum, entryNum, numElements)

.
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
.

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ gEntry number.  
‘ gEntry’s number of elements.

#### 4.4.20 CDFgetAttrMaxgEntry

```

integer CDFgetAttrMaxgEntry (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
maxEntry as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute identifier.  
‘ out -- The last gEntry number.

CDFgetAttrMaxgEntry returns the last entry number of the specified global attribute in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrMaxgEntry are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

attrNum      The identifier of the global attribute.

maxEntry    The last gEntry number.

##### 4.4.20.1. Example(s)

The following example gets the last entry number from the global attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim attrNum as integer

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Attribute number.

```

dim maxEntry as integer                                     ' The last gEntry number.
.
.
try
    ....
    attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
    status = CDFgetAttrMaxgEntry (id, attrNum, maxEntry)

.
catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
.

```

#### 4.4.21 CDFgetAttrMaxrEntry

```

integer CDFgetAttrMaxrEntry (                               ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                                 ' in -- CDF identifier.
attrNum as integer,                                       ' in -- Attribute identifier.
maxEntry as integer)                                     ' out -- The maximum rEntry number.

```

CDFgetAttrMaxrEntry returns the last rEntry number (rVariable number) to which the given variable attribute is attached.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrMaxrEntry are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

attrNum      The identifier of the variable attribute.

maxEntry    The last rEntry number (rVariable number) to which attrNum is attached..

##### 4.4.21.1. Example(s)

The following example gets the last entry, corresponding to the last rVariable number, from the variable attribute "MY\_ATTR" in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                             ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                                     ' Returned status code.
dim attrNum as integer                                    ' Attribute number.
dim maxEntry as integer                                   ' The last rEntry number.
.
.
try
    ....

```

```

attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
status = CDFgetAttrMaxEntry (id, attrNum, maxEntry)

catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.

```

## 4.4.22 CDFgetAttrMaxEntry

```

integer CDFgetAttrMaxEntry (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
maxEntry as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute identifier.  
‘ out -- The maximum zEntry number.

CDFgetAttrMaxEntry returns the last entry number, corresponding to the last zVariable number, to which the given variable attribute is attached.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrMaxEntry are defined as follows:

id            The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.

attrNum      The identifier of the variable attribute.

maxEntry    The last zEntry number (zVariable number) to which attrNum is attached..

### 4.4.22.1. Example(s)

The following example gets the last entry, corresponding to the last zVariable number, attached to the variable attribute MY\_ATTR in a CDF.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
dim attrNum as integer
dim maxEntry as integer
.
.
try
....
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
status = CDFgetAttrMaxEntry (id, attrNum, maxEntry)

catch ex as Exception

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ The last zEntry number

```
...
end try
.
```

### 4.4.23 CDFgetAttrName

```
integer CDFgetAttrName (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
attrName as string)
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- Attribute identifier.
‘ out -- The attribute name.
```

CDFgetAttrName gets the name of the specified attribute (by its number) in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrName are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The identifier of the attribute.  |
| attrName | The name of the attribute.  |

#### 4.4.23.1. Example(s)

The following example retrieves the name of the attribute number 2, if it exists, in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
dim attrNum as integer
Dim attrName as string
‘ CDF identifier.
‘ Returned status code.
‘ Attribute number.
‘ The attribute name.
.
.
attrNum = 2
try
....
status = CDFgetAttrName (id, attrNum, attrName)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```



## 4.4.24 CDFgetAttrNum

```
integer CDFgetAttrNum (                                     ' out -- Attribute number.
id as long,                                                ' in -- CDF identifier.
attrName as string)                                       ' in -- The attribute name.
```

CDFgetAttrNum is used to determine the attribute number associated with a given attribute name. If the attribute is found, CDFgetAttrNum returns its number - which will be equal to or greater than zero (0). If an error occurs (e.g., the attribute name does not exist in the CDF), an error code (of type Int) is returned. Error codes are less than zero (0).

The arguments to CDFgetAttrNum are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.           |
| attrName | The name of the attribute for which to search. This may be at most CDF_ATTR_NAME_LEN256 characters. Attribute names are case-sensitive. |

CDFgetAttrNum may be used as an embedded function call when an attribute number is needed.

### 4.4.24.1. Example(s)

In the following example the attribute named pressure will be renamed to PRESSURE with CDFgetAttrNum being used as an embedded function call. Note that if the attribute pressure did not exist in the CDF, the call to CDFgetAttrNum would have returned an error code. Passing that error code to CDFattrRename as an attribute number would have resulted in CDFattrRename also returning an error code.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                           ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                                   ' Returned status code.
.
.
try
....
    status = CDFrenameAttr (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id,"pressure"), "PRESSURE")

catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

## 4.4.25 CDFgetAttrEntry

```
integer CDFgetAttrEntry (                                ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                              ' in -- CDF identifier.
attrNum as integer,                                     ' in -- Attribute identifier.
entryNum as integer)                                    ' in -- Entry number.
```

value as **TYPE**)

‘ out -- Entry data.  
‘ **TYPE** -- VB value/string type or object

This method is identical to the method CDFattrGet. CDFgetAttrEntry is used to read an rVariable attribute entry from a CDF. In most cases it will be necessary to call CDFinquireAttrEntry before calling CDFgetAttrEntry in order to determine the data type and number of elements (of that data type) for the entry.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrEntry are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The attribute number. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum.   |
| entryNum | The rVariable attribute entry number that is the rVariable number from which the attribute is read.                           |
| value    | The entry value read.   |

#### 4.4.25.1. Example(s)

The following example displays the value of the UNITS attribute for the rEntry corresponding to the PRES\_LVL rVariable (but only if the data type is CDF\_CHAR).

```
.  
.
.  
dim id as long id           ' CDF identifier.  
Dim status as integer      ' Returned status code.  
Dim attrN as integer       ' Attribute number.  
Dim entryN as integer      ' Entry number.  
Dim dataType as integer    ' Data type.  
Dim numElems as integer    ' Number of elements (of data type).  
.
.  
try  
  ....  
  attrN = CDFattrNum (id, "UNITS")  
  entryN = CDFvarNum (id, "PRES_LVL") ' The rEntry number is the rVariable number.  
  status = CDFinquireAttrEntry (id, attrN, entryN, out dataType, out numElems)  
  if dataType = CDF_CHAR then  
    Dim buffer as string  
    status = CDFgetAttrEntry (id, attrN, entryN, buffer)  
  
  end if .  
catch ex as Exception  
  ...  
end try  
.
```

## 4.4.26 CDFgetAttrEntryDataType

```
integer CDFgetAttrEntryDataType (  
  id as long,  
  attrNum as integer,  
  entryNum as integer,  
  dataType as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute identifier.  
‘ in -- rEntry number.  
‘ out -- rEntry data type.
```

CDFgetAttrEntryDataType returns the data type of the rEntry from an (variable) attribute in a CDF. The data types are described in Section 2.6.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrEntryDataType are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The identifier of the variable attribute.   |
| entryNum | The rEntry number.  |
| dataType | The data type of the rEntry.  |

### 4.4.26.1. Example(s)

The following example gets the data type for the entry of rVariable “MY\_VAR1” in the (variable) attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```
.  
.  
.  
dim id as long  
Dim status as integer  
dim attrNum as integer  
dim entryNum as integer  
dim dataType as integer  
.  
.  
try  
  ....  
  attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, “MY_ATTR”)  
  entryNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR1”)  
  status = CDFgetAttrEntryDataType (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType)  
.  
catch ex as Exception  
  ...  
end try  
.
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ rEntry number.  
‘ rEntry data type.
```

### 4.4.27 CDFgetAttrEntryNumElements

```
integer CDFgetAttrEntryNumElements (  
id as long,  
attrNum as integer,  
startRec as integer,  
numElems as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute identifier.  
‘ in -- rEntry number.  
‘ out -- rEntry’s number of elements.
```

CDFgetAttrEntryNumElements returns the number of elements of the rEntry from an (variable) attribute in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrEntryNumElements are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The identifier of the variable attribute.   |
| entryNum | The rEntry number.  |
| numElems | The number of elements of the rEntry.   |

#### 4.4.27.1. Example(s)

The following example gets the number of elements for the entry of rVariable “MY\_VAR1” in the (variable) attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```
.  
.  
.  
dim id as long  
Dim status as integer  
dim attrNum as integer  
dim entryNum as integer  
dim numElements as integer  
.  
.  
try  
....  
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, “MY_ATTR”)  
entryNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR1”)  
status = CDFgetAttrEntryNumElements (id, attrNum, entryNum, numElements)  
.  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try  
.
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ rEntry number.  
‘ rEntry’s number of elements.
```

## 4.4.28 CDFgetAttrScope

```
integer CDFgetAttrScope (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
attrScope as integer)
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- Attribute number.
‘ out -- Attribute scope.
```

CDFgetAttrScope returns the attribute scope (GLOBAL\_SCOPE or VARIABLE\_SCOPE) of the specified attribute in a CDF. Refer to Section 2.13 for the description of the attribute scopes.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrScope are defined as follows:

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| id        | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum   | The attribute number.   |
| attrScope | The scope of the attribute.   |

### 4.4.28.1. Example(s)

The following example gets the scope of the attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
dim attrNum as integer
dim attrScope as integer
.
.
try
....
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, “MY_ATTR”)
status = CDFgetAttrScope (id, attrNum, attrScope)

.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ Attribute scope.

## 4.4.29 CDFgetAttrzEntry

```
integer CDFgetAttrzEntry(
‘ out -- Completion status code.
```

```
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
value as TYPE)
```

```
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- Variable attribute number.
‘ in -- Entry number.
‘ out -- Entry value.
‘ TYPE -- VB value/string type or object
```

CDFgetAttrzEntry is used to read zVariable's attribute entry.. In most cases it will be necessary to call CDFInquireAttrzEntry before calling this method in order to determine the data type and number of elements (of that data type) for the entry.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrzEntry are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The variable attribute number. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum.                                    |
| entryNum | The variable attribute entry number that is the zVariable number from which the attribute entry is read                       |
| value    | The entry value read.   |

#### 4.4.29.1. Example(s)

The following example displays the value of the UNITS attribute for the PRES\_LVL zVariable (but only if the data type is CDF\_CHAR).

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                         ‘ Returned status code.
Dim attrN as integer                          ‘ Attribute number.
Dim entryN as integer                         ‘ Entry number.
Dim dataType as integer                       ‘ Data type.
Dim numElems as integer                       ‘ Number of elements (of data type).
.
try
....
attrN = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "UNITS")
entryN = CDFgetVarNum (id, "PRES_LVL")        ‘ The zEntry number is the zVariable number.
status = CDFInquireAttrzEntry (id, attrN, entryN, dataType, numElems)
if dataType = CDF_CHAR then
    dim buffer as string
    status = CDFgetAttrzEntry (id, attrN, entryN, buffer)
end if
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```

### 4.4.30 CDFgetAttrzEntryDataType

```
integer CDFgetAttrzEntryDataType (  
id as long,  
attrNum as integer,  
entryNum as integer,  
dataType as integer)  
  
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute identifier.  
‘ in -- zEntry number.  
‘ out -- zEntry data type.
```

CDFgetAttrzEntryDataType returns the data type of the zEntry for the specified variable attribute in a CDF. The data types are described in Section 2.6.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrzEntryDataType are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The identifier of the variable attribute.   |
| entryNum | The zEntry number that is the zVariable number.   |
| dataType | The data type of the zEntry.  |

#### 4.4.30.1. Example(s)

The following example gets the data type of the attribute named MY\_ATTR for the zVariable MY\_VAR1 in a CDF.

```
.  
.   
.   
dim id as long  
Dim status as integer  
dim attrNum as integer  
dim entryNum as integer  
dim dataType as integer  
.   
.   
try  
....  
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")  
entryNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR1")  
status = CDFgetAttrzEntryDataType (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType)  
.   
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try  
.
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ zEntry number.  
‘ zEntry data type.

### 4.4.31 CDFgetAttrzEntryNumElements

```
integer CDFgetAttrzEntryNumElements (  
id as long,  
attrNum as integer,  
entryNum as integer ,  
numElems as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute identifier.  
‘ in -- zEntry number.  
‘ out -- zEntry’s number of elements.
```

CDFgetAttrzEntryNumElements returns the number of elements of the zEntry for the specified variable attribute in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetAttrzEntryNumElements are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The identifier of the variable attribute.   |
| entryNum | The zEntry number that is the zVariable number.   |
| numElems | The number of elements of the zEntry.   |

#### 4.4.31.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the number of elements for attribute named MY\_ATTR for the zVariable MY\_VAR1 in a CDF

```
.  
.  
.  
dim id as long  
Dim status as integer  
dim attrNum as integer  
dim entryNum as integer  
dim numElements as integer  
.  
.  
try  
....  
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")  
entryNum = CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR1")  
status = CDFgetAttrzEntryNumElements (id, attrNum, entryNum, out numElements)  
  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try  
.
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ zEntry number.  
‘ zEntry’s number of elements.
```



### 4.4.32 CDFgetNumAttrgEntries

```
integer CDFgetNumAttrgEntries (  
id as long,  
attrNum as integer,  
entries as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute number.  
‘ out -- Total gEntries.
```

CDFgetNumAttrgEntries returns the total number of entries (gEntries) written for the specified global attribute in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetNumAttrgEntries are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum | The attribute number.   |
| entries | Number of gEntries for attrNum.   |

#### 4.4.32.1. Example(s)

The following example retrieves the total number of gEntries for the global attribute MY\_ATTR in a CDF.

```
.  
. .  
. .  
dim status as integer  
dim id as long  
Dim attrNum as integer  
Dim numEntries as integer  
Dim i as integer  
. .  
try  
....  
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MUY_ATTR")  
status = CDFgetNumAttrgEntries (id, attrNum, numEntries)  
for i=0 to (numEntries-1)  
. .  
‘ process an entry  
. .  
next i  
. .  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try  
.
```

```
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Attribute number.  
‘ Number of entries.
```

### 4.4.33 CDFgetNumAttributes

```
integer CDFgetNumAttributes (
id as long,
numAttrs as integer)
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ out -- Total number of attributes.
```

CDFgetNumAttributes returns the total number of global and variable attributes in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetNumAttributes are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numAttrs | The total number of global and variable attributes.   |

#### 4.4.33.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the total number of global and variable attributes in a CDF.

```
.
.
dim status as integer
dim id as long
dim numAttrs as integer
‘ Returned status code.
‘ CDF identifier.
‘ Number of attributes.

.
.
try
....
status = CDFgetNumAttributes (id, out numAttrs)

.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```

### 4.4.34 CDFgetNumAttrEntries

```
integer CDFgetNumAttrEntries (
id as long,
attrNum as integer ,
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- Attribute number.
```

entries as integer)

‘ out -- Total rEntries.

CDFgetNumAttrEntries returns the total number of entries (rEntries) written for the rVariables in the specified (variable) attribute of a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetNumAttrEntries are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum | The attribute number.   |
| entries | Total rEntries.   |

#### 4.4.34.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the total number of rEntries from the variable attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim status as integer
dim id as long
dim attrNum as integer
dim entries as integer
.
.
try
....
attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
status = CDFgetNumAttrEntries (id, attrNum, entries)

.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```

‘ Returned status code.

‘ Attribute number.

‘ Number of entries.

#### 4.4.35 CDFgetNumAttrzEntries

|                                 |                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| integer CDFgetNumAttrzEntries ( | ‘ out -- Completion status code. |
| id as long,                     | ‘ in -- CDF identifier.          |
| attrNum as integer,             | ‘ in -- Attribute number.        |
| entries as integer)             | ‘ out -- Total zEntries.         |

CDFgetNumAttrzEntries returns the total number of entries (zEntries) written for the zVariables in the specified variable attribute in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetNumAttrzEntries are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum | The attribute number.   |
| entries | Total zEntries.   |

#### 4.4.35.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the total number of zEntries for the variable attribute MY\_ATTR in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim status as integer                                ' Returned status code.
dim id as long                                       ' CDF identifier.
dim attrNum as integer                              ' Attribute number.
dim entries as integer                             ' Number of entries.
.
.
try
  ....
  attrNum = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR")
  status = CDFgetNumAttrzEntries (id, attrNum, entries)

.
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
.
```

#### 4.4.36 CDFgetNumAttributes

```
integer CDFgetNumAttributes (                          ' out -- Completion status code.
id as long,                                           ' in -- CDF identifier.
numAttrs as integer)                                ' out -- Total number of global attributes.
```

CDFgetNumAttributes returns the total number of global attributes in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetNumAttributes are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numAttrs | The number of global attributes.  |

#### 4.4.36.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the total number of global attributes in a CDF.

```
.
.
.
dim status as integer          ' Returned status code.
dim id as long                 ' CDF identifier.
dim numAttrs as integer        ' Number of global attributes.

.
.
try
  ....
  status = CDFgetNumAttributes (id, numAttrs)

catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
.
```

#### 4.4.37 CDFgetNumvAttributes

```
integer CDFgetNumvAttributes (
id as long,
numAttrs as integer)          ' out -- Completion status code.
                              ' in -- CDF identifier.
                              ' out -- Total number of variable attributes.
```

CDFgetNumvAttributes returns the total number of variable attributes in a CDF.

The arguments to CDFgetNumvAttributes are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| numAttrs | The number of variable attributes.  |

#### 4.4.37.1. Example(s)

The following example returns the total number of variable attributes of a CDF.

```
.
```

```

.
.
dim status as integer
dim id as long
dim numAttrs as integer

.
.
try
    ....
    status = CDFgetNumvAttributes (id, numAttrs)

catch ex as Exception
    ...
end try
.

```

‘ Returned status code.  
‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Number of variable attributes.

#### 4.4.38 CDFInquireAttr

```

integer CDFInquireAttr(
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
attrName as string,
attrScope as integer,
maxgEntry as integer,
maxrEntry as integer,
maxzEntry as integer)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute number.  
‘ out -- Attribute name.  
‘ out -- Attribute scope.  
‘ out -- Maximum gEntry number.  
‘ out -- Maximum rEntry number.  
‘ out -- Maximum zEntry number.

CDFInquireAttr is used to inquire information about the specified attribute. This method expands the method CDFAttrInquire to provide an extra information about zEntry if the attribute has a variable scope.

The arguments to CDFInquireAttr are defined as follows:

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| id        | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.  |
| attrNum   | The attribute number to inquire. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum.   |
| attrName  | The attribute's name that corresponds to attrNum. This string length is limited to CDF_ATTR_NAME_LEN256.   |
| attrScope | The scope of the attribute (GLOBAL_SCOPE or VARIABLE_SCOPE). Attribute scopes are defined in Section 2.13.   |
| maxgEntry | For vAttributes, this value of this field is -1 as it doesn't apply to global attribute entry (gEntry). For gAttributes, this is the maximum entry (gentry) number used. This number may not correspond with the number of entries (if some entry numbers were not used). If no entries exist for the attribute, then the value of -1 is returned. |

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| maxrEntry | For gAttributes, this value of this field is -1 as it doesn't apply to rVariable attribute entry (rEntry). For vAttributes, this is the maximum rVariable attribute entry (rEntry) number used. This number may not correspond with the number of entries (if some entry numbers were not used). If no entries exist for the attribute, then the value of -1 is returned. |
| maxzEntry | For gAttributes, this value of this field is -1 as it doesn't apply to zVariable attribute entry (zEntry). For vAttributes, this is the maximum zVariable attribute entry (zEntry) number used. This may not correspond with the number of entries (if some entry numbers were not used). If no entries exist for the attribute, then the value of -1 is returned.        |

#### 4.4.38.1. Example(s)

The following example displays the name of each attribute in a CDF. The number of attributes in the CDF is first determined by calling the method CDFInquireCDF. Note that attribute numbers start at zero (0) and are consecutive.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long           ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer    ' Returned status code.
Dim numDims as integer   ' Number of dimensions.
Dim dimSizes() as integer ' Dimension sizes (allocate to allow the
                           ' maximum number of dimensions).
                           ' Data encoding.
Dim encoding as integer  ' Variable majority.
Dim majority as integer  ' Maximum record number in CDF.
Dim maxRec as integer    ' Number of variables in CDF.
Dim numVars as integer   ' Number of attributes in CDF.
Dim numAttr as integer   ' attribute number.
Dim attrN as integer     ' attribute name.
Dim attrName as string   ' attribute scope.
Dim attrScope as integer
Dim maxgEntry as integer
Dim maxrEntry as integer
Dim maxzEntry as integer ' Maximum entry numbers.
.
.
try
....
status = CDFInquireCDF (id, numDims, dimSizes, encoding, majority, maxRec, numVars, numAttr)
for attrN = 0 to (numAttr-1)
    status = CDFInquireAttr (id, attrN, attrName, attrScope, maxgEntry, maxrEntry, maxzEntry)

    next attrN
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.

```

### 4.4.39 CDFInquireAttrgEntry

```
integer CDFInquireAttrgEntry (  
  id as long,  
  attrNum as integer,  
  entryNum as integer,  
  dataType as integer,  
  numElements as integer)  
  ' out -- Completion status code.  
  ' in -- CDF identifier.  
  ' in -- attribute number.  
  ' in -- Entry number.  
  ' out -- Data type.  
  ' out -- Number of elements (of the data type).
```

This method is identical to CDFattrEntryInquire. CDFInquireAttrgEntry is used to inquire information about a global attribute entry.

The arguments to CDFInquireAttrgEntry are defined as follows:

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.  |
| attrNum     | The attribute number to inquire. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum.   |
| entryNum    | The entry number to inquire.   |
| dataType    | The data type of the specified entry. The data types are defined in Section 2.6.   |
| numElements | The number of elements of the data type. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string. For all other data types this is the number of elements in an array of that data type. |

#### 4.4.39.1. Example(s)

The following example returns each entry for a global attribute named TITLE. Note that entry numbers need not be consecutive - not every entry number between zero (0) and the maximum entry number must exist. For this reason NO\_SUCH\_ENTRY is an expected error code.

```
.  
. .  
. .  
dim id as long  
Dim status as integer  
Dim attrN as integer  
Dim entryN as integer  
Dim attrName as string  
Dim attrScope as integer  
Dim maxEntry as integer  
Dim dataType as integer  
Dim numElems as integer  
. .  
. .  
try  
  ....  
  attrN = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "TITLE")  
  status = CDFattrInquire (id, attrN, attrName, attrScope, maxEntry)
```

' CDF identifier.  
' Returned status code.  
' attribute number.  
' Entry number.  
' attribute name.  
' attribute scope.  
' Maximum entry number used.  
' Data type.  
' Number of elements



```

for entryN = 0 to maxEntry
    status = CDFInquireAttrEntry (id, attrN, entryN, dataType, numElems)

    ' process entries
    .
    .
next entryN
catch ex as Exception
...
end try

```

#### 4.4.40 CDFInquireAttrEntry

```

integer CDFInquireAttrEntry (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
dataType as integer,
numElements as integer)

```

' out -- Completion status code.  
 ' in -- CDF identifier.  
 ' in -- Attribute number.  
 ' in -- Entry number.  
 ' out -- Data type.  
 ' out -- Number of elements

This method is identical to the method CDFAttrEntryInquire. CDFInquireAttrEntry is used to inquire about an rVariable's attribute entry.

The arguments to CDFInquireAttrEntry are defined as follows:

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.  |
| attrNum     | The attribute number to inquire. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum.   |
| entryNum    | The entry number to inquire. This is the rVariable number (the rVariable being described in some way by the rEntry).   |
| dataType    | The data type of the specified entry. The data types are defined in Section 2.6.   |
| numElements | The number of elements of the data type. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string. For all other data types this is the number of elements in an array of that data type. |

##### 4.4.40.1. Example(s)

The following example determines the data type of the "UNITS" attribute for the rVariable "Temperature", then retrieves and displays the value of the UNITS attribute.

```

.
.
.

```

```

dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim attrN as integer
Dim entryN as integer
Dim dataType as integer
Dim numElems as integer
.
.
try
....
attrN = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "UNITS")
entryN = CDFgetVarNum (id, "Temperature")
status = CDFinquireAttrEntry (id, attrN, entryN, dataType, numElems)
if dataType = CDF_CHAR then
    dim buffer as string
    status = CDFgetAttrEntry (id, attrN, entryN, buffer)

end if
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.

```

- ‘ CDF identifier.
- ‘ Returned status code.
- ‘ Attribute number.
- ‘ Entry number.
- ‘ Data type.
- ‘ Number of elements.

#### 4.4.41 CDFinquireAttrEntry

```

integer CDFinquireAttrEntry (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
dataType as integer,
numElements as integer)

```

- ‘ out -- Completion status code.
- ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
- ‘ in -- (Variable) Attribute number.
- ‘ in -- zEntry number.
- ‘ out -- Data type.
- ‘ out -- Number of elements (of the data type).

CDFinquireAttrEntry is used to inquire about a zVariable’s attribute entry.

The arguments to CDFinquireAttrEntry are defined as follows:

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.  |
| attrNum     | The (variable) attribute number for which to inquire an entry. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum (see Section 4.4.24).  |
| entryNum    | The entry number to inquire. This is the zVariable number (the zVariable being described in some way by the zEntry).   |
| dataType    | The data type of the specified entry. The data types are defined in Section 2.6.   |
| numElements | The number of elements of the data type. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string. For all other data types this is the number of elements in an array of that data type. |

#### 4.4.41.1. Example(s)

The following example determines the data type of the UNITS attribute for the zVariable Temperature, then retrieves and displays the value of the UNITS attribute.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                         ' Returned status code.
Dim attrN as integer                          ' attribute number.
Dim entryN as integer                        ' Entry number.
Dim dataType as integer                      ' Data type.
Dim numElems as integer                      ' Number of elements .
.
.
try
....
attrN = CDFgetAttrNum (id, "UNITS")
entryN = CDFgetVarNum (id, "Temperature")

status = CDFinquireAttrzEntry (id, attrN, entryN, dataType, numElems)
if dataType = CDF_CHAR then
    dim buffer as string
    status = CDFgetAttrzEntry (id, attrN, entryN, buffer)
.   end if
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```

#### 4.4.42 CDFputAttrgEntry

```
integer CDFputAttrgEntry(
id as long,                                ' out -- Completion status code.
attrNum as integer,                        ' in -- CDF identifier.
entryNum as integer,                       ' in -- Attribute number.
dataType as integer,                       ' in -- Attribute entry number.
numElements as integer,                   ' in -- Data type of this entry.
value as TYPE)                             ' in -- Number of elements in the entry (of the data type).
                                           ' in -- Attribute entry value.
                                           ' TYPE -- VB value/string type.
```

CDFputAttrgEntry is used to write a global attribute entry. The entry may or may not already exist. If it does exist, it is overwritten. The data type and number of elements (of that data type) may be changed when overwriting an existing entry. A global attribute can have one or more attribute entries.

The arguments to CDFputAttrgEntry are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.   |
| attrNum     | The attribute number. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum.   |
| entryNum    | The attribute entry number.   |
| dataType    | The data type of the specified entry. Specify one of the data types defined in Section 2.6.   |
| numElements | The number of elements of the data type. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string (An array of characters). For all other data types this is the number of elements in an array of that data type. |
| value       | The value(s) to write. The entry value is written to the CDF from memory address value.   |

#### 4.4.42.1. Example(s)

The following example writes a global attribute entry to the global attribute called TITLE.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ' CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                         ' Returned status code.
Dim entryNum as integer                       ' Attribute entry number.
Dim title as string = "CDF title."           ' Value of TITLE attribute.

.
.
entryNum = 0
try
....
    status = CDFputAttrEntry (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id,"TITLE"), entryNum, CDF_CHAR, title.Length, title)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```

#### 4.4.43 CDFputAttrEntry

```
integer CDFputAttrEntry(
id as long,                                ' out -- Completion status code.
attrNum as integer,                        ' in -- CDF identifier.
entryNum as integer,                       ' in -- Attribute number.
dataType as integer,                       ' in -- Attribute entry number.
numElems as integer,                       ' in -- Data type.
value as TYPE)                             ' in -- Number of elements.
                                           ' in -- Attribute entry value.
```

‘ **TYPE** -- VB value/string type.

This method is identical to the method CDFAttrPut. CDFputAttrEntry is used to write rVariable’s attribute entry. The entry may or may not already exist. If it does exist, it is overwritten. The data type and number of elements (of that data type) may be changed when overwriting an existing entry.

The arguments to CDFputAttrEntry are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.   |
| attrNum     | The attribute number. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum.   |
| entryNum    | The attribute entry number that is the rVariable number to which this attribute entry belongs.  |
| dataType    | The data type of the specified entry. Specify one of the data types defined in Section 2.6.   |
| numElements | The number of elements of the data type. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string (An array of characters). For all other data types this is the number of elements in an array of that data type. |
| value       | The value(s) to write. The entry value is written to the CDF from memory address value.   |

#### 4.4.43.1. Example(s)

The following example writes to the variable scope attribute VALIDs for the entry, of two elements, that corresponds to the rVariable TMP.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                         ‘ Returned status code.
Dim entryNum as integer                       ‘ Entry number.
Dim numElements as integer                   ‘ Number of elements (of data type).
Dim TMPvalids() as short = {15,30}           ‘ Value(s) of VALIDs attribute,
                                              ‘ rEntry for rVariable TMP.

.
numElements = 2
try
  ....
  status = CDFputAttrEntry (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id,"VALIDs"), CDFgetVarNum (id,"TMP"), _
                          CDF_INT2, numElements, TMPvalids)
}

.
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
```

#### 4.4.44 CDFputAttrzEntry

```
integer CDFputAttrzEntry(
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
dataType as integer,
numElements as integer,
value as TYPE)
```

- ‘ out -- Completion status code.
- ‘ in -- CDF identifier.
- ‘ in -- Attribute number.
- ‘ in -- Attribute entry number.
- ‘ in -- Data type of this entry.
- ‘ in -- Number of elements in the entry (of the data type)
- ‘ in -- Attribute entry value.
- ‘ **TYPE** -- VB value/string type.

CDFputAttrzEntry is used to write zVariable's attribute entry. The entry may or may not already exist. If it does exist, it is overwritten. The data type and number of elements (of that data type) may be changed when overwriting an existing entry.

The arguments to CDFputAttrzEntry are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF.   |
| attrNum     | The (variable) attribute number. This number may be determined with a call to CDFgetAttrNum (see Section 4.4.24).   |
| entryNum    | The entry number that is the zVariable number to which this attribute entry belongs.  |
| dataType    | The data type of the specified entry. Specify one of the data types defined in Section 2.6.   |
| numElements | The number of elements of the data type. For character data types (CDF_CHAR and CDF_UCHAR), this is the number of characters in the string (An array of characters). For all other data types this is the number of elements in an array of that data type. |
| value       | The value(s) to write. The entry value is written to the CDF from memory address value.   |

##### 4.4.44.1. Example(s)

The following example writes a zVariable's attribute entry. The entry has two elements (that is two values for non-CDF\_CHAR type). The zEntry in the variable scope attribute VALIDs corresponds to the zVariable TMP.

```
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim numElements as integer
Dim TMPvalids() as short = {15,30}
```

- ‘ CDF identifier.
- ‘ Returned status code.
- ‘ Number of elements (of data type).
- ‘ Value(s) of VALIDs attribute,

```

.
.
.
numElements = 2
try
  ....
  status = CDFputAttrzEntry (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id,"VALIDs"), CDFgetVarNum (id,"TMP"), _
                           CDF_INT2, numElements, TMPvalids)
.
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
.

```

‘ zEntry for zVariable TMP.

#### 4.4.45 CDFrenameAttr

```

integer CDFrenameAttr(
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
attrName as string)

```

‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute number.  
‘ in -- New attribute name.

This method is identical to method CDFattrRename. CDFrenameAttr renames an existing attribute.

##### 4.4.45.1. Example(s)

In the following example the attribute named LAT is renamed to LATITUDE.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
.
.
.
try
  ....
  status = CDFrenameAttr (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id,"LAT"), "LATITUDE")
.
catch ex as Exception
  ...
end try
.

```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.

#### 4.4.46 CDFsetAttrgEntryDataSpec

```
integer CDFsetAttrgEntryDataSpec (
id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
dataType as integer)
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.
‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- Attribute number.
‘ in -- gEntry number.
‘ in -- Data type.
```

CDFsetAttrgEntryDataSpec respecifies the data type of a gEntry of a global attribute in a CDF. The new and old data type must be equivalent. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for descriptions of equivalent data types.

The arguments to CDFsetAttrgEntryDataSpec are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The global attribute number.  |
| entryNum | The gEntry number.  |
| dataType | The new data type.  |

#### 4.4.46.1. Example(s)

The following example modifies the third entry’s (entry number 2) data type of the global attribute MY\_ATTR in a CDF. It will change its original data type from CDF\_INT2 to CDF\_UINT2.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long
Dim status as integer
Dim entryNum as integer
Dim dataType as integer
.
.
entryNum = 2
dataType = CDF_UINT2
numElems = 1
try
....
status = CDFsetAttrgEntryDataSpec (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR"), entryNum, dataType)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.
```

```
‘ CDF identifier.
‘ Returned status code.
‘ gEntry number.
‘ The new data type
```

#### 4.4.47 CDFsetAttrrEntryDataSpec

```
integer CDFsetAttrrEntryDataSpec (
```

```
‘ out -- Completion status code.
```



```

id as long,
attrNum as integer,
entryNum as integer,
dataType as integer,
numElements as integer)

```

```

‘ in -- CDF identifier.
‘ in -- Attribute number.
‘ in -- rEntry number.
‘ in -- Data type.
‘ in -- Number of elements.

```

CDFsetAttrEntryDataSpec respecifies the data specification (data type and number of elements) of an rEntry of a variable attribute in a CDF. The new and old data type must be equivalent, and the number of elements must not be changed. Refer to the CDF User’s Guide for descriptions of equivalent data types.

The arguments to CDFsetAttrEntryDataSpec are defined as follows:

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| id          | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum     | The variable attribute number.  |
| entryNum    | The rEntry number.  |
| dataType    | The new data type.  |
| numElements | The new number of elements.   |

#### 4.4.47.1. Example(s)

The following example modifies the data specification for an rEntry, corresponding to rVariable “MY\_VAR”, in the variable attribute “MY\_ATTR” in a CDF. It will change its original data type from CDF\_INT2 to CDF\_UINT2.

```

.
.
.
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                         ‘ Returned status code.
Dim dataType as integer
Dim numElements as integer                   ‘ Data type and number of elements.
.
.
dataType = CDF_UINT2
numElems = 1
try
....
status = CDFsetAttrEntryDataSpec (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id, “MY_ATTR”), _
                                CDFgetVarNum (id, “MY_VAR”), dataType, numElems)
.
catch ex as Exception
...
end try
.

```

## 4.4.48 CDFsetAttrScope

```
integer CDFsetAttrScope (  
id as long,  
attrNum as integer,  
scope as integer)  
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute number.  
‘ in -- Attribute scope.
```

CDFsetAttrScope respecifies the scope of an attribute in a CDF. Specify one of the scopes described in Section 2.13. Global-scoped attributes will contain only gEntries, while variable-scoped attributes can hold rEntries and zEntries.

The arguments to CDFsetAttrScope are defined as follows:

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| id      | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum | The attribute number.   |
| scope   | The new attribute scope. The value should be either VARIABLE_SCOPE or GLOBAL_SCOPE.   |

### 4.4.48.1. Example(s)

The following example changes the scope of the global attribute named MY\_ATTR to a variable attribute (VARIABLE\_SCOPE).

```
.  
. .  
dim id as long  
Dim status as integer  
Dim scope as integer  
.  
.  
scope = VARIABLE_SCOPE  
try  
....  
status = CDFsetAttrScope (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR"), scope)  
.  
catch ex as Exception  
...  
end try  
.
```

‘ CDF identifier.  
‘ Returned status code.  
‘ New attribute scope.

## 4.4.49 CDFsetAttrzEntryDataSpec

```
integer CDFsetAttrzEntryDataSpec (  
id as long,  
attrNum as integer,  
‘ out -- Completion status code.  
‘ in -- CDF identifier.  
‘ in -- Attribute number.
```

```
entryNum as integer,
dataType as integer)
```

```
‘ in -- zEntry number.
‘ in -- Data type.
```

CDFsetAttrzEntryDataSpec modifies the data type of a zEntry of a variable attribute in a CDF. The new and old data type must be equivalent. Refer to the CDF User's Guide for the description of equivalent data types.

The arguments to CDFsetAttrzEntryDataSpec are defined as follows:

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| id       | The identifier of the current CDF. This identifier must have been initialized by a call to CDFcreate (or CDFcreateCDF) or CDFopenCDF. |
| attrNum  | The variable attribute number.  |
| entryNum | The zEntry number that is the zVariable number.   |
| dataType | The new data type.  |

#### 4.4.49.1. Example(s)

The following example respecifies the data type of the attribute entry of the attribute named MY\_ATTR that is associated with the zVariable MY\_VAR. It will change its original data type from CDF\_INT2 to CDF\_UINT2.

```
.
.
.
dim id as long                                ‘ CDF identifier.
Dim status as integer                         ‘ Returned status code.
dim dataType as integer                       ‘ Data type
.
.
try
....
dataType = CDF_UINT2
numElems = 1
status = CDFsetAttrzEntryDataSpec (id, CDFgetAttrNum (id, "MY_ATTR"),
                                   CDFgetVarNum (id, "MY_VAR"), dataType)
.
. catch ex as Exception
...
end try
```

# Chapter 5

## 5 Interpreting CDF Status Codes

Most CDF APIs return a status code of type `int`. The symbolic names for these codes are defined in `CDFException.cs` and should be used in your applications rather than using the true numeric values. Appendix A explains each status code. When the status code returned from a CDF API is tested, the following rules apply.

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <code>status &gt; CDF_OK</code>               | Indicates successful completion but some additional information is provided. These are informational codes.            |
| <code>status = CDF_OK</code>                  | Indicates successful completion.   |
| <code>CDF_WARN &lt; status &lt; CDF_OK</code> | Indicates that the function completed but probably not as expected. These are warning codes.                           |
| <code>status &lt; CDF_WARN</code>             | Indicates that the function did not complete. These for most cases are error codes, thus an exception might be thrown. |

The following example shows how you could check the status code returned from CDF functions.

```
dim status as integer

.
try
.
I  status = CDFfunction (...)      ' any CDF function returning integer
.
catch ex as Exception
....
end try
```

In your own status handler you can take whatever action is appropriate to the application. An example status handler follows. Note that no action is taken in the status handler if the status is `CDF_OK`.

```
dim status as integer = ex.GetCurrentStatus()
dim errorMsg as string = ex.GetStatusMsg(status)
```

Explanations for all CDF status codes are available to your applications through the method `CDFError`. `CDFError` encodes in a text string an explanation of a given status code.

# Chapter 6

## 6 EPOCH Utility Routines

Several functions exist that compute, decompose, parse, and encode CDF\_EPOCH and CDF\_EPOCH16 values. These functions may be called by applications using the CDF\_EPOCH and CDF\_EPOCH16 data types and are included in the CDF library. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes EPOCH values. All these APIs are defined as static methods in **CDFAPIs** class. The date/time components for CDF\_EPOCH and CDF\_EPOCH16 are **UTC-based**, without leap seconds.

The CDF\_EPOCH and CDF\_EPOCH16 data types are used to store time values referenced from a particular epoch. For CDF that epoch values for CDF\_EPOCH and CDF\_EPOCH16 are 01-Jan-0000 00:00:00.000 and 01-Jan-0000 00:00:00.000.000.000.000, respectively.

### 6.1 computeEPOCH

```
double computeEPOCH(  
year as integer,  
month as integer,  
day as integer,  
hour as integer,  
minute as integer,  
second as integer,  
msec as integer)  
‘ out -- CDF_EPOCH value returned.  
‘ in -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).  
‘ in -- Month (1-12).  
‘ in -- Day (1-31).  
‘ in -- Hour (0-23).  
‘ in -- Minute (0-59).  
‘ in -- Second (0-59).  
‘ in -- Millisecond (0-999).
```

computeEPOCH calculates a CDF\_EPOCH value given the individual components. If an illegal component is detected, the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

**NOTE:** There are two variations on how computeEPOCH may be used. If the month argument is 0 (zero), then the day argument is assumed to be the day of the year (DOY) having a range of 1 through 366. Also, if the hour, minute, and second arguments are all 0 (zero), then the msec argument is assumed to be the millisecond of the day having a range of 0 through 86400000.

## 6.2 EPOCHbreakdown

```
void EPOCHbreakdown(  
epoch as double,  
year as integer,  
month as integer,  
day as integer,  
hour as integer,  
minute as integer,  
second as integer,  
msec as integer)  
  
‘ in -- The CDF_EPOCH value.  
‘ out -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).  
‘ out -- Month (1-12).  
‘ out -- Day (1-31).  
‘ out -- Hour (0-23).  
‘ out -- Minute (0-59).  
‘ out -- Second (0-59).  
‘ out -- Millisecond (0-999).
```

EPOCHbreakdown decomposes a CDF\_EPOCH value into the individual components.

## 6.3 toEncodeEPOCH

```
string toEncodeEPOCH(  
epoch as double)  
  
string toEncodeEPOCH(  
epoch as double,  
style as int)  
  
string[] toEncodeEPOCH(  
epochs as double[])  
  
string[] toEncodeEPOCH(  
epochs as double[],  
style as int)  
  
‘ out -- Encode date/time string.  
‘ in -- The CDF_EPOCH value.  
  
‘ out -- Encode date/time string.  
‘ in -- The CDF_EPOCH value.  
‘ in -- The encoding style.  
  
‘ out -- Encode date/time strings.  
‘ in -- The CDF_EPOCH values.  
  
‘ out -- Encode date/time strings.  
‘ in -- The CDF_EPOCH values.  
‘ in -- The encoding style.
```

toEncodeEPOCH encodes a CDF\_EPOCH value(s) into a date/time character string(s) in one of the standard forms. The style is between the value 0 and 4. With style 0, it is similar to calling encodeEPOCH. With style 1, 2 3 and 4, it is similar to calling encodeEPOCH1, encodeEPOCH2, encodeEPOCH3 and encodeEPOCH4, respectively. Without style, the default style, 4, is used. Refer the following sections to see what a standard date/time string looks like for each style.

## 6.4 encodeEPOCH

```
void encodeEPOCH(  
epoch as double  
epString as string)  
  
‘ in -- The CDF_EPOCH value.  
‘ out -- The standard date/time string.
```

encodeEPOCH encodes a CDF\_EPOCH value into the standard date/time character string. The format of the string is **dd-mmm-yyyy hh:mm:ss.ccc** where dd is the day of the month (1-31), mmm is the month (Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sep, Oct, Nov, or Dec), yyyy is the year, hh is the hour (0-23), mm is the minute (0-59), ss is the second (0-59), and ccc is the millisecond (0-999).

## 6.5 encodeEPOCH1

```
void encodeEPOCH1(  
epoch as double          ' in -- The CDF_EPOCH value.  
epString as string)      ' out -- The alternate date/time string.
```

encodeEPOCH1 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH value into an alternate date/time character string. The format of the string is `yyyymmdd.tttttt`, where `yyyy` is the year, `mm` is the month (1-12), `dd` is the day of the month (1-31), and `tttttt` is the fraction of the day (e.g., 5000000 is 12 o'clock noon).

## 6.6 encodeEPOCH2

```
void encodeEPOCH2(  
epoch as double          ' in -- The CDF_EPOCH value.  
epString as string)      ' out -- The alternate date/time string.
```

encodeEPOCH2 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH value into an alternate date/time character string. The format of the string is `yyyymmddhhmmss` where `yyyy` is the year, `mo` is the month (1-12), `dd` is the day of the month (1-31), `hh` is the hour (0-23), `mm` is the minute (0-59), and `ss` is the second (0-59).

## 6.7 encodeEPOCH3

```
void encodeEPOCH3(  
epoch as double          ' in -- The CDF_EPOCH value.  
epString as string)      ' out -- The alternate date/time string.
```

encodeEPOCH3 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH value into an alternate date/time character string. The format of the string is `yyyy-mo-ddThh:mm:ss.cccZ` where `yyyy` is the year, `mo` is the month (1-12), `dd` is the day of the month (1-31), `hh` is the hour (0-23), `mm` is the minute (0-59), `ss` is the second (0-59), and `ccc` is the millisecond (0-999).

## 6.8 encodeEPOCH4

```
void encodeEPOCH4(  
epoch as double          ' in -- The CDF_EPOCH value.  
epString as string)      ' out -- The ISO 8601 date/time string.
```

encodeEPOCH4 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH value into an alternate, ISO 8601 date/time character string. The format of the string is `yyyy-mo-ddThh:mm:ss.ccc` where `yyyy` is the year, `mo` is the month (1-12), `dd` is the day of the month (1-31), `hh` is the hour (0-23), `mm` is the minute (0-59), `ss` is the second (0-59), and `ccc` is the millisecond (0-999).

## 6.9 encodeEPOCHx

```
void encodeEPOCHx(
epoch as double
format as string
encoded as string)
```

```
‘ in -- The CDF_EPOCH value.
‘ in -- The format string.
‘ out -- The custom date/time string.
```

encodeEPOCHx encodes a CDF\_EPOCH value into a custom date/time character string. The format of the encoded string is specified by a format string.

The format string consists of EPOCH components, which are encoded, and text that is simply copied to the encoded custom string. Components are enclosed in angle brackets and consist of a component token and an optional width. The syntax of a component is: <token[.width]>. If the optional width contains a leading zero, then the component will be encoded with leading zeroes (rather than leading blanks).

The supported component tokens and their default widths are as follows. . .

| Token | Meaning                        | Default   |
|-------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| dom   | Day of month (1-31)            | <dom.0>   |
| doy   | Day of year (001-366)          | <doy.03>  |
| month | Month ('Jan','Feb',..., 'Dec') | <month>   |
| mm    | Month (1,2,...,12)             | <mm.0>    |
| year  | Year (4-digit)                 | <year.04> |
| yr    | Year (2-digit)                 | <yr.02>   |
| hour  | Hour (00-23)                   | <hour.02> |
| min   | Minute (00-59)                 | <min.02>  |
| sec   | Second (00-59)                 | <sec.02>  |
| fos   | Fraction of second.            | <fos.3>   |
| fod   | Fraction of day.               | <fod.8>   |

Note that a width of zero indicates that as many digits as necessary should be used to encoded the component. The <month> component is always encoded with three characters. The <fos> and <fod> components are always encoded with leading zeroes.

If a left angle bracket is desired in the encoded string, then simply specify two left angle brackets (<<) in the format string (character stuffing).

For example, the format string used to encode the standard EPOCH date/time character string (see Section 6.3) would be. . .

```
<dom.02>-<month>-<year> <hour>:<min>:<sec>.<fos>
```

## 6.10 toParseEPOCH

```
double toParseEPOCH(
epString as string)
```

```
‘ out -- The CDF_EPOCH value.
‘ in -- The date/time string.
```

```
double[] toParseEPOCH(
epStrings as string[])
```

```
‘ out -- The CDF_EPOCH values.
‘ in -- The date/time strings.
```



toParseEPOCH parses an encoded, standard date/time character string(s) and returns a CDF\_EPOCH value(s). The format of the string is that produced by one of the encoding functions, e.g., toEncodeEPOCH, encodeEPOCH, encodeEPOCH1, etc. If an illegal field is detected in the string, the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.11 parseEPOCH

```
double parseEPOCH(                                     ' out -- CDF_EPOCH value.  
epString as string)                                   ' in -- The standard date/time string.
```

parseEPOCH parses a standard date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH method described in Section 6.3. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.12 parseEPOCH1

```
double parseEPOCH1(                                     ' out -- CDF_EPOCH value.  
epString as string)                                   ' in -- The alternate date/time string.
```

parseEPOCH1 parses an alternate date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH1 method described in Section 6.5. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.13 parseEPOCH2

```
double parseEPOCH2(                                     ' out -- CDF_EPOCH value.  
epString as string)                                   ' in -- The alternate date/time string.
```

parseEPOCH2 parses an alternate date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH2 method described in Section 6.6. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.14 parseEPOCH3

```
double parseEPOCH3(                                     ' out -- CDF_EPOCH value.  
epString as string)                                   ' in -- The alternate date/time string.
```

parseEPOCH3 parses an alternate date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH3 method described in Section 6.7. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.15 parseEPOCH4

```
double parseEPOCH4(                                     ‘ out -- CDF_EPOCH value.
epString as string)                                     ‘ in -- The alternate date/time string.
```

parseEPOCH3 parses an alternate, ISO 8601 date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH3 method described in Section 6.8. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.16 computeEPOCH16

```
double computeEPOCH16(                                   ‘ out -- status code returned.
year as integer,                                         ‘ in -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).
month as integer,                                       ‘ in -- Month (1-12).
day as integer,                                         ‘ in -- Day (1-31).
hour as integer,                                        ‘ in -- Hour (0-23).
minute as integer,                                     ‘ in -- Minute (0-59).
second as integer,                                     ‘ in -- Second (0-59).
msec as integer,                                       ‘ in -- Millisecond (0-999).
microsec as integer,                                  ‘ in -- Microsecond (0-999).
nanosec as integer,                                   ‘ in -- Nanosecond (0-999).
picosec as integer,                                   ‘ in -- Picosecond (0-999).
epoch as double())                                     ‘ out -- CDF_EPOCH16 value
```

computeEPOCH16 calculates a CDF\_EPOCH16 value given the individual components. If an illegal component is detected, the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.17 EPOCH16breakdown

```
void EPOCH16breakdown(                                   ‘ in -- The CDF_EPOCH16 value.
epoch as double(),                                       ‘ out -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).
year as integer,                                         ‘ out -- Month (1-12).
month as integer,                                       ‘ out -- Day (1-31).
day as integer,                                         ‘ out -- Hour (0-23).
hour as integer,                                        ‘ out -- Minute (0-59).
minute as integer,                                     ‘ out -- Second (0-59).
second as integer,                                     ‘ out -- Millisecond (0-999).
msec as integer,                                       ‘ out -- Microsecond (0-999).
microsec as integer,                                   ‘ out -- Nanosecond (0-999).
nanosec as integer,
```

picosec as integer)

‘ out -- Picosecond (0-999).

EPOCH16breakdown decomposes a CDF\_EPOCH16 value into the individual components.

## 6.18 toEncodeEPOCH16

string toEncodeEPOCH16(  
epoch as double[])

‘ out -- Encode date/time string.  
‘ in -- The CDF\_EPOCH value.

string toEncodeEPOCH16(  
epoch as double[],  
style as int)

‘ out -- Encode date/time string.  
‘ in -- The CDF\_EPOCH value.  
‘ in -- The encoding style.

toEncodeEPOCH16 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH16 value, a two-double array, into a date/time character string in one of the standard forms. The style is between the value 0 and 4. With style 0, it is similar to calling encodeEPOCH16. With style 1, 2 3 and 4, it is similar to calling encodeEPOCH16\_1, encodeEPOCH16\_2, encodeEPOCH16\_3 and encodeEPOCH16\_4, respectively. Without style, the default style, 4, is used. Refer the following sections to see what a date/time string looks like for each style.

## 6.19 encodeEPOCH16

void encodeEPOCH16(  
epoch as double(),  
epString as string)

‘ in -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value.  
‘ out -- The date/time string.

encodeEPOCH16 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH16 value into the standard date/time character string. The format of the string is **dd-mmm-yyyy hh:mm:ss.mmm:uuu:nnn:ppp** where dd is the day of the month (1-31), mmm is the month (Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sep, Oct, Nov, or Dec), yyyy is the year, hh is the hour (0-23), mm is the minute (0-59), ss is the second (0-59), mmm is the millisecond (0-999), uuu is the microsecond (0-999), nnn is the nanosecond (0-999), and ppp is the picosecond (0-999).

## 6.20 encodeEPOCH16\_1

void encodeEPOCH16\_1(  
epoch as double(),  
epString as string)

‘ in -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value.  
‘ out -- The date/time string.

encodeEPOCH16\_1 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH16 value into an alternate date/time character string. The format of the string is **yyyymmdd.tttttttttt**, where yyyy is the year, mm is the month (1-12), dd is the day of the month (1-31), and tttttttttt is the fraction of the day (e.g., 5000000000000000 is 12 o'clock noon).

## 6.21 encodeEPOCH16\_2

```
void encodeEPOCH16_2(  
epoch as double(),  
epString as string)
```

‘ in -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value.  
‘ out -- The date/time string.

encodeEPOCH16\_2 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH16 value into an alternate date/time character string. The format of the string is `yyyymmddhhmmss` where `yyyy` is the year, `mo` is the month (1-12), `dd` is the day of the month (1-31), `hh` is the hour (0-23), `mm` is the minute (0-59), and `ss` is the second (0-59).

## 6.22 encodeEPOCH16\_3

```
void encodeEPOCH16_3(  
epoch as double(),  
epString as string)
```

‘ in -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value.  
‘ out -- The alternate date/time string.

encodeEPOCH16\_3 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH16 value into an alternate date/time character string. The format of the string is `yyyy-mo-ddThh:mm:ss.mmm:uuu:nnn:pppZ` where `yyyy` is the year, `mo` is the month (1-12), `dd` is the day of the month (1-31), `hh` is the hour (0-23), `mm` is the minute (0-59), `ss` is the second (0-59), `mmm` is the millisecond (0-999), `uuu` is the microsecond (0-999), `nnn` is the nanosecond (0-999), and `ppp` is the picosecond (0-999).

## 6.23 encodeEPOCH16\_4

```
void encodeEPOCH16_4(  
epoch as double(),  
epString as string)
```

‘ in -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value.  
‘ out -- The alternate date/time string.

encodeEPOCH16\_4 encodes a CDF\_EPOCH16 value into an alternate, ISO 8601 date/time character string. The format of the string is `yyyy-mo-ddThh:mm:ss.mmmuuunnnppp` where `yyyy` is the year, `mo` is the month (1-12), `dd` is the day of the month (1-31), `hh` is the hour (0-23), `mm` is the minute (0-59), `ss` is the second (0-59), `mmm` is the millisecond (0-999), `uuu` is the microsecond (0-999), `nnn` is the nanosecond (0-999), and `ppp` is the picosecond (0-999).

## 6.24 encodeEPOCH16\_x

```
void encodeEPOCH16_x(  
epoch as double(),  
format as string  
encoded as string)
```

‘ in -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value.  
‘ in -- The format string.  
‘ out -- The date/time string.

encodeEPOCH16\_x encodes a CDF\_EPOCH16 value into a custom date/time character string. The format of the encoded string is specified by a format string.

The format string consists of EPOCH components, which are encoded, and text that is simply copied to the encoded custom string. Components are enclosed in angle brackets and consist of a component token and an optional width. The syntax of a component is: `<token[.width]>`. If the optional width contains a leading zero, then the component will be encoded with leading zeroes (rather than leading blanks).

The supported component tokens and their default widths are as follows. . .

| Token | Meaning                        | Default   |
|-------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| dom   | Day of month (1-31)            | <dom.0>   |
| doy   | Day of year (001-366)          | <doy.03>  |
| month | Month ('Jan','Feb',..., 'Dec') | <month>   |
| mm    | Month (1,2,...,12)             | <mm.0>    |
| year  | Year (4-digit)                 | <year.04> |
| yr    | Year (2-digit)                 | <yr.02>   |
| hour  | Hour (00-23)                   | <hour.02> |
| min   | Minute (00-59)                 | <min.02>  |
| sec   | Second (00-59)                 | <sec.02>  |
| msc   | Millisecond (000-999)          | <msc.3>   |
| usc   | Microsecond (000-999)          | <usc.3>   |
| nsc   | Nanosecond (000-999)           | <nsc.3>   |
| psc   | Picosecond (000-999)           | <psc.3>   |
| fos   | Fraction of second.            | <fos.12>  |
| fod   | Fraction of day.               | <fod.8>   |

Note that a width of zero indicates that as many digits as necessary should be used to encoded the component. The `<month>` component is always encoded with three characters. The `<fos>` and `<fod>` components are always encoded with leading zeroes.

If a left angle bracket is desired in the encoded string, then simply specify two left angle brackets (`<<`) in the format string (character stuffing).

For example, the format string used to encode the standard EPOCH date/time character string would be. . .

```
<dom.02>-<month>-<year> <hour>:<min>:<sec>.<msc>.<usc>.<nsc>.<psc>.<fos>
```

## 6.25 toParseEPOCH16

```
double[] toParseEPOCH16(                                     ' out -- The CDF_EPOCH16 value.
epString as string)                                          ' in -- The date/time string.
```

`toParseEPOCH16` parses a encoded, standard date/time character string and returns a `CDF_EPOCH16` value, a two-double array. The format of the string is that produced by one of the encoding functions, e.g., `toEncodeEPOCH16`, `encodeEPOCH16`, `encodeEPOCH16_1`, etc. If an illegal field is detected in the string, the value returned will be `ILLEGAL_EPOCH_VALUE`.

## 6.26 parseEPOCH16

```
double parseEPOCH16(                                          ' out -- The status code returned.
```

epString as string,  
epoch as double())

‘ in -- The date/time string.  
‘ out -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value returned

parseEPOCH16 parses a standard date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH16 value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH16 function. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.27 parseEPOCH16\_1

double parseEPOCH16\_1(  
epString as string,  
epoch as double())

‘ out -- The status code returned.  
‘ in -- The date/time string.  
‘ out -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value returned

parseEPOCH16\_1 parses an alternate date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH16 value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH16\_1 function. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.28 parseEPOCH16\_2

double parseEPOCH16\_2(  
epString as string,  
epoch as double())

‘ out -- The status code returned.  
‘ in -- The date/time string.  
‘ out -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value returned

parseEPOCH16\_2 parses an alternate date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH16 value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH16\_2 function. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.29 parseEPOCH16\_3

double parseEPOCH16\_3(  
epString as string,  
epoch as double())

‘ out -- The status code returned.  
‘ in -- The date/time string.  
‘ out -- The CDF\_EPOCH16 value returned

parseEPOCH16\_3 parses an alternate date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH16 value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH16\_3 function. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.30 parseEPOCH16\_4

```
double parseEPOCH16_4(
epString as string,
epoch as double())
```

```
` out -- The status code returned.
` in  -- The ISO 8601 date/time string.
` out -- The CDF_EPOCH16 value returned
```

parseEPOCH16\_4 parses an alternate date/time character string and returns a CDF\_EPOCH16 value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeEPOCH16\_3 function. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_EPOCH\_VALUE.

## 6.31 EPOCHtoUnixTime

```
double EPOCHtoUnixTime(
epoch as double)
```

```
` out -- The Unix time returned.
` in  -- The CDF_EPOCH value
```

```
double() EPOCHtoUnixTime(
epochs as double())
```

```
` out -- The Unix times returned.
` in  -- The CDF_EPOCH values
```

EPOCHtoUnixTime converts an epoch time(s) in CDF\_EPOCH type into a Unix time(s). A CDF\_EPOCH epoch, a double, is milliseconds from 0000-01-01T00:00:00.000 while Unix time, also a double, is seconds from 1970-01-01T00:00:00.000. The Unix time can have sub-second, with a time resolution of microseconds, in its fractional part.

## 6.32 UnixTimetoEPOCH

```
double UnixTimetoEPOCH (
unixTime as double)
```

```
` out -- The CDF_EPOCH epoch value.
` in  -- The Unix time value
```

```
double() UnixTimetoEPOCH (
unixTimes as double())
```

```
` out -- The CDF_EPOCH epoch values.
` in  -- The Unix time values
```

UnixTimetoEPOCH converts a Unix time(s) to an epoch time(s) in CDF\_EPOCH. A CDF\_EPOCH epoch, a double, is milliseconds from 0000-01-01T00:00:00.000 while Unix time, also a double, is seconds from 1970-01-01T00:00:00.000. The Unix time can have sub-second, with a time resolution of microseconds, in its fractional part. Converting the Unix time to EPOCH will only keep the resolution to milliseconds.

## 6.33 EPOCH16toUnixTime

```
double EPOCH16toUnixTime(
epoch as double())
```

```
` out -- The Unix time returned.
` in  -- The CDF_EPOCH16 value
```

EPOCH16toUnixTime converts an epoch time in CDF\_EPOCH16 type, a two-double array, to a Unix time. A CDF\_EPOCH16 epoch is picoseconds from 0000-01-01T00:00:00.000.000.000.000, while Unix time, a double, is

seconds from 1970-01-01T00:00:00.000. The Unix time can have sub-second, with a time resolution of microseconds, in its fractional part. **Note:** As CDF\_EPOCH16 has much higher time resolution, sub-microseconds portion of its time might get lost during the conversion.

## 6.34 UnixTimetoEPOCH16

```
double() UnixTimetoEPOCH16 (          ' out -- The CDF_EPOCH16 epoch value.  
unixTimes as double)                ' in  -- The Unix time value
```

UnixTimetoEPOCH16 converts a Unix time to an epoch time in CDF\_EPOCH16. A CDF\_EPOCH16 epoch, a two-double array, is picoseconds from 0000-01-01T00:00:00.000.000.000.000, while Unix time, also a double, is seconds from 1970-01-01T00:00:00.000. The Unix time can have sub-second, with a time resolution of microseconds, in its fractional part. Sub-microseconds will be filled with 0's when converting from Unix time to EPOCH16.





# 7 TT2000 Utility Routines

Several functions exist that compute, decompose, parse, and encode CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 values. These functions may be called by applications using the CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 data type and is included in the CDF library. The Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide describes TT2000 values. All these APIs are defined as static methods in **CDFAPIs** class. The date/time components for CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 are **UTC-based**, with leap seconds.

The CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 data type is used to store time values referenced from **J2000** (2000-01-01T12:00:00.000000000). For CDF, values in CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 are nanoseconds from J2000 with **leap seconds** included. TT2000 data can cover years between 1707 and 2292.

## 7.1 computeTT2000

compueTT2000 is a overloaded function.

```
long computeTT2000(  
year as double,  
month as double,  
day as double)
```

```
‘ out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 value.  
‘ in -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).  
‘ in -- Month (1-12).  
‘ in -- Day (1-31).
```

```
long computeTT2000(  
year as double,  
month as double,  
day as double,  
hour as double)
```

```
‘ out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 value.  
‘ in -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).  
‘ in -- Month (1-12).  
‘ in -- Day (1-31).  
‘ in -- Hour (0-23).
```

```
long computeTT2000(  
year as double,  
month as double,  
day as double,  
hour as double,  
minute as double)
```

```
‘ out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 value.  
‘ in -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).  
‘ in -- Month (1-12).  
‘ in -- Day (1-31).  
‘ in -- Hour (0-23).  
‘ in -- Minute (0-59).
```

```
long computeTT2000(  
year as double,  
month as double,  
day as double,  
hour as double,  
minute as double,  
second as double)
```

```
‘ out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 value.  
‘ in -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).  
‘ in -- Month (1-12).  
‘ in -- Day (1-31).  
‘ in -- Hour (0-23).  
‘ in -- Minute (0-59).  
‘ in -- Second (0-59 or 0-60 if leap second).
```

```
long computeTT2000(  
year as double,  
month as double,  
day as double,  
hour as double,
```

```
‘ out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 value.  
‘ in -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).  
‘ in -- Month (1-12).  
‘ in -- Day (1-31).  
‘ in -- Hour (0-23).
```

```
minute as double,
second as double,
msec as double)
```

```
` in -- Minute (0-59).
` in -- Second (0-59 or 0-60 if leap second).
` in -- Millisecond (0-999).
```

```
long computeTT2000(
year as double,
month as double,
day as double,
hour as double,
minute as double,
second as double,
msec as double,
usec as double)
```

```
` out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 value.
` in -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).
` in -- Month (1-12).
` in -- Day (1-31).
` in -- Hour (0-23).
` in -- Minute (0-59).
` in -- Second (0-59 or 0-60 if leap second).
` in -- Millisecond (0-999).
` in -- Microsecond (0-999).
```

```
long computeTT2000(
year as double,
month as double,
day as double,
hour as double,
minute as double,
second as double,
msec as double,
usec as double,
nsec as double)
```

```
` out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 value.
` in -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).
` in -- Month (1-12).
` in -- Day (1-31).
` in -- Hour (0-23).
` in -- Minute (0-59).
` in -- Second (0-59 or 0-60 if leap second).
` in -- Millisecond (0-999).
` in -- Microsecond (0-999).
` in -- Nanosecond (0-999).
```

computeTT2000 calculates a CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 value given the individual, UTC-based date/time components. If an illegal component is detected, the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_TT2000\_VALUE. The day component can be presented in day of the month or day of the year (DOY). If DOY form is used, the month component must have a value(s) of one (1).

**NOTE:** Even though this overloaded function uses double for all its parameter fields, all but the very last parameter can not have a non-zero fractional part for simplifying the computation. An exception will be thrown if the rule is not followed. For example, this call is allowed:

```
dm tt2000 as long = computeTT2000(2010.0, 10.0, 10.5)
```

But, this call will fail:

```
dim tt2000 as long = computeTT2000(2010.0, 10.0, 10.5, 12.5)
```

## 7.2 TT2000breakdown

```
void TT2000breakdown(
tt2000 as long,
year as double,
month as double,
day as double,
hour as double,
minute as double,
second as double,
msec as double,
```

```
` in -- The CDF_TIME_TT2000.
` out -- Year (AD, e.g., 1994).
` out -- Month (1-12).
` out -- Day (1-31).
` out -- Hour (0-23).
` out -- Minute (0-59).
` out -- Second (0-59 or 0-60 if leap second).
` out -- Millisecond (0-999).
```

usec as double,  
nsec as double)

‘ out -- Microsecond (0-999).  
‘ out -- Nanosecond (0-999).

TT2000breakdown decomposes a CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 value into the individual components.

## 7.3 toEncodeTT2000

string toEncodeTT2000(  
epoch as long)

‘ out -- Encode date/time string.  
‘ in -- The TT2000 value.

string toEncodeTT2000(  
epoch as long,  
style as int)

‘ out -- Encode date/time string.  
‘ in -- The TT2000 value.  
‘ in -- The encoding style.

string() toEncodeTT2000(  
epochs as long())

‘ out -- Encode date/time strings.  
‘ in -- The TT2000 values.

string() toEncodeTT2000(  
epochs as long(),  
style as int)

‘ out -- Encode date/time strings.  
‘ in -- The TT2000 values.  
‘ in -- The encoding style.

toEncodeTT2000 encodes a CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 value(s) into a date/time character string(s) in one of the standard forms. The style is between the value 0 and 4. Without style, the default style is used, which is style 3. Refer the following section to see what a date/time string looks like for each style.

## 7.4 encodeTT2000

encodeTT2000 is a overloaded function.

void encodeTT2000(  
tt2000 as long  
EpString as string)

‘ in -- The CDF\_TIME\_TT2000.  
‘ out -- The standard date/time string.

void encodeTT2000(  
tt2000 as long  
epString as string.  
style as int)

‘ in -- The CDF\_TIME\_TT2000.  
‘ out -- The standard date/time string.  
‘ in -- The encoded string style.

encodeTT2000 encodes a CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 value into one of the standard date/time UTC character strings. Without the style, the default style of 3 is used, which makes the string in **ISO 8601** format: **yyyy-mm-ddT hh:mm:ss.mmmuuunnn** where yyyy is the year (1707-2292), mm is the month (01-12), dd is the day of the month (1-31), hh is the hour (0-23), mm is the minute (0-59), ss is the second (0-59 or 0-60 if leap second), mmm is the millisecond (0-999), uuu is the microsecond (0-999) and nnn is the nanosecond (0-999).

For a style of value **0**, the encoded UTC string is **DD-Mon-YYYY hh:mm:ss.mmmuuunnn**, where DD is the day of the month (1-31), Mon is the month (Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sep, Oct, Nov, or Dec), YYYY is the year, hh is the hour (0-23), mm is the minute (0-59 or 0-60 if leap second), ss is the second (0-59), mmm is the millisecond (0-999), uuu is the microsecond (0-999), and nnn is the nanosecond (0-999). The encoded string has a length of TT2000\_0\_STRING\_LEN (**30**).

For a style of value **1**, the encoded UTC string is **YYYYMMDD.tttttttt**, where YYYY is the year, MM is the month (1-12) DD is the day of the month (1-31), and tttttttt is sub-day.(0-999999999). The encoded string has a length of TT2000\_1\_STRING\_LEN (**19**).

For a style of value **2**, the encoded UTC string is **YYYYMMDDhhmmss**, where YYYY is the year, MM is the month (1-12) DD is the day of the month (1-31), hh is the hour (0-23), mm is the minute (0-59), and ss is the second (0-59 or 0-60 if leap second). The encoded string has a length of TT2000\_2\_STRING\_LEN (**14**).

For a style of value **3**, the encoded UTC string is **YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss.mmmuuunnn**, where YYYY is the year, MM is the month (1-12), DD is the day of the month (1-31), hh is the hour (0-23), mm is the minute (0-59 or 0-60 if leap second), ss is the second (0-59), mmm is the millisecond (0-999), uu is the microsecond (0-999), and nnn is the nanosecond (0-999). The encoded string has a length of TT2000\_3\_STRING\_LEN (**29**).

For a style of value **4**, the encoded UTC string is similar to style 3, with an addition of “Z” appended to the end. The encoded string has a length of TT2000\_4\_STRING\_LEN (**30**).

## 7.5 toParseTT2000

```
long toParseTT2000(                                     ‘ out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 value.
epString as string)                                     ‘ in -- The standard date/time string.

long() toParseTT2000(                                    ‘ out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 values.
epString as string())                                    ‘ in -- The encoded date/time strings.
```

toParseTT2000 parses a encoded date/time character string(s) and returns a CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 value(s). The format of the string is that produced by the toEncodeTT2000 or encodeTT2000 method described in Section 6.3 or 7.4. If an illegal field is detected in the string, the value(s) returned will be ILLEGAL\_TT2000\_VALUE.

## 7.6 parseTT2000

```
long parseTT2000(                                       ‘ out -- CDF_TIME_TT2000 value.
epString as string)                                     ‘ in -- The encoded date/time string.
```

parseTT2000 parses an encoded date/time character string and returns a CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 value. The format of the string is that produced by the encodeTT2000 method described in Section 7.3 or 7.4. If an illegal field is detected in the string the value returned will be ILLEGAL\_TT2000\_VALUE.

## 7.7 CDFgetLastDateinLeapSecondsTable

```
void CDFgetLastDateinLeapSecondsTable(
year as integer                                         ‘ out -- The year.
```

month as integer  
day as integer)

‘ out -- The month.  
‘ out -- The day.

CDFgetLastDateinLeapSecondsTable returns the last entry in the leap second table used by the CDF processing. This date comes from the leap second table, either through an external text file, or the hard-coded table in the library code. This information can tell whether the leap second table is up-to-date.

## 7.8 TT2000toUnixTime

double TT2000toUnixTime(  
epoch as long)

‘ in -- The Unix time value.  
‘ in -- The TT2000 epoch value.

double() TT2000toUnixTime(  
epochs as long())

‘ in -- The Unix time values.  
‘ in -- The TT2000 epoch values.

TT2000toUnixTime converts epoch time(s) in CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 (TT2000) type into Unix time(s). A CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 epoch, a 8-byte integer, is nanoseconds from J2000 with leap seconds, while Unix time, a double, is seconds from 1970-01-01T00:00:00.000. The Unix time can have sub-second, with a time resolution of microseconds, in its fractional part. **Note:** As CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 has much higher time resolution, sub-microseconds portion of its time might get lost during the conversion. Also, TT2000's leap seconds will get lost during conversion.

## 7.9 UnixTimetoTT2000

long UnixTimetoTT2000 (  
epoch as double)

‘ in -- The TT2000 epoch value.  
‘ in -- The Unix time value.

long() UnixTimetoTT2000 (  
epochs as double())

‘ in -- The TT2000 epoch values.  
‘ in -- The Unix time values.

UnixTimetoTT2000 converts Unix time(s) into epoch time(s) in CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 (TT2000) type. A Unix time, a double, is seconds from 1970-01-01T00:00:00.000 while a CDF\_TIME\_TT2000 epoch, a 8-byte integer, is nanoseconds from J2000 with leap seconds. The Unix time can have sub-second, with a time resolution of microseconds, in its fractional part. Sub-microseconds will be filled with 0's when converting from Unix time to TT2000.



## 8 CDF Utility Methods

Several methods are created that are mainly used to decipher the strings and their corresponding constant values or vice versa. All these APIs are defined as static methods in **CDFUtils** class. The constant values are defined in **CDFConstants** class.

### 8.1 CDFFileExists

```
boolean CDFFileExists(                                     ' out -- The file existence flag.  
filename as string)                                       ' in -- The file name.
```

CDFFileExists method checks whether a CDF file by the given file name, with or without the .cdf extension, exists. Even the file exists, CDFFileExists will not be able to verify whether it is a valid one. (Use CDFopen to validate it).

### 8.2 CDFgetChecksumValue

```
integer CDFgetChecksumValue(                               ' out -- The checksum value.  
checksum as string)                                       ' in -- The file checksum type string.
```

CDFgetChecksumValue method returns the corresponding file checksum type value, based on the passed string. The file checksum types and their values are as follows:

| <u>Type</u> | <u>Value</u>     |
|-------------|------------------|
| NONE        | NO_CHECKSUM (0)  |
| MD5         | MD5_CHECKSUM (1) |
| OTHER       | OTHER_CHECKSUM   |

### 8.3 CDFgetCompressionTypeValue

```
integer CDFgetCompressionTypeValue(                       ' out -- The compression type.  
compressionType as string)                               ' in -- The compression type string.
```

CDFgetCompressionTypeValue method returns the corresponding compression type value, based on the passed string. The compression types and values are as follows:

| <u>Type</u> | <u>Value</u>       |
|-------------|--------------------|
| NONE        | NO_COMPRESSION (0) |



|                  |                       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| RLE              | RLE_COMPRESSION (1)   |
| Huffman          | HUFF_COMPRESSION (2)  |
| Adaptive Huffman | AHUFF_COMPRESSION (3) |
| GZIP             | GZIP_COMPRESSION (5)  |

## 8.4 CDFgetDataTypeValue

```
integer CDFgetDataTypeValue(                                     ' out -- The data type.
dataType as string)                                           ' in -- The data type string.
```

CDFgetDataTypeValue method returns the corresponding data type value, based on the passed string. The data types and their values are as follows:

| <u>Type</u>     | <u>Value</u>         |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| CDF_BYTE        | CDF_BYTE (41)        |
| CDF_CHAR        | CDF_CHAR (51)        |
| CDF_UCHAR       | CDF_UCHAR (52)       |
| CDF_INT1        | CDF_INT1 (1)         |
| CDF_UINT1       | CDF_UINT1 (11)       |
| CDF_INT2        | CDF_INT2 (2)         |
| CDF_UINT2       | CDF_UINT2 (12)       |
| CDF_INT4        | CDF_INT4 (4)         |
| CDF_UINT4       | CDF_UINT4 (14)       |
| CDF_INT8        | CDF_INT8 (8)         |
| CDF_REAL4       | CDF_REAL4 (21)       |
| CDF_FLOAT       | CDF_FLOAT (44)       |
| CDF_REAL8       | CDF_REAL8 (22)       |
| CDF_DOUBLE      | CDF_DOUBLE (45)      |
| CDF_EPOCH       | CDF_EPOCH (31)       |
| CDF_EPOCH16     | CDF_EPOCH16 (32)     |
| CDF_TIME_TT2000 | CDF_TIME_TT2000 (33) |

## 8.5 CDFgetDecodingValue

```
integer CDFgetDecodingValue(                                     ' out -- The decoding value.
decoding as string)                                           ' in -- The data decoding string.
```

CDFgetDecodingValue method returns the corresponding data decoding value, based on the passed string. The data decodings and their values are as follows:

| <u>Type</u> | <u>Value</u>            |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| NETWORK     | NETWORK_DECODING (1)    |
| SUN         | SUN_DECODING (2)        |
| VAX         | VAX_DECODING (3)        |
| DECSTATION  | DECSTATION_DECODING (4) |
| SGi         | SGi_DECODING (5)        |
| IBMPc       | IBMPc_DECODING (6)      |
| IBMRS       | IBMRS_DECODING (7)      |

|           |                         |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| HOST      | HOST_DECODING (8)       |
| PPC       | PPC_DECODING (9)        |
| HP        | HP_DECODING (11)        |
| NeXT      | NeXT_DECODING (12)      |
| ALPHAOSF1 | ALPHAOSF1_DECODING (13) |
| ALPHAVMSd | ALPHAVMSd_DECODING (14) |
| ALPHAVMSg | ALPHAVMSg_DECODING (15) |
| ALPHAVMSi | ALPHAVMSi_DECODING (16) |

## 8.6 CDFgetEncodingValue

```
integer CDFgetEncodingValue(                                     ' out -- The encoding value.
encoding as string)                                           ' in -- The data encoding string.
```

CDFgetEncodingValue method returns the corresponding data encoding value, based on the passed string. The data encodings and their values are as follows:

| <u>Type</u> | <u>Value</u>            |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| NETWORK     | NETWORK_ENCODING (1)    |
| SUN         | SUN_ENCODING (2)        |
| VAX         | VAX_ENCODING (3)        |
| DECSTATION  | DECSTATION_ENCODING (4) |
| SGi         | SGi_ENCODING (5)        |
| IBMPC       | IBMPC_ENCODING (6)      |
| IBMRS       | IBMRS_ENCODING (7)      |
| HOST        | HOST_ENCODING (8)       |
| PPC         | PPC_ENCODING (9)        |
| HP          | HP_ENCODING (11)        |
| NeXT        | NeXT_ENCODING (12)      |
| ALPHAOSF1   | ALPHAOSF1_ENCODING (13) |
| ALPHAVMSd   | ALPHAVMSd_ENCODING (14) |
| ALPHAVMSg   | ALPHAVMSg_ENCODING (15) |
| ALPHAVMSi   | ALPHAVMSi_ENCODING (16) |

## 8.7 CDFgetFormatValue

```
integer CDFgetFormatValue(                                     ' out -- The format value.
format as string)                                           ' in -- The file format string.
```

CDFgetFormatValue method returns the corresponding file format value, based on the passed string. The file formats and their values are as follows:

| <u>Type</u> | <u>Value</u>    |
|-------------|-----------------|
| SINGLE      | SINGLE_FILE (1) |
| MULTI       | MULTI_FILE (2)  |

## 8.8 CDFgetMajorityValue

integer CDFgetMajorityValue(  
majority as string)

‘ out -- The majority value.  
‘ in -- The data majority string.

CDFgetMajorityValue method returns the corresponding file majority value, based on the passed string. The file majorities and their values are as follows:

| <u>Type</u> | <u>Value</u>     |
|-------------|------------------|
| ROW         | ROW_MAJOR (1)    |
| COLUMN      | COLUMN_MAJOR (2) |

## 8.9 CDFgetSparseRecordValue

integer CDFgetSparseRecordValue(  
sparseRecord as string)

‘ out -- The sparse record value.  
‘ in -- The sparse record string.

CDFgetSparseRecordValue method returns the corresponding sparse record value, based on the passed string. The sparse records types and their values are as follows:

| <u>Type</u> | <u>Value</u>           |
|-------------|------------------------|
| NONE        | NO_SPARSERECORDS (0)   |
| PAD         | PAD_SPARSERECORDS (1)  |
| PREV        | PREV_SPARSERECORDS (2) |

## 8.10 CDFgetStringChecksum

string CDFgetStringChecksum(  
checksum as integer)

‘ out -- The checksum string.  
‘ in -- The file checksum type.

CDFgetStringChecksum method returns the corresponding file checksum string, based on the passed type. The file checksum types and their values are the same as those defined in CDFgetChecksumValue method.

## 8.11 CDFgetStringCompressionType

string CDFgetStringCompressionType(  
compressionType as integer)

‘ out -- The compression string.  
‘ in -- The compression type.

CDFgetStringCompressionType method returns the corresponding compression type string, based on the passed type. The file checksum types and their values are the same as those defined in CDFgetCompressionTypeValue method.

## 8.12 CDFgetStringDataType

```
string CDFgetStringDataType(  
dataType as integer)          ' out -- The data type string.  
                              ' in  -- The data type.
```

CDFgetStringDataType method returns the corresponding data type string, based on the passed type. The data types and their values are the same as those in CDFgetDataTypeValue method:

## 8.13 CDFgetStringDecoding

```
string CDFgetStringDecoding(  
decoding as integer)          ' out -- The decoding string.  
                              ' in  -- The data decoding type.
```

CDFgetStringDecoding method returns the corresponding data decoding string, based on the passed type. The data decodings and their values are as same as those defined in CDFgetDecodingValue:

## 8.14 CDFgetStringEncoding

```
string CDFgetStringEncoding(  
encoding as integer)          ' out -- The encoding string.  
                              ' in  -- The data encoding type.
```

CDFgetStringEncoding method returns the corresponding data encoding string, based on the passed type. The data encodings and their values are the same as those defined in CDFgetEncodingValue method.

## 8.15 CDFgetStringFormat

```
string CDFgetStringFormat(  
format as integer)            ' out -- The format string.  
                              ' in  -- The file format type.
```

CDFgetStringFormat method returns the corresponding file format string, based on the passed type. The file formats and their values are the same as those defined in CDFgetFormatValue method.:

## 8.16 CDFgetStringMajority

```
string CDFgetStringMajority(  
majority as integer)          ' out -- The majority string.  
                              ' in  -- The data majority type.
```

CDFgetStringMajority method returns the corresponding file majority string, based on the passed type. The file majorities and their values are the same as those defined in CDFgetMajorityValue method.

## 8.17 CDFgetStringSparseRecord

```
string CDFgetStringSparseRecord(  
sparseRecord as integer)          ' out -- The sparse record string.  
                                   ' in  -- The sparse record type.
```

CDFgetStringSparseRecord method returns the corresponding sparse record string, based on the passed type. The sparse records types and their values are the same as those defined in CDFgetSparseRecordValue method.:

## 9 CDF Exception Methods

Several methods in the `CDFException` class can be used to check what happens when an exception is thrown by the CDF APIs, and react to it if necessary. All these APIs are defined as static methods. `CDFException` inherits from VB's `Exception` class.

### 9.1 CDFgetCurrentStatus

```
integer CDFgetCurrentStatus() ' out -- The status.
```

`CDFgetCurrentStatus` method returns the status when an exception is detected. The status value should be a negative value. Chapter 5 covers all possible status codes. Use the following `CDFgetStatusMsg` method to decipher what the status means.

### 9.2 CDFgetStatusMsg

```
string CDFgetStatusMsg( ' out -- The descriptive message.  
status as integer) ' in -- The exception status.
```

`CDFgetStatusMsg` method returns the descriptive information of the passed status.



# Appendix A

## A.1 Introduction

A status code is returned from most CDF functions. The `CDFConstants` class contains the numerical values (constants) for each of the status codes (and for any other constants referred to in the explanations). The method `CDFError` can be used within a program to inquire the explanation text for a given status code.

There are three classes of status codes: informational, warning, and error. The purpose of each is as follows:

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| Informational | Indicates success but provides some additional information that may be of interest to an application. |
| Warning       | Indicates that the method completed but possibly not as expected.                                     |
| Error         | Indicates that a fatal error occurred and the function aborted.                                       |

Status codes fall into classes as follows:

Error codes < CDF\_WARN < Warning codes < CDF\_OK < Informational codes

CDF\_OK indicates an unqualified success (it should be the most commonly returned status code). CDF\_WARN is simply used to distinguish between warning and error status codes.

## A.2 Status Codes and Messages

The following list contains an explanation for each possible status code. Whether a particular status code is considered informational, a warning, or an error is also indicated.

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| ATTR_EXISTS       | Named attribute already exists - cannot create or rename. Each attribute in a CDF must have a unique name. Note that trailing blanks are ignored by the CDF library when comparing attribute names. [Error] |
| ATTR_NAME_TRUNC   | Attribute name truncated to CDF_ATTR_NAME_LEN256 characters. The attribute was created but with a truncated name. [Warning]   |
| BAD_ALLOCATE_RECS | An illegal number of records to allocate for a variable was specified. For RV variables the number must be one or greater. For NRV variables the number must be exactly one. [Error]                        |
| BAD_ARGUMENT      | An illegal/undefined argument was passed. Check that all arguments are properly declared and initialized. [Error]   |



|                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| BAD_ATTR_NAME                     | Illegal attribute name specified. Attribute names must contain at least one character, and each character must be printable. [Error]   |
| BAD_ATTR_NUM                      | Illegal attribute number specified. Attribute numbers must be zero (0) or greater for C applications and one (1) or greater for Fortran applications. [Error]  |
| BAD_BLOCKING_FACTOR <sup>22</sup> | An illegal blocking factor was specified. Blocking factors must be at least zero (0). [Error]  |
| BAD_CACHESIZE                     | An illegal number of cache buffers was specified. The value must be at least zero (0). [Error]   |
| BAD_CDF_EXTENSION                 | An illegal file extension was specified for a CDF. In general, do not specify an extension except possibly for a single-file CDF that has been renamed with a different file extension or no file extension. [Error]   |
| BAD_CDF_ID                        | CDF identifier is unknown or invalid. The CDF identifier specified is not for a currently open CDF. [Error]  |
| BAD_CDF_NAME                      | Illegal CDF name specified. CDF names must contain at least one character, and each character must be printable. Trailing blanks are allowed but will be ignored. [Error]  |
| BAD_INT                           | Unknown CDF status code received. The CDF library does not use the status code specified. [Error]  |
| BAD_CHECKSUM                      | An illegal checksum mode received. It is invalid or currently not supported. [Error]   |
| BAD_COMPRESSION_PARM              | An illegal compression parameter was specified. [Error]  |
| BAD_DATA_TYPE                     | An unknown data type was specified or encountered. The CDF data types are defined in CDFConstants class for VB applications. [Error]   |
| BAD_DECODING                      | An unknown decoding was specified. The CDF decodings are defined in CDFConstants class for VB applications. [Error]  |
| BAD_DIM_COUNT                     | Illegal dimension count specified. A dimension count must be at least one (1) and not greater than the size of the dimension. [Error]  |
| BAD_DIM_INDEX                     | One or more dimension index is out of range. A valid value must be specified regardless of the dimension variance. Note also that the combination of dimension index, count, and interval must not specify an element beyond the end of the dimension. [Error] |
| BAD_DIM_INTERVAL                  | Illegal dimension interval specified. Dimension intervals must be at least one (1). [Error]  |
| BAD_DIM_SIZE                      | Illegal dimension size specified. A dimension size must be at least one (1). [Error]   |

---

<sup>22</sup> The status code BAD\_BLOCKING\_FACTOR was previously named BAD\_EXTEND\_RECS.

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| BAD_ENCODING         | Unknown data encoding specified. The CDF encodings are defined in CDFConstants class for VB applications. [Error]  |
| BAD_ENTRY_NUM        | Illegal attribute entry number specified. Entry numbers must be at least zero (0) for VB applications. [Error]   |
| BAD_FNC_OR_ITEM      | The specified function or item is illegal. Check that the proper number of arguments are specified for each operation being performed. [Error]   |
| BAD_FORMAT           | Unknown format specified. The CDF formats are defined in CDFConstants class for VB applications. [Error]   |
| BAD_INITIAL_RECS     | An illegal number of records to initially write has been specified. The number of initial records must be at least one (1). [Error]  |
| BAD_MAJORITY         | Unknown variable majority specified. The CDF variable majorities are defined in CDFConstants class for VB applications. [Error]  |
| BAD_MALLOC           | Unable to allocate dynamic memory - system limit reached. Contact CDF User Support if this error occurs. [Error]   |
| BAD_NEGtoPOSfp0_MODE | An illegal -0.0 to 0.0 mode was specified. The -0.0 to 0.0 modes are defined in CDFConstants class for VB applications. [Error]  |
| BAD_NUM_DIMS         | The number of dimensions specified is out of the allowed range. Zero (0) through CDF_MAX_DIMS dimensions are allowed. If more are needed, contact CDF User Support. [Error]  |
| BAD_NUM_ELEMS        | The number of elements of the data type is illegal. The number of elements must be at least one (1). For variables with a non-character data type, the number of elements must always be one (1). [Error]                      |
| BAD_NUM_VARS         | Illegal number of variables in a record access operation. [Error]  |
| BAD_READONLY_MODE    | Illegal read-only mode specified. The CDF read-only modes are defined in CDFConstants class for VB applications. [Error]   |
| BAD_REC_COUNT        | Illegal record count specified. A record count must be at least one (1). [Error]   |
| BAD_REC_INTERVAL     | Illegal record interval specified. A record interval must be at least one (1). [Error]   |
| BAD_REC_NUM          | Record number is out of range. Record numbers must be at least zero (0) for C applications and at least one (1) for Fortran applications. Note that a valid value must be specified regardless of the record variance. [Error] |
| BAD_SCOPE            | Unknown attribute scope specified. The attribute scopes are defined in CDFConstants class for VB applications. [Error]   |

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| BAD_SCRATCH_DIR         | An illegal scratch directory was specified. The scratch directory must be writeable and accessible (if a relative path was specified) from the directory in which the application has been executed. [Error]  |
| BAD_SPARSEARRAYS_PARM   | An illegal sparse arrays parameter was specified. [Error]   |
| BAD_VAR_NAME            | Illegal variable name specified. Variable names must contain at least one character and each character must be printable. [Error]   |
| BAD_VAR_NUM             | Illegal variable number specified. Variable numbers must be zero (0) or greater for VB applications. [Error]  |
| BAD_zMODE               | Illegal zMode specified. The CDF zModes are defined in CDFConstants class for VB applications. [Error]  |
| CANNOT_ALLOCATE_RECORDS | Records cannot be allocated for the given type of variable (e.g., a compressed variable). [Error]   |
| CANNOT_CHANGE           | <p>Because of dependencies on the value, it cannot be changed. Some possible causes of this error follow:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Changing a CDF's data encoding after a variable value (including a pad value) or an attribute entry has been written.</li> <li>2. Changing a CDF's format after a variable has been created or if a compressed single-file CDF.</li> <li>3. Changing a CDF's variable majority after a variable value (excluding a pad value) has been written.</li> <li>4. Changing a variable's data specification after a value (including the pad value) has been written to that variable or after records have been allocated for that variable.</li> <li>5. Changing a variable's record variance after a value (excluding the pad value) has been written to that variable or after records have been allocated for that variable.</li> <li>6. Changing a variable's dimension variances after a value (excluding the pad value) has been written to that variable or after records have been allocated for that variable.</li> <li>7. Writing "initial" records to a variable after a value (excluding the pad value) has already been written to that variable.</li> <li>8. Changing a variable's blocking factor when a compressed variable and a value (excluding the pad value) has been written or when a variable with sparse records and a value has been accessed.</li> <li>9. Changing an attribute entry's data specification where the new specification is not equivalent to the old specification.</li> </ol> |

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| CANNOT_COMPRESS      | The CDF or variable cannot be compressed. For CDFs, this occurs if the CDF has the multi-file format. For variables, this occurs if the variable is in a multi-file CDF, values have been written to the variable, or if sparse arrays have already been specified for the variable. [Error] |
| CANNOT_SPARSEARRAYS  | Sparse arrays cannot be specified for the variable. This occurs if the variable is in a multi-file CDF, values have been written to the variable, records have been allocated for the variable, or if compression has already been specified for the variable. [Error]                       |
| CANNOT_SPARSERECORDS | Sparse records cannot be specified for the variable. This occurs if the variable is in a multi-file CDF, values have been written to the variable, or records have been allocated for the variable. [Error]  |
| CDF_CLOSE_ERROR      | Error detected while trying to close CDF. Check that sufficient disk space exists for the dotCDF file and that it has not been corrupted. [Error]  |
| CDF_CREATE_ERROR     | Cannot create the CDF specified - error from file system. Make sure that sufficient privilege exists to create the dotCDF file in the disk/directory location specified and that an open file quota has not already been reached. [Error]  |
| CDF_DELETE_ERROR     | Cannot delete the CDF specified - error from file system. Insufficient privileges exist the delete the CDF file(s). [Error]  |
| CDF_EXISTS           | The CDF named already exists - cannot create it. The CDF library will not overwrite an existing CDF. [Error]   |
| CDF_INTERNAL_ERROR   | An unexpected condition has occurred in the CDF library. Report this error to CDFsupport. [Error]  |
| CDF_NAME_TRUNC       | CDF file name truncated to CDF_PATHNAME_LEN characters. The CDF was created but with a truncated name. [Warning]   |
| CDF_OK               | Function completed successfully.   |
| CDF_OPEN_ERROR       | Cannot open the CDF specified - error from file system. Check that the dotCDF file is not corrupted and that sufficient privilege exists to open it. Also check that an open file quota has not already been reached. [Error]  |
| CDF_READ_ERROR       | Failed to read the CDF file - error from file system. Check that the dotCDF file is not corrupted. [Error]   |
| CDF_WRITE_ERROR      | Failed to write the CDF file - error from file system. Check that the dotCDF file is not corrupted. [Error]  |
| CHECKSUM_ERROR       | The data integrity verification through the checksum failed. [Error]   |
| CHECKSUM_NOT_ALLOWED | The checksum is not allowed for old versioned files. [Error]   |

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| COMPRESSION_ERROR    | An error occurred while compressing a CDF or block of variable records. This is an internal error in the CDF library. Contact CDF User Support. [Error]   |
| CORRUPTED_V2_CDF     | This Version 2 CDF is corrupted. An error has been detected in the CDF's control information. If the CDF file(s) are known to be valid, please contact CDF User Support. [Error]  |
| DECOMPRESSION_ERROR  | An error occurred while decompressing a CDF or block of variable records. The most likely cause is a corrupted dotCDF file. [Error]   |
| DID_NOT_COMPRESS     | For a compressed variable, a block of records did not compress to smaller than their uncompressed size. They have been stored uncompressed. This can result if the blocking factor is set too low or if the characteristics of the data are such that the compression algorithm chosen is unsuitable. [Informational] |
| EMPTY_COMPRESSED_CDF | The compressed CDF being opened is empty. This will result if a program, which was creating/modifying, the CDF abnormally terminated. [Error]   |
| END_OF_VAR           | The sequential access current value is at the end of the variable. Reading beyond the end of the last physical value for a variable is not allowed (when performing sequential access). [Error]   |
| FORCED_PARAMETER     | A specified parameter was forced to an acceptable value (rather than an error being returned). [Warning]  |
| IBM_PC_OVERFLOW      | An operation involving a buffer greater than 64k bytes in size has been specified for PCs running 16-bit DOS/Windows 3.*. [Error]   |
| ILLEGAL_EPOCH_VALUE  | Illegal component is detected in computing an epoch value or an illegal epoch value is provided in decomposing an epoch value. [Error]  |
| ILLEGAL_FOR_SCOPE    | The operation is illegal for the attribute's scope. For example, only gEntries may be written for gAttributes - not rEntries or zEntries. [Error]   |
| ILLEGAL_IN_zMODE     | The attempted operation is illegal while in zMode. Most operations involving rVariables or rEntries will be illegal. [Error]  |
| ILLEGAL_ON_V1_CDF    | The specified operation (i.e., opening) is not allowed on Version 1 CDFs. [Error]   |
| MULTI_FILE_FORMAT    | The specified operation is not applicable to CDFs with the multi-file format. For example, it does not make sense to inquire indexing statistics for a variable in a multi-file CDF (indexing is only used in single-file CDFs). [Informational]  |
| NA_FOR_VARIABLE      | The attempted operation is not applicable to the given variable. [Warning]  |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| NEGATIVE_FP_ZERO           | One or more of the values read/written are -0.0 (An illegal value on VAXes and DEC Alphas running OpenVMS). [Warning]  |
| NO_ATTR_SELECTED           | An attribute has not yet been selected. First select the attribute on which to perform the operation. [Error]  |
| NO_CDF_SELECTED            | A CDF has not yet been selected. First select the CDF on which to perform the operation. [Error]   |
| NO_DELETE_ACCESS           | Deleting is not allowed (read-only access). Make sure that delete access is allowed on the CDF file(s). [Error]  |
| NO_ENTRY_SELECTED          | An attribute entry has not yet been selected. First select the entry number on which to perform the operation. [Error]   |
| NO_MORE_ACCESS             | Further access to the CDF is not allowed because of a severe error. If the CDF was being modified, an attempt was made to save the changes made prior to the severe error. In any event, the CDF should still be closed. [Error] |
| NO_PADVALUE_SPECIFIED      | A pad value has not yet been specified. The default pad value is currently being used for the variable. The default pad value was returned. [Informational]  |
| NO_STATUS_SELECTED         | A CDF status code has not yet been selected. First select the status code on which to perform the operation. [Error]   |
| NO_SUCH_ATTR               | The named attribute was not found. Note that attribute names are case-sensitive. [Error]   |
| NO_SUCH_CDF                | The specified CDF does not exist. Check that the file name specified is correct. [Error]   |
| NO_SUCH_ENTRY              | No such entry for specified attribute. [Error]   |
| NO_SUCH_RECORD             | The specified record does not exist for the given variable. [Error]  |
| NO_SUCH_VAR                | The named variable was not found. Note that variable names are case-sensitive. [Error]   |
| NO_VAR_SELECTED            | A variable has not yet been selected. First select the variable on which to perform the operation. [Error]   |
| NO_VARS_IN_CDF             | This CDF contains no rVariables. The operation performed is not applicable to a CDF with no rVariables. [Informational]  |
| NO_WRITE_ACCESS            | Write access is not allowed on the CDF file(s). Make sure that the CDF file(s) have the proper file system privileges and ownership. [Error]   |
| NOT_A_CDF                  | Named CDF is corrupted or not actually a CDF. Contact CDF User Support if you are sure that the specified file is a CDF that should be readable by the CDF distribution being used. [Error]                                      |
| NOT_A_CDF_OR_NOT_SUPPORTED | This can occur if an older CDF distribution is being used to read a CDF created by a more recent CDF distribution. Contact CDF   |

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
|                              | User Support if you are sure that the specified file is a CDF that should be readable by the CDF distribution being used. CDF is backward compatible but not forward compatible. [Error]   |
| PRECEEDING_RECORDS_ALLOCATED | Because of the type of variable, records preceding the range of records being allocated were automatically allocated as well. [Informational]  |
| READ_ONLY_DISTRIBUTION       | Your CDF distribution has been built to allow only read access to CDFs. Check with your system manager if you require write access. [Error]  |
| READ_ONLY_MODE               | The CDF is in read-only mode - modifications are not allowed. [Error]  |
| SCRATCH_CREATE_ERROR         | Cannot create a scratch file - error from file system. If a scratch directory has been specified, ensure that it is writeable. [Error]   |
| SCRATCH_DELETE_ERROR         | Cannot delete a scratch file - error from file system. [Error]   |
| SCRATCH_READ_ERROR           | Cannot read from a scratch file - error from file system. [Error]  |
| SCRATCH_WRITE_ERROR          | Cannot write to a scratch file - error from file system. [Error]   |
| SINGLE_FILE_FORMAT           | The specified operation is not applicable to CDFs with the single-file format. For example, it does not make sense to close a variable in a single-file CDF. [Informational]   |
| SOME_ALREADY_ALLOCATED       | Some of the records being allocated were already allocated. [Informational]  |
| TOO_MANY_PARMS               | A type of sparse arrays or compression was encountered having too many parameters. This could be caused by a corrupted CDF or if the CDF was created/modified by a CDF distribution more recent than the one being used. [Error] |
| TOO_MANY_VARS                | A multi-file CDF on a PC may contain only a limited number of variables because of the 8.3 file naming convention of MS-DOS. This consists of 100 rVariables and 100 zVariables. [Error]   |
| UNKNOWN_COMPRESSION          | An unknown type of compression was specified or encountered. [Error]   |
| UNKNOWN_SPARSENESS           | An unknown type of sparseness was specified or encountered. [Error]  |
| UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION        | The attempted operation is not supported at this time. [Error]   |
| VAR_ALREADY_CLOSED           | The specified variable is already closed. [Informational]  |
| VAR_CLOSE_ERROR              | Error detected while trying to close variable file. Check that sufficient disk space exists for the variable file and that it has not been corrupted. [Error]  |
| VAR_CREATE_ERROR             | An error occurred while creating a variable file in a multi-file CDF. Check that a file quota has not been reached. [Error]  |

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| VAR_DELETE_ERROR    | An error occurred while deleting a variable file in a multi-file CDF. Check that sufficient privilege exist to delete the CDF files. [Error]   |
| VAR_EXISTS          | Named variable already exists - cannot create or rename. Each variable in a CDF must have a unique name (rVariables and zVariables can not share names). Note that the CDF library when comparing variable names ignores trailing blanks. [Error]  |
| VAR_NAME_TRUNC      | Variable name truncated to CDF_VAR_NAME_LEN256 characters. The variable was created but with a truncated name. [Warning]   |
| VAR_OPEN_ERROR      | An error occurred while opening variable file. Check that sufficient privilege exists to open the variable file. Also make sure that the associated variable file exists. [Error]  |
| VAR_READ_ERROR      | Failed to read variable as requested - error from file system. Check that the associated file is not corrupted. [Error]  |
| VAR_WRITE_ERROR     | Failed to write variable as requested - error from file system. Check that the associated file is not corrupted. [Error]   |
| VIRTUAL_RECORD_DATA | One or more of the records are virtual (never actually written to the CDF). Virtual records do not physically exist in the CDF file(s) but are part of the conceptual view of the data provided by the CDF library. Virtual records are described in the Concepts chapter in the CDF User's Guide. [Informational] |





# Appendix B

## B.1 VB-CDF APIs

The APIs that have the **TYPE** symbol use a general form for dealing with data, either variable value(s) or attribute entry, in various data type for input and output. **TYPE** can be specified either in VB basic value or string type (scalar or array) for writing out and reading from a CDF. The VB base Object class can also be used to represent a data object reading from a CDF, which will be a scalar or array of value or string type

```
integer CDFattrCreate (id, attrName, attrScope, attrNum)
id as long                      ' in
attrName as string              ' in
attrScope as integer           ' in
attrNum as integer              ' out
```

```
integer CDFattrEntryInquire (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType, numElements)
id as long                      ' in
attrNum as integer              ' in
entryNum as integer             ' in
dataType as integer             ' out
numElements as integer          ' out
```

```
integer CDFattrGet (id, attrNum, entryNum, value)
id as long                      ' in
attrNum as integer              ' in
entryNum as integer             ' in
value as TYPE                  ' out
```

```
integer CDFattrInquire (id, attrNum, attrName, attrScope, maxEntry)
id as long                      ' in
attrNum as integer              ' in
attrName as string              ' out
attrScope as integer            ' out
maxEntry as integer             ' out
```

```
integer CDFattrNum (id, attrName)
id as long                      ' in
attrName as string              ' in
```

```
integer CDFattrPut (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType, numElements, value)
id as long                      ' in
attrNum as integer              ' in
entryNum as integer             ' in
dataType as integer             ' in
numElements as integer          ' in
```

|   |      |
|---|------|
| value as <b>TYPE</b>                                      | ' in |
| integer CDFattrRename (id, attrNum, attrName)             |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in |
| attrName as string  | ' in |
| integer CDFclose (id)                                     |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| integer CDFcloseCDF (id)                                  |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| integer CDFcloserVar (id, varNum)                         |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| integer CDFclosezVar (id, varNum)                         |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| integer CDFconfirmAttrExistence (id, attrName)            |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| attrName as string  | ' in |
| integer CDFconfirmgEntryExistence (id, attrNum, entryNum) |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in |
| entryNum as integer                                       | ' in |
| integer CDFconfirmrEntryExistence (id, attrNum, entryNum) |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in |
| entryNum as integer                                       | ' in |
| integer CDFconfirmrVarExistence (id, varNum)              |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| integer CDFconfirmrVarPadValueExistence (id, varNum)      |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| integer CDFconfirmzEntryExistence (id, attrNum, entryNum) |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in |
| entryNum as integer                                       | ' in |
| integer CDFconfirmzVarExistence (id, varNum)              |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| integer CDFconfirmzVarPadValueExistence (id, varNum)      |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| integer CDFcreate (CDFname, numDims, dimSizes, encoding, majority, id)                                   |       |
| CDFname as string  | ‘ in  |
| numDims as integer   | ‘ in  |
| dimSizes as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| encoding as integer  | ‘ in  |
| majority as integer  | ‘ in  |
| id as long   | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFcreateAttr (id, attrName, scope, attrNum)   |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| attrName as string   | ‘ in  |
| scope as integer   | ‘ in  |
| attrNum as integer   | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFcreateCDF (CDFname, id)   |       |
| CDFname as string  | ‘ in  |
| id as long   | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFcreaterVar (id, varName, dataType, numElements, recVary, dimVarys, varNum)                    |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varName as string  | ‘ in  |
| dataType as integer  | ‘ in  |
| numElements as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recVary as integer   | ‘ in  |
| dimVarys as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFcreatezVar (id, varName, dataType, numElements, numDims, dimSizes, recVary, dimVarys, varNum) |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varName as string  | ‘ in  |
| dataType as integer  | ‘ in  |
| numElements as integer   | ‘ in  |
| numDims as integer   | ‘ in  |
| dimSizes as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| recVary as integer   | ‘ in  |
| dimVarys as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFdelete (id)   |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFdeleteAttr (id, attrNum)  |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| attrNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFdeleteAttrgEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum)  |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| attrNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| entryNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFdeleteAttrrEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum)  |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| attrNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| entryNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFdeleteAttrzEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum)  |       |

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| <br>integer CDFdeleteCDF (id)   |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| <br>integer CDFdeleterVar (id, varNum)                                  |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| <br>integer CDFdeleterVarRecords (id, varNum, startRec, endRec)         |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| startRec as integer   | ' in  |
| endRec as integer   | ' in  |
| <br>integer CDFdeleterVarRecordsRenumber (id, varNum, startRec, endRec) |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| startRec as integer   | ' in  |
| endRec as integer   | ' in  |
| <br>integer CDFdeletezVar (id, varNum)                                  |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| <br>integer CDFdeletezVarRecords (id, varNum, startRec, endRec)         |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| startRec as integer   | ' in  |
| endRec as integer   | ' in  |
| <br>integer CDFdeletezVarRecordsRenumber (id, varNum, startRec, endRec) |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| startRec as integer   | ' in  |
| endRec as integer   | ' in  |
| <br>integer CDFdoc (id, version, release, text)                         |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| version as integer  | ' out |
| release as integer  | ' out |
| text as string  | ' out |
| <br>integer CDFerror (status, message)                                  |       |
| status as integer   | ' in  |
| message as string   | ' out |
| <br>integer CDFgetAttrgEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum, value)             |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>  | ' out |
| <br>integer CDFgetAttrgEntryDataType (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType)  |       |

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| dataType as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrgEntryNumElements (id, attrNum, entryNum, numElems) |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| numElems as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrMaxgEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum)                   |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrMaxrEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum)                   |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrMaxzEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum)                   |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrName (id, attrNum, attrName)                        |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| attrName as string  | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrNum (id, attrName)                                  |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrName as string  | ' in  |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrrEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum, value)               |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>  | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrrEntryDataType (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType)    |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| dataType as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrrEntryNumElements (id, attrNum, entryNum, numElems) |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| numElems as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetAttrScope (id, attrNum, scope)                          |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| scope as integer   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetAttrzEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum, value)                            |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| attrNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| entryNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetAttrzEntryDataType (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType)                 |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| attrNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| entryNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| dataType as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetAttrzEntryNumElements (id, attrNum, entryNum, numElems)              |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| attrNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| entryNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| numElems as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetCacheSize (id, numBuffers)   |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| numBuffers as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetChecksum (id, checksum)  |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| checksum as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetCompression (id, compType, compParms, compPercent)                   |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| compType as integer  | ‘ out |
| compParms as integer   | ‘ out |
| compPercent as integer   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetCompressionCacheSize (id, numBuffers)                                |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| numBuffers as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetCompressionInfo (cdfName, compType, compParms, compSize, uncompSize) |       |
| cdfName as string  | ‘ in  |
| compType as integer  | ‘ out |
| compParms as integer()   | ‘ out |
| compSize as long   | ‘ out |
| uncompSize as long   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetCopyright (id, copyright)  |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| copyright as string  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetDataTypeSize (dataType, numBytes)                                    |       |
| dataType as integer  | ‘ in  |
| numBytes as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetDecoding (id, decoding)  |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| decoding as integer  | ‘ out |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| integer CDFgetEncoding (id, encoding)                                    |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| encoding as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetFileBackward ()  |       |
| integer CDFgetFormat (id, format)  |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| format as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetLibraryCopyright (copyright)                               |       |
| copyright as string  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetLibraryVersion (version, release, increment, subIncrement) |       |
| version as integer   | ‘ out |
| release as integer   | ‘ out |
| increment as integer   | ‘ out |
| subIncrement as string   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetLeapSecondLastUpdated (id, lastUpdated)                    |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| lastUpdate as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetMajority (id, majority)                                    |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| majority as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetMaxWrittenRecNums (id, maxRecrVars, maxReczVars)           |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| maxRecrVars as integer   | ‘ out |
| maxReczVars as integer   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetName (id, name)  |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| name as string   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetNegtoPosfp0Mode (id, negtoPosfp0)                          |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| negtoPosfp0 as integer   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetNumAttrgEntries (id, attrNum, entries)                     |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| attrNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| entries as integer   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetNumAttributes (id, numAttrs)                               |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| numAttrs as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetNumAttrrEntries (id, attrNum, entries)                     |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| attrNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| entries as integer   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetNumAttrzEntries (id, attrNum, entries)                     |       |



|   |       |
|---|-------|
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entries as integer  | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetNumAttributes (id, numAttrs)                          |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| numAttrs as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetNumrVars (id, numVars)                                |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| numrVars as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetNumvAttributes (id, numAttrs)                         |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| numAttrs as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetNumzVars (id, numVars)                                |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| numzVars as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetReadOnlyMode (id, mode)                               |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| mode as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarAllocRecords (id, varNum, allocRecs)              |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| allocRecs as integer  | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarBlockingFactor (id, varNum, bf)                   |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| bf as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarCacheSize (id, varNum, numBuffers)                |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| numBuffers as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarCompression (id, varNum, cType, cParms, cPercent) |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| compType as integer   | ' out |
| cParms as integer()   | ' out |
| cPercent as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value)         |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| recNum as integer   | ' in  |
| indices as integer()  | ' in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>  | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarDataType (id, varNum, dataType)                   |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| dataType as integer  | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarsDimSizes (id, varNum, dimSizes)                         |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| dimSizes as integer()  | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarDimVariances (id, varNum, dimVarys)                      |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| dimVarys as integer()  | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarInfo (id, varNum, dataType, numElems, numDims, dimSizes) |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| dataType as integer  | ' out |
| numElems as integer  | ' out |
| numDims as integer   | ' out |
| dimSizes as integer()  | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarMaxAllocRecNum (id, varNum, maxRec)                      |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| maxRec as integer  | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarMaxWrittenRecNum (id, varNum, maxRec)                    |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| maxRec as integer  | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarName (id, varNum, varName)                               |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| varName as string  | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarsNumDims (id, varNum, numDims)                           |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| numDims as integer   | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarNumElements (id, varNum, numElems)                       |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| numElems as integer  | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarNumRecsWritten (id, varNum, numRecs)                     |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| numRecs as integer   | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarPadValue (id, varNum, padValue)                          |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| padValue as <b>TYPE</b>  | ' out |
| integer CDFgetrVarRecordData (id, varNum, recNum, buffer)                  |       |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| recNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| buffer as <b>TYPE</b>                                  | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarRecVariance (id, varNum, recVary)    |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| recVary as integer                                     | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarReservePercent (id, varNum, percent) |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| percent as integer                                     | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarsDimSizes (id, dimSizes)             |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| dimSizes as integer()                                  | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarSeqData (id, varNum, value)          |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>                                   | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices) |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| recNum as integer                                      | ' out |
| indices as integer()                                   | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarsMaxWrittenRecNum (id, recNum)       |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| recNum as integer                                      | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarsNumDims (id, numDims)               |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| numDims as integer                                     | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetrVarSparseRecords (id, varNum, sRecords) |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| sRecords as integer                                    | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetStageCacheSize (id, numBuffers)          |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| numBuffers as integer                                  | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetStatusText (status, text)                |       |
| status as integer                                      | ' in  |
| text as string   | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetValidate ()                              |       |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetVarNum (id, varName)                     |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varName as string                                      | ' in  |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| integer CDFgetVersion (id, version, release, increment)                    |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| version as integer   | ' out |
| release as integer   | ' out |
| increment as integer   | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzMode (id, zMode)  |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| zMode as integer   | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarAllocRecords (id, varNum, allocRecs)                     |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| allocRecs as integer   | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarBlockingFactor (id, varNum, bf)                          |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| bf as integer  | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarCacheSize (id, varNum, numBuffers)                       |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| numBuffers as integer  | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarCompression (id, varNum, cType, cParms, cPercent)        |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| compType as integer  | ' out |
| cParms as integer()  | ' out |
| cPercent as integer  | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value)                |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| recNum as integer  | ' in  |
| indices as integer()   | ' in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>   | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarDataType (id, varNum, dataType)                          |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| dataType as integer  | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarDimSizes (id, varNum, dimSizes)                          |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| dimSizes as integer()  | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarDimVariances (id, varNum, dimVarys)                      |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  | ' in  |
| dimVarys as integer()  | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarInfo (id, varNum, dataType, numElems, numDims, dimSizes) |       |

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| dataType as integer                                     | ' out |
| numElems as integer                                     | ' out |
| numDims as integer                                      | ' out |
| dimSizes as integer()                                   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarMaxAllocRecNum (id, varNum, maxRec)   |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| maxRec as integer                                       | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarMaxWrittenRecNum (id, varNum, maxRec) |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| maxRec as integer                                       | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarName (id, varNum, varName)            |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| varName as string                                       | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarNumDims (id, varNum, numDims)         |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| numDims as integer                                      | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarNumElements (id, varNum, numElems)    |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| numElems as integer                                     | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarNumRecsWritten (id, varNum, numRecs)  |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| numRecs as integer                                      | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarPadValue (id, varNum, padValue)       |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| padValue as <b>TYPE</b>                                 | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarRecordData (id, varNum, recNum, data) |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| recNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| data as <b>TYPE</b>                                     | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarRecVariance (id, varNum, recVary)     |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |
| recVary as integer                                      | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFgetzVarReservePercent (id, varNum, percent)  |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                       | ' in  |

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| percent as integer  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetzVarSeqData (id, varNum, value)   |       |
| id as long  | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetzVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices)  |       |
| id as long  | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recNum as integer   | ‘ out |
| indices as integer()  | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetzVarsMaxWrittenRecNum (id, recNum)  |       |
| id as long  | ‘ in  |
| recNum as integer   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFgetzVarSparseRecords (id, varNum, sRecords)  |       |
| id as long  | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| sRecords as integer   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFhyperGetrVarData (id, varNum, recNum, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, buffer) |       |
| id as long  | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recCount as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recInterval as integer  | ‘ in  |
| indices as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| counts as integer()   | ‘ in  |
| intervals as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| buffer as <b>TYPE</b>   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFhyperGetzVarData (id, varNum, recNum, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, buffer) |       |
| id as long  | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recCount as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recInterval as integer  | ‘ in  |
| indices as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| counts as integer()   | ‘ in  |
| intervals as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| buffer as <b>TYPE</b>   | ‘ out |
| integer CDFhyperPutrVarData (id, varNum, recNum, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, buffer) |       |
| id as long  | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recNum as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recCount as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recInterval as integer  | ‘ in  |
| indices as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| counts as integer()   | ‘ in  |
| intervals as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| buffer as <b>TYPE</b>   | ‘ in  |
| integer CDFhyperPutzVarData (id, varNum, recNum, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, data)   |       |

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| id as long  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer   | ' in  |
| recNum as integer   | ' in  |
| recCount as integer   | ' in  |
| recInterval as integer  | ' in  |
| indices as integer()  | ' in  |
| counts as integer()   | ' in  |
| intervals as integer()  | ' in  |
| data as <b>TYPE</b>   | ' in  |
|   |       |
| integer CDFinquire (id, numDims, dimSizes, encoding, majority, maxRec, numVars, numAttrs)                         |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| numDims as integer  | ' out |
| dimSizes as integer()   | ' out |
| encoding as integer   | ' out |
| majority as integer   | ' out |
| maxRec as integer   | ' out |
| numVars as integer  | ' out |
| numAttrs as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFinquireAttr (id, attrNum, attrName, attrScope, maxgEntry, maxrEntry, maxzEntry)                        |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| attrName as string  | ' out |
| attrScope as integer  | ' out |
| maxgEntry as integer  | ' out |
| maxrEntry as integer  | ' out |
| maxzEntry as integer  | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFinquireAttrEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType, numElems)   |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| dataType as integer   | ' out |
| numElems as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFinquireAttrEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType, numElems)   |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| dataType as integer   | ' out |
| numElems as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFinquireAttrzEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType, numElems)  |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer   | ' in  |
| dataType as integer   | ' out |
| numElems as integer   | ' out |
|   |       |
| integer CDFinquireCDF (id, numDims, dimSizes, encoding, majority, maxrRec, numrVars, maxzRec, numzVars, numAttrs) |       |
| id as long  | ' in  |
| numDims as integer  | ' out |
| dimSizes as integer ()  | ' out |
| encoding as integer   | ' out |

|  |  |  |       |
|--|--|--|-------|
| majority as integer  |  |  | ' out |
| maxrRec as integer   |  |  | ' out |
| numrVars as integer  |  |  | ' out |
| maxzRec as integer   |  |  | ' out |
| numzVars as integer  |  |  | ' out |
| numAttrs as integer  |  |  | ' out |
|  |  |  |       |
| integer CDFinquirerVar (id, varNum, varName, dataType, numElems, numDims, dimSizes, recVary, dimVarys) |  |  |       |
| id as long   |  |  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  |  |  | ' in  |
| varName as string  |  |  | ' out |
| dataType as integer  |  |  | ' out |
| numElems as integer  |  |  | ' out |
| numDims as integer   |  |  | ' out |
| dimSizes as integer()  |  |  | ' out |
| recVary as integer   |  |  | ' out |
| dimVarys as integer()  |  |  | ' out |
|  |  |  |       |
| integer CDFinquirezVar (id, varNum, varName, dataType, numElems, numDims, dimSizes, recVary, dimVarys) |  |  |       |
| id as long   |  |  | ' in  |
| varNum as integer  |  |  | ' in  |
| varName as string  |  |  | ' out |
| dataType as integer  |  |  | ' out |
| numElems as integer  |  |  | ' out |
| numDims as integer   |  |  | ' out |
| dimSizes as integer()  |  |  | ' out |
| recVary as integer   |  |  | ' out |
| dimVarys as integer()  |  |  | ' out |
|  |  |  |       |
| integer CDFopen (CDFname, id)  |  |  |       |
| CDFname as string  |  |  | ' in  |
| id as long   |  |  | ' out |
|  |  |  |       |
| integer CDFopenCDF (CDFname, id)   |  |  |       |
| CDFname as string  |  |  | ' in  |
| id as long   |  |  | ' out |
|  |  |  |       |
| integer CDFselectCDF (id)  |  |  |       |
| id as long   |  |  | ' in  |
|  |  |  |       |
| integer CDFputAttrgEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType, numElems, value)                            |  |  |       |
| id as long   |  |  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer   |  |  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer  |  |  | ' in  |
| dataType as integer  |  |  | ' in  |
| numElems as integer  |  |  | ' in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>   |  |  | ' in  |
|  |  |  |       |
| integer CDFputAttrrEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType, numElems, value)                            |  |  |       |
| id as long   |  |  | ' in  |
| attrNum as integer   |  |  | ' in  |
| entryNum as integer  |  |  | ' in  |
| dataType as integer  |  |  | ' in  |
| numElems as integer  |  |  | ' in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>   |  |  | ' in  |



|   |      |
|---|------|
| integer CDFputAttrzEntry (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType, numElems, value) |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |
| attrNum as integer  | ‘ in |
| entryNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| dataType as integer   | ‘ in |
| numElems as integer   | ‘ in |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>  | ‘ in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFputrVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value)                 |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| recNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| indices as integer()  | ‘ in |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>  | ‘ in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFputrVarPadValue (id, varNum, padValue)                           |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| padValue as <b>TYPE</b>   | ‘ in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFputrVarRecordData (id, varNum, recNum, values)                   |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| recNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| values as <b>TYPE</b>   | ‘ in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFputrVarSeqData (id, varNum, value)                               |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>  | ‘ in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFputzVarData (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value)                 |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| recNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| indices as integer()  | ‘ in |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>  | ‘ in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFputzVarPadValue (id, varNum, padValue)                           |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| padValue as <b>TYPE</b>   | ‘ in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFputzVarRecordData (id, varNum, recNum, values)                   |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| recNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| values as <b>TYPE</b>   | ‘ in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFputzVarSeqData (id, varNum, value)                               |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |
| varNum as integer   | ‘ in |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>  | ‘ in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFrenameAttr (id, attrNum, attrName)                               |      |
| id as long  | ‘ in |

|  |      |
|--|------|
| attrNum as integer   | ' in |
| attrName as string   | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFrenamerVar (id, varNum, varName)                        |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
| varNum as integer  | ' in |
| varName as string  | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFrenamezVar (id, varNum, varName)                        |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
| varNum as integer  | ' in |
| varName as string  | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFselect (id)   |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFselectCDF (id)  |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFsetAttrgEntryDataSpec (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType) |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
| attrNum as integer   | ' in |
| entryNum as integer  | ' in |
| dataType as integer  | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFsetAttrrEntryDataSpec (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType) |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
| attrNum as integer   | ' in |
| entryNum as integer  | ' in |
| dataType as integer  | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFsetAttrScope (id, attrNum, scope)                       |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
| attrNum as integer   | ' in |
| scope as integer   | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFsetAttrzEntryDataSpec (id, attrNum, entryNum, dataType) |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
| attrNum as integer   | ' in |
| entryNum as integer  | ' in |
| dataType as integer  | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFsetCacheSize (id, numBuffers)                           |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
| numBuffers as integer  | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFsetChecksum (id, checksum)                              |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
| checksum as integer  | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFsetCompression (id, compressionType, compressionParms)  |      |
| id as long   | ' in |
| compressionType as integer   | ' in |
| compressionParms as integer()                                      | ' in |
|  |      |
| integer CDFsetCompressionCacheSize (id, numBuffers)                |      |

|   |      |
|---|------|
| id as long  | ' in |
| numBuffers as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetDecoding (id, decoding)   |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| decoding as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetEncoding (id, encoding)   |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| encoding as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| void CDFsetFileBackward (mode)  |      |
| mode as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetFormat (id, format)   |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| format as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetLeapSecondLastUpdated (id, lastUpdated)                         |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| lastUpdated as integer  | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetMajority (id, majority)   |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| majority as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetNegtoPosfp0Mode (id, negtoPosfp0)                               |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| negtoPosfp0 as integer  | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetReadOnlyMode (id, readOnly)                                     |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| readOnly as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarAllocBlockRecords (id, varNum, firstRec, lastRec)           |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| firstRec as integer   | ' in |
| lastRec as integer  | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarAllocRecords (id, varNum, numRecs)                          |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| numRecs as integer  | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarBlockingFactor (id, varNum, bf)                             |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| bf as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarCacheSize (id, varNum, numBuffers)                          |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| numBuffers as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarCompression (id, varNum, compressionType, compressionParms) |      |

|   |      |
|---|------|
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| compressionType as integer                                    | ' in |
| compressionParms as integer()                                 | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarDataSpec (id, varNum, dataType)             |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| dataType as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarDimVariances (id, varNum, dimVarys)         |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| dimVarys as integer()   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarInitialRecs (id, varNum, initialRecs)       |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| initialRecs as integer  | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarRecVariance (id, varNum, recVary)           |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| recVary as integer  | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarReservePercent (id, varNum, reservePercent) |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| reservePercent as integer                                     | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarsCacheSize (id, numBuffers)                 |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| numBuffers as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices)        |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| recNum as integer   | ' in |
| indices as integer()  | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetrVarSparseRecords (id, varNum, sRecords)        |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| sRecords as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetStageCacheSize (id, numBuffers)                 |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| numBuffers as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| void CDFsetValidate (mode)                                    |      |
| mode as integer   | ' in |
|   |      |
| integer CDFsetzMode (id, zMode)                               |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| zMode as integer  | ' in |

|   |      |
|---|------|
| integer CDFsetzVarAllocBlockRecords (id, varNum, firstRec, lastRec)               |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| firstRec as integer   | ' in |
| lastRec as integer  | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarAllocRecords (id, varNum, numRecs)                          |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| numRecs as integer  | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarBlockingFactor (id, varNum, bf)                             |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| bf as integer   | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarCacheSize (id, varNum, numBuffers)                          |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| numBuffers as integer   | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarCompression (id, varNum, compressionType, compressionParms) |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| compressionType as integer  | ' in |
| compressionParms as integer()   | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarDataSpec (id, varNum, dataType)                             |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| dataType as integer   | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarDimVariances (id, varNum, dimVarys)                         |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| dimVarys as integer()   | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarInitialRecs (id, varNum, initialRecs)                       |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| initialRecs as integer  | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarRecVariance (id, varNum, recVary)                           |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| recVary as integer  | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarReservePercent (id, varNum, reservePercent)                 |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| varNum as integer   | ' in |
| reservePercent as integer   | ' in |
| <br>integer CDFsetzVarsCacheSize (id, numBuffers)                                 |      |
| id as long  | ' in |
| numBuffers as integer   | ' in |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| integer CDFsetzVarSeqPos (id, varNum, recNum, indices)   |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| recNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| indices as integer()   | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFsetzVarSparseRecords (id, varNum, sRecords)   |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| sRecords as integer  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFvarClose (id, varNum)   |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFvarCreate (id, varName, dataType, numElements, recVariance, dimVariances, varNum)             |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varName as string  | ‘ in  |
| dataType as integer  | ‘ in  |
| numElements as integer   | ‘ in  |
| recVariance as integer   | ‘ in  |
| dimVariances as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFvarGet (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value)   |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| recNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| indices as integer()   | ‘ in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>   | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFvarHyperGet (id, varNum, recStart, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, buffer) |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| recStart as integer  | ‘ in  |
| recCount as integer  | ‘ in  |
| recInterval as integer   | ‘ in  |
| indices as integer()   | ‘ in  |
| counts as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| intervals as integer()   | ‘ in  |
| buffer as <b>TYPE</b>  | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFvarHyperPut (id, varNum, recStart, recCount, recInterval, indices, counts, intervals, buffer) |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ in  |
| recStart as integer  | ‘ in  |
| recCount as integer  | ‘ in  |
| recInterval as integer   | ‘ in  |
| indices as integer()   | ‘ in  |
| counts as integer()  | ‘ in  |
| intervals as integer()   | ‘ in  |
| buffer as <b>TYPE</b>  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFvarInquire (id, varNum, varName, dataType, numElements, recVariance, dimVariances)            |       |
| id as long   | ‘ in  |
| varNum as integer  | ‘ in  |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| varName as string                                      | ' out |
| dataType as integer                                    | ' out |
| numElements as integer                                 | ' out |
| recVariance as integer                                 | ' out |
| dimVariances as integer()                              | ' out |
|  |       |
| integer CDFvarNum (id, varName)                        |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varName as string                                      | ' in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFvarPut (id, varNum, recNum, indices, value) |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| recNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| indices as integer()                                   | ' in  |
| value as <b>TYPE</b>                                   | ' in  |
|  |       |
| integer CDFvarRename (id, varNum, varName)             |       |
| id as long   | ' in  |
| varNum as integer                                      | ' in  |
| varName as string                                      | ' in  |







## B.2 EPOCH Utility Methods

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| double computeEPOCH (year, month, day, hour, minute, second, msec)        |       |
| year as integer   | ‘ in  |
| month as integer  | ‘ in  |
| day as integer  | ‘ in  |
| hour as integer   | ‘ in  |
| minute as integer   | ‘ in  |
| second as integer   | ‘ in  |
| msec as integer   | ‘ in  |
| void EPOCHbreakdown (epoch, year, month, day, hour, minute, second, msec) |       |
| epoch as double   | ‘ in  |
| year as integer   | ‘ out |
| month as integer  | ‘ out |
| day as integer  | ‘ out |
| hour as integer   | ‘ out |
| minute as integer   | ‘ out |
| second as integer   | ‘ out |
| msec as integer   | ‘ out |
| string toEncodeEPOCH (epoch)  |       |
| epoch as double   | ‘ in  |
| string toEncodeEPOCH (epoch, style)                                       |       |
| epoch as double   | ‘ in  |
| style as integer  | ‘ in  |
| string() toEncodeEPOCH (epoch)  |       |
| epoch as double()   | ‘ in  |
| string() toEncodeEPOCH (epoch, style)                                     |       |
| epoch as double()   | ‘ in  |
| style as integer  | ‘ in  |
| void encodeEPOCH (epoch, epString)  |       |
| epoch as double   | ‘ in  |
| epString as string  | ‘ out |
| void encodeEPOCH1 (epoch, epString)                                       |       |
| epoch as double   | ‘ in  |
| epString as string  | ‘ out |
| void encodeEPOCH2 (epoch, epString)                                       |       |
| epoch as double   | ‘ in  |
| epString as string  | ‘ out |
| void encodeEPOCH3 (epoch, epString)                                       |       |
| epoch as double   | ‘ in  |
| epString as string  | ‘ out |
| void encodeEPOCH4 (epoch, epString)                                       |       |
| epoch as double   | ‘ in  |

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| epString as string  | ‘ out |
| void encodeEPOCHx (epoch, format, epString)   |       |
| epoch as double   | ‘ in  |
| format as string  | ‘ in  |
| epString as string  | ‘ out |
| double toParseEPOCH (epString)  |       |
| epString as string  | ‘ in  |
| double() toParseEPOCH (epString)  |       |
| epString as string()  | ‘ in  |
| double parseEPOCH (epString)  |       |
| epString as string  | ‘ in  |
| double parseEPOCH1 (epString)   |       |
| epString as string  | ‘ in  |
| double parseEPOCH2 (epString)   |       |
| epString as string  | ‘ in  |
| double parseEPOCH3 (epString)   |       |
| epString as string  | ‘ in  |
| double parseEPOCH4 (epString)   |       |
| epString as string  | ‘ in  |
| double computeEPOCH16 (year, month, day, hour, minute, second, msec, microsec, nanosec, picosec)        |       |
| year as integer   | ‘ in  |
| month as integer  | ‘ in  |
| day as integer  | ‘ in  |
| hour as integer   | ‘ in  |
| minute as integer   | ‘ in  |
| second as integer   | ‘ in  |
| msec as integer   | ‘ in  |
| microsec as integer   | ‘ in  |
| nanosec as integer  | ‘ in  |
| picosec as integer  | ‘ in  |
| epoch as double()   | ‘ out |
| void EPOCH16breakdown (epoch, year, month, day, hour, minute, second, msec, microsec, nanosec, picosec) |       |
| epoch as double()   | ‘ in  |
| year as integer   | ‘ out |
| month as integer  | ‘ out |
| day as integer  | ‘ out |
| hour as integer   | ‘ out |
| minute as integer   | ‘ out |
| second as integer   | ‘ out |
| msec as integer   | ‘ out |
| microsec as integer   | ‘ out |
| nanosec as integer  | ‘ out |
| picosec as integer  | ‘ out |
| string toEncodeEPOCH16 (epoch)  |       |
| epoch as double()   | ‘ in  |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| string toEncodeEPOCH16 (epoch, style)          |       |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ in  |
| style as integer                               | ‘ in  |
| <br>   |       |
| void encodeEPOCH16 (epoch, epString)           |       |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ in  |
| epString as string                             | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| void encodeEPOCH16_1 (epoch, epString)         |       |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ in  |
| epString as string                             | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| void encodeEPOCH16_2 (epoch, epString)         |       |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ in  |
| epString as string                             | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| void encodeEPOCH16_3 (epoch, epString)         |       |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ in  |
| epString as string                             | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| void encodeEPOCH16_4 (epoch, epString)         |       |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ in  |
| epString as string                             | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| void encodeEPOCH16_x (epoch, format, epString) |       |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ in  |
| format as string                               | ‘ in  |
| epString as string                             | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| double() toParseEPOCH16 (epString)             |       |
| epString as string                             | ‘ in  |
| <br>   |       |
| double parseEPOCH16 (epString, epoch)          |       |
| epString as string                             | ‘ in  |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| double parseEPOCH16_1 (epString)               |       |
| epString as string                             | ‘ in  |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| double parseEPOCH16_2 (epString)               |       |
| epString as string                             | ‘ in  |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| double parseEPOCH16_3 (epString)               |       |
| epString as string                             | ‘ in  |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| double parseEPOCH16_4 (epString)               |       |
| epString as string                             | ‘ in  |
| epoch as double()                              | ‘ out |
| <br>   |       |
| long computeTT2000 (year, month, day)          |       |
| year as double                                 | ‘ in  |

|  |      |
|--|------|
| month as double  | ' in |
| day as double  | ' in |
|  |      |
| long computeTT2000 (year, month, day, hour)  |      |
| year as double   | ' in |
| month as double  | ' in |
| day as double  | ' in |
| hour as double   | ' in |
|  |      |
| long computeTT2000 (year, month, day, hour, minute)                                    |      |
| year as double   | ' in |
| month as double  | ' in |
| day as double  | ' in |
| hour as double   | ' in |
| minute as double   | ' in |
|  |      |
| long computeTT2000 (year, month, day, hour, minute, second)                            |      |
| year as double   | ' in |
| month as double  | ' in |
| day as double  | ' in |
| hour as double   | ' in |
| minute as double   | ' in |
| second as double   | ' in |
|  |      |
| long computeTT2000 (year, month, day, hour, minute, second, msec)                      |      |
| year as double   | ' in |
| month as double  | ' in |
| day as double  | ' in |
| hour as double   | ' in |
| minute as double   | ' in |
| second as double   | ' in |
| msec as double   | ' in |
|  |      |
| long computeTT2000 (year, month, day, hour, minute, second, msec, usec)                |      |
| year as double   | ' in |
| month as double  | ' in |
| day as double  | ' in |
| hour as double   | ' in |
| minute as double   | ' in |
| second as double   | ' in |
| msec as double   | ' in |
| usec as double   | ' in |
|  |      |
| long computeTT2000 (year, month, day, hour, minute, second, msec, usec, nsec)          |      |
| year as double   | ' in |
| month as double  | ' in |
| day as double  | ' in |
| hour as double   | ' in |
| minute as double   | ' in |
| second as double   | ' in |
| msec as double   | ' in |
| usec as double   | ' in |
| nsec as double   | ' in |
|  |      |
| void TT2000breakdown (epoch, year, month, day, hour, minute, second, msec, usec, nsec) |      |
| epoch as long  | ' in |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| year as double   | ‘ out |
| month as double  | ‘ out |
| day as double  | ‘ out |
| hour as double   | ‘ out |
| minute as double   | ‘ out |
| second as double   | ‘ out |
| msec as double   | ‘ out |
| usec as double   | ‘ out |
| nsec as double   | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| string toEncodeTT2000 (epoch)                            |       |
| epoch as long  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| string toEncodeTT2000 (epoch, style)                     |       |
| epoch as long  | ‘ in  |
| style as integer   | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| string() toEncodeTT2000 (epoch)                          |       |
| epoch as long()  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| string() toEncodeTT2000 (epoch, style)                   |       |
| epoch as long()  | ‘ in  |
| style as integer   | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| void encodeTT2000 (epoch, epString, style)               |       |
| epoch as long  | ‘ in  |
| epString as string                                       | ‘ out |
| style as string  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| long toParseTT2000 (epString)                            |       |
| epString as string                                       | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| long() toParseTT2000 (epString)                          |       |
| epString as string()                                     | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| long parseTT2000 (epString)                              |       |
| epString as string                                       | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| void CDFgetLastDateinLeapSecondsTable (year, month, day) |       |
| year as integer  | ‘ out |
| month as integer   | ‘ out |
| day as integer   | ‘ out |
|  |       |
| double EPOCHtoUnixTime (epoch)                           |       |
| epoch as double  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| double() EPOCHtoUnixTime (epoch)                         |       |
| epoch as double()  | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| double UnixTimetoEPOCH (unixTime)                        |       |
| unixTime as double                                       | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| double() UnixTimetoEPOCH (unixTime)                      |       |
| unixTime as double()                                     | ‘ in  |
|  |       |
| double EPOCH16toUnixTime (epoch)                         |       |

|   |      |
|---|------|
| epoch as double()   | ‘ in |
| double() UnixTimetoEPOCH16 (unixTime)<br>unixTime as double | ‘ in |
| double TT2000toUnixTime (epoch)<br>epoch as long            | ‘ in |
| double() TT2000toUnixTime (epoch)<br>epoch as long()        | ‘ in |
| long UnixTimetoTT2000 (unixTime)<br>unixTime as double      | ‘ in |
| long() UnixTimetoTT2000 (unixTime)<br>unixTime as double()  | ‘ in |

## B.3 CDF Utility Methods

|   |      |
|---|------|
| boolean CDFFileExists (fileName)<br>fileName as string                            | ‘ in |
| integer CDFgetChecksumValue(checksum)<br>fileName as string                       | ‘ in |
| integer CDFgetCompressionTypeValue(compressionType)<br>compressionType as string  | ‘ in |
| integer CDFgetDataTypeValue(dataType)<br>dataType as string                       | ‘ in |
| integer CDFgetDecodingValue(decoding)<br>decoding as string                       | ‘ in |
| integer CDFgetEncodingValue(encoding)<br>encoding as string                       | ‘ in |
| integer CDFgetFormatValue(format)<br>format as string                             | ‘ in |
| integer CDFgetMajorityValue(majority)<br>majority as string                       | ‘ in |
| integer CDFgetSparseRecordValue(sparseRecord)<br>sparseRecord as string           | ‘ in |
| string CDFgetStringChecksum(checksum)<br>checksum as integer                      | ‘ in |
| string CDFgetStringCompressionType(compressionType)<br>compressionType as integer | ‘ in |
| string CDFgetStringDataType(dataType)<br>dataType as integer                      | ‘ in |
| string CDFgetStringDecoding(decoding)<br>decoding as integer                      | ‘ in |
| string CDFgetStringEncoding(encoding)<br>encoding as integer                      | ‘ in |
| string CDFgetStringFormat(format)<br>format as integer                            | ‘ in |
| string CDFgetStringMajority(majority)<br>majority as integer                      | ‘ in |
| string CDFgetStringSparseRecord(sparseRecord)<br>sparseRecord as integer          | ‘ in |



## **B.4 CDF Exception Methods**

integer CDFgetCurrentStatus ()

string CDFgetStatusMsg(status)  
status as integer

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